

**AN INVESTIGATION OF GROUNDWATER  
CONTAMINATION FROM AN ONSITE SEWAGE  
DISPOSAL SYSTEM (OSDS) AT A SINGLE  
FAMILY HOME IN FLORIDA**

**Phase 3 Status Report**

Prepared for:

**THE SOAP AND DETERGENT ASSOCIATION**  
475 Park Avenue South  
New York, New York 10016

Prepared by:

**OWEN AYRES & ASSOCIATES, INC.**  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive, Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

Ayres Associates JN: 4415.10

April, 1994

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

**APPENDIX A**

**Septic Tank Effluent (STE) Analytical Results**

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## I. INTRODUCTION

The Soap and Detergent Association (SDA) retained Ayres Associates to investigate the occurrence of certain chemical constituents in groundwater below and downgradient of Onsite Sewage Disposal Systems (OSDS) in Florida. The purpose of the investigation was to define the contaminant plume of such a system and then to determine if key constituents of certain household cleaning products are present in the plume and if they are present, to what extent. This report summarizes work completed during preliminary phases (Phase I and Phase II) of the investigation including determination of the preliminary contaminant plume and describes work conducted during the subsequent Phase III portion of the project.

### 1.1 Background

Ayres Associates conducted a study of the impacts of OSDS on groundwater quality as part of the Florida Onsite Sewage Disposal System Research Project from 1987 to 1990. An individual home in St. Johns County was chosen from this prior study by the SDA Committee as a potential site for further investigation of groundwater quality impacts. The investigation specifically focused on determining the plume of impacted groundwater and subsequent evaluation of groundwater samples for key parameters of interest to SDA.

The preliminary phase of this project (Phase I) was completed in March, 1991. The objective of the first phase of the project was to attempt to delineate the effluent plume with conservative parameters such as chloride, conductivity, or nitrate-nitrogen. Once the effluent plume was delineated, a plan was to be developed for further investigation that incorporated additional parameters.

Household water use was metered to estimate wastewater loading to the OSDS drainfield and samples of septic tank effluent (STE) were obtained to characterize the quality of the wastewater discharged to the OSDS infiltration system. Three groundwater piezometers were installed to determine groundwater flow direction. A stainless steel probe system, originally designed for soil gas monitoring in the unsaturated zone, was used to obtain groundwater samples without the time and expense of installing permanent groundwater monitoring wells. Forty-seven groundwater samples were collected and analyzed in the field for chloride, nitrate-nitrogen, and conductivity. Four groundwater monitoring wells were installed and groundwater samples for various water quality parameters were obtained to compare with the results of groundwater samples obtained with the stainless steel probe.

The results of the Phase I investigation indicated:

- 1) Groundwater flow direction was south-southwest.
- 2) Wastewater flow was estimated to be 168 gpd.

- 3) Surfactant concentrations in septic tank effluent, as measured by methylene blue active substance (MBAS), were two to three times higher than those measured previously and significantly higher than any household samples collected as part of the Florida OSDS Research Project. Additional sampling of STE was recommended to determine the accuracy of the MBAS sampling and analysis.
- 4) The field analyses of conservative groundwater quality parameters indicated two areas of potential impact. One area was upgradient (east) of the infiltration system and one area was downgradient (southwest). The cause of the impacted area east of the system was not determined. Effluent impact on groundwater in the area downgradient of the OSDS did not extend further than approximately 10 to 15 feet from the system. This finding indicated that there was either an extremely slow rate of horizontal groundwater movement, which was contradictory to those groundwater velocities calculated during the previous OSDS study, or that vertical movement of groundwater may have carried contaminants to a deeper level.

Based on these results, further work was recommended including: The collection of additional water use data and STE quality data; the installation of nested sets of shallow and deep groundwater monitoring wells, and; the installation of a more permanent downgradient miniature monitoring well network, collection and laboratory analysis of groundwater samples from the miniature wells, and the preparation of a data summary report. The SDA contracted Ayres Associates to conduct the additional work in May, 1992. The work was completed in January, 1993. Results of the Phase II investigation include:

- 1) Average concentrations of several STE parameters increased over the concentrations found in the previous Florida OSDS Research study and the concentrations appeared to have increased over time; particularly between 1992 and 1993. The average concentration of MBAS was six times the average of the previous study and average values for total kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN) and chloride were approximately twice those of the previous study.
- 2) The total nitrogen average in STE for this study (75.5 mg/L) was higher than the normal range of values for total nitrogen in STE found in the literature. Literature values for total nitrogen in STE range from 29.8 to 60.8 mg/L (Stolt and Reneau, 1991, and Ayres Associates, 1989).
- 3) The average daily wastewater flow was estimated to be 186 gpd and the estimated wastewater loading to the infiltration area was 0.89 gpd/ft<sup>2</sup>.
- 4) The surficial groundwater flow direction was south-southwest at a gradient of 0.0027 feet/foot. Depth to groundwater at the site during this study ranged from approximately 1.5 to 5 feet below ground surface (bgs). Depth to groundwater in November, 1990 ranged from 5 to 6 feet bgs.
- 5) At the time of the highest measured groundwater levels (January 12, 1993) the thickness of unsaturated soil below the OSDS infiltration system was only 0.34 feet.

- 6) With the exception of the southeast corner of the property, the groundwater flow appears to have a very low vertical component. The vertical gradient at the nested set of monitoring wells in the southeast corner of the site is approximately the same as the horizontal groundwater gradient which indicates that groundwater in this area may move downward as it moves downgradient of the site.
- 7) Grainsize analyses of soil samples obtained from boreholes at the site indicated that the soils were primarily composed of fine sand.
- 8) The contaminant plume appears to have increased in horizontal extent since the last sampling event approximately two years ago and the total horizontal extent had not yet been defined. Concentrations of parameters indicative of STE were elevated above background levels in groundwater obtained from the 6 foot depth approximately 25 feet downgradient of the OSDS.
- 9) With the exception of nitrate-nitrogen, no evidence was observed that parameters characteristic of effluent had migrated below 12 feet bgs.
- 10) The higher groundwater surface and the partial failure of the OSDS may have led to anoxic conditions beneath the infiltration area which, in turn, led to reduced nitrification at the site. As a result, ammonia nitrogen concentrations are elevated while nitrate-nitrogen concentrations are low. The concentrations of MBAS in groundwater downgradient of the system also suggested an anoxic environment. The higher groundwater table also appears to have reduced adsorption of phosphorus. Phosphorus concentrations in groundwater closest to the infiltration area were similar to the total phosphorus concentration of the STE.

Based on the results of the Phase II investigation Ayres Associates recommended further work including: Continued monitoring of wastewater flow and composition; continued monitoring of water table elevations; the installation of additional wellpoints for collection and laboratory analysis of groundwater, and; aquifer testing.

## 1.2 Objectives

The objectives of the third phase of the SDA project were to further delineate the contaminant plume at the OSDS of a single family home in St. Johns County, Florida and continue to evaluate the fate and transport of key water quality parameters of interest to the SDA.

## 1.3 Scope of Work

In order to accomplish these objectives, Ayres Associates proposed the following scope of work:

- Continue monitoring household wastewater quantity and quality to establish a history of estimated flows and loading to the infiltration system. Obtain daily grab samples for one week to determine the variability of STE parameters.
- Continue to monitor groundwater elevations to develop a history of water levels and flow direction. Conduct a bromide tracer test to more accurately determine groundwater flow direction and travel time. Results obtained from the bromide tracer test will be used to calculate hydraulic conductivity; particularly in the area of the infiltration system.
- Determine horizontal and vertical extent of various effluent parameters, including MBAS, to groundwater under "worst case" (shallow groundwater table) and "best case" (deep groundwater table) conditions.
- Prepare a brief status report describing results of the study.

## II. SITE CHARACTERISTICS

### 2.1 Residence Characteristics

The residence depicted in this investigation is located in St. Johns County, Florida, south of the city of Jacksonville. The home is in a 200 unit subdivision located approximately one-half mile east of the St. Johns River. A general location map of the site is shown in Figure 2-1.

The residence has three bedrooms and two bathrooms and was constructed in 1976. It is served by an OSDS consisting of a 900 gallon septic tank and a 210 ft<sup>2</sup> infiltration system composed of three, 2-foot wide gravel-filled trenches. Further characteristics of the study residence are listed in Table 2.1. A plan view of the home's OSDS and backyard are shown in Figure 2-2.

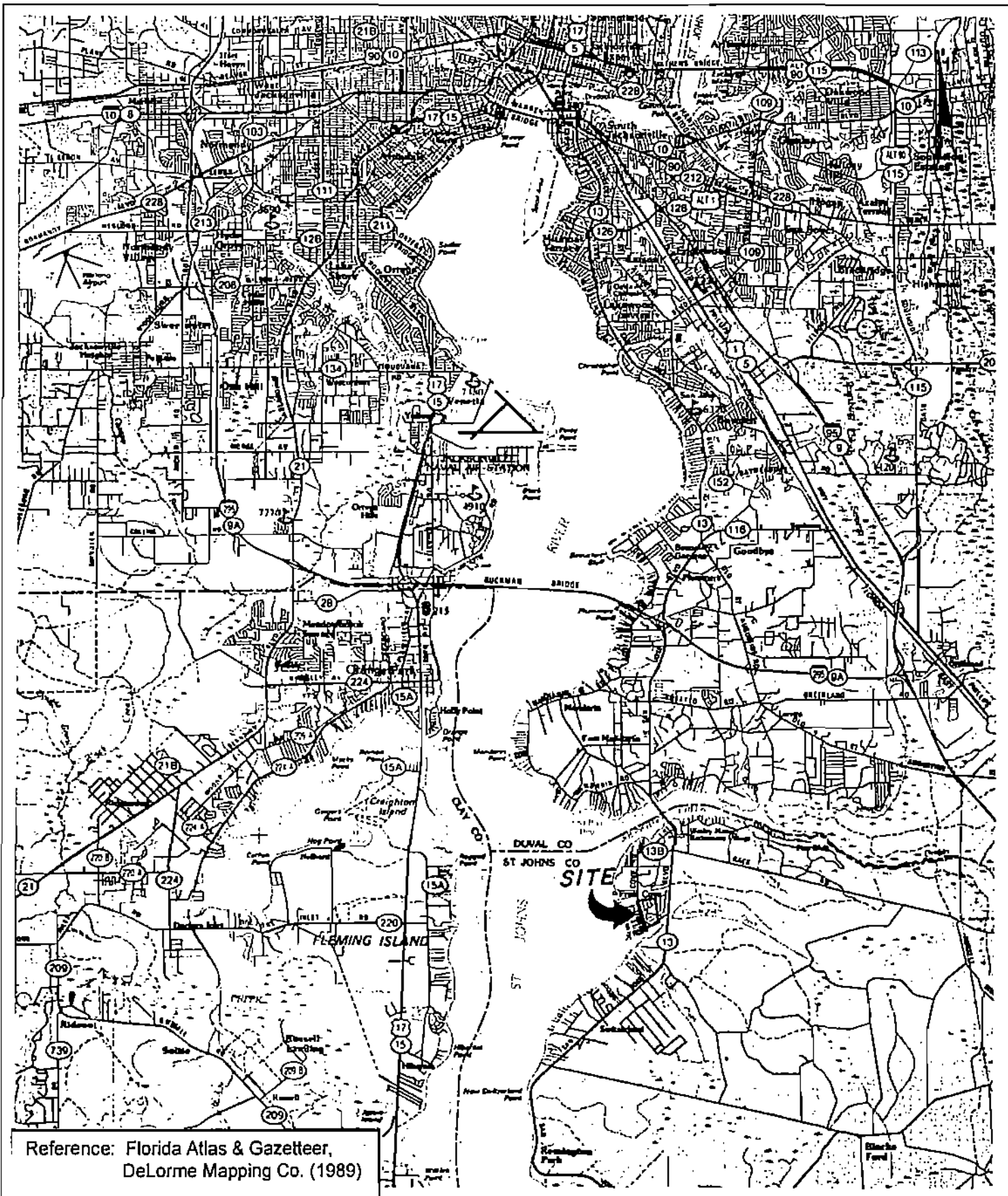
**Table 2.1. Characteristics of Individual Monitoring Site<sup>1</sup>.**

Number of Residents	4
Adults	2
Children	2 (ages 7 and 11)
Lot Size	0.47 acres
Age of Home	17 years
Occupancy	11 years
Number of Bedrooms	3
Number of Bathrooms	2
Dishwasher	Yes
Clothes Washer	Yes
Garbage Disposal	No
Water Softener	No
Septic Tank	900 gallon
Date Last Pumped	August 1988
Infiltration System Area	210 ft <sup>2</sup>
Infiltration System Type	2-foot wide, gravel-filled trenches
Effluent Distribution	Gravity flow, 4" perforated pipe

<sup>1</sup> Based on information obtained as of 1993.

### 2.2 Physiography and Climate

The site is located in the physiographic province referred to as the Coastal Lowlands. The topography of the lowlands is controlled by a series of marine terraces which were formed during Pleistocene time. Elevations at the site range from 10 to 15 feet above mean sea level (MSL). Surface drainage in the area is primarily through the St. Johns River and its tributaries. The majority of surface runoff at the site is directed south-



Reference: Florida Atlas & Gazetteer,  
DeLorme Mapping Co. (1989)

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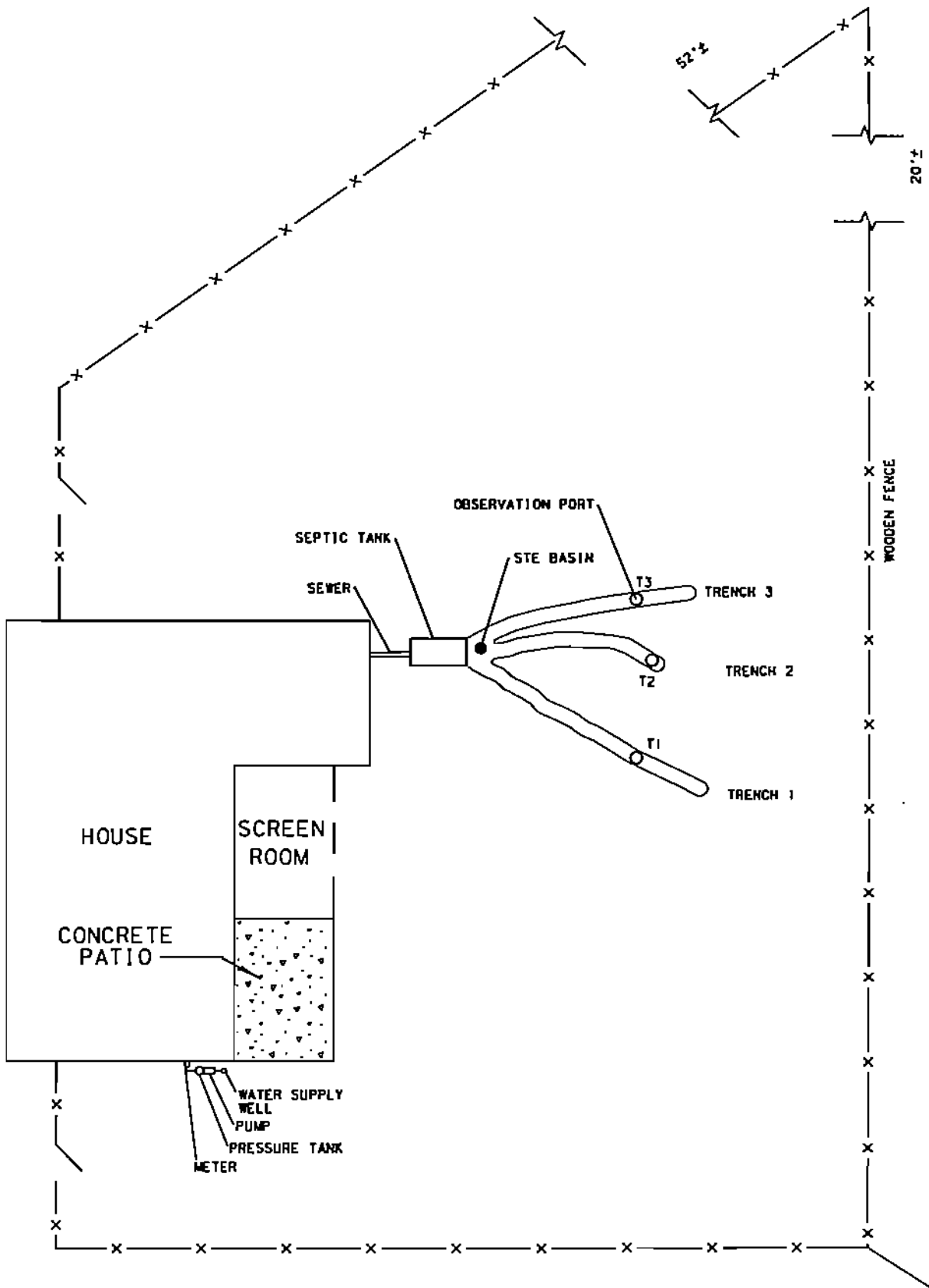
SDA DNSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT

**GENERAL LOCATION MAP**

St. Johns County Subdivision  
Fruit Cove, St. Johns County, Florida

FIGURE:  
  
2.1

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SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT

SITE PLAN

FIGURE:

2-2

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southeast towards a local topographic depression. Drainage ultimately enters the St. Johns River via a creek south of the site. The St. Johns River generally flows northward towards Jacksonville where it turns sharply eastward and empties into the Atlantic Ocean.

The climate of St. Johns County is subtropical and is characterized by warm, humid summers and mild, dry winters with occasional frost between November and February. Annual average rainfall is approximately 54 inches. Rainfall is seasonal with the majority falling during the months of June through September. During these months, the rain usually falls from localized heavy showers of short duration.

### **2.3 Regional Geology and Hydrogeology**

St. Johns County is underlain by two major geologic units of differing lithologies. The uppermost unit consists of clastic sediments including poorly to moderately consolidated sand, clay, and shell material of Miocene to Holocene age. This overlies a thick sequence of limestone and dolomite, commonly referred to as the Floridan aquifer (Parker et. al, 1955). The top of the limestone of the Floridan aquifer is typically encountered at approximately 400 feet below MSL in this area.

The Floridan aquifer is the principal source of potable water in the area although potable water is also withdrawn from the surficial and the intermediate aquifers. The homes in the study area utilize private wells which are typically installed in the surficial aquifer at depths of 75 to 100 feet.

### **2.4 Soils**

Soils throughout the subdivision were derived from sandy marine sediments. The morphology of the subdivision soils are, therefore, dominated by sandy profile descriptions.

According to the USDA Soil Conservation Service (SCS) publication "Soil Survey of St. Johns County" the site is located on Adamsville fine sand. The Adamsville series is a somewhat poorly drained soil with a rapid profile permeability. The water table is typically at 20 to 40 inches below grade for approximately two to six months of the year and below 40 inches for the rest of the year. The typical Adamsville profile has a fine sand texture throughout. Limitations for conventional septic system drainfields are classified as severe with the limitations due to wetness and poor filtration.

### **2.5 Site Specific Lithology**

Subsurface characteristics of the site were determined from the installation of exploratory soil borings to a depth of 50 feet below ground surface (bgs) and by taking representative soil samples for particle size analysis. The site's subsurface lithology consisted of approximately four units with observed differences in lithology based primarily on changes in color because the texture remained fine-grained throughout.

The units and depths that were encountered are as follows: 1) very dark to dark gray fine-grained quartz sand with roots typical of topsoil, approximately 0 to 4 feet bgs; 2) a light gray to white fine grained quartz sand with some gray streaks of clay, approximately 4 to 20 feet bgs; 3) light gray to light brownish gray fine-grained quartz sand, approximately 20 to 30 feet bgs; and 4) dark gray to gray fine-grained quartz sand approximately 30 to 50 feet bgs.

Particle size analysis data indicate that approximately 85% to 97% by weight of the soil samples obtained were composed of fine sand. The percentage of fines (silts and clays) in the samples ranged from 0.9% to 6.0% . The samples obtained from the top few feet of sediment contained more fines than samples obtained at deeper intervals. Percentages of medium sand were generally less than 5% with the exception of soil samples obtained at approximately 27 to 32 feet bgs which contained approximately 10% medium sand.

### III. METHODS OF INVESTIGATION

#### 3.1 Septic Tank Effluent (STE) Characterization

**STE Quality:** Effluent from the septic tank at the site was collected and analyzed for most typical STE parameters on four to five occasions prior to the initiation of this study as part of the Florida OSDS Research Project (Ayres Associates, 1989). Septic tank effluent was collected and analyzed on three occasions (November 15, 1990, November 5, 1991, and January 7, 1993) during the Phase II SDA research effort. For the Phase III investigation, septic tank effluent samples were obtained continuously for seven days the week of August 15, 1993. One additional STE sample was obtained on November 3, 1993. All samples of STE were obtained from a septic tank effluent basin that was installed between the septic tank and the infiltration system. The more recent wastewater quality data were then compared with prior results and with literature values for STE quality.

A homeowner's survey was also conducted immediately prior to the initiation of the Phase III study sampling period to determine types of cleaning products used in the home, thereby determining the types of surfactants that could potentially affect groundwater quality in the area.

**STE Quantity:** Wastewater flow at the home was estimated by reading water meters over several intervals during the study. The water meters were installed at several points on the household water system. A master meter was installed on the main supply line from the household well which monitored total water use. Individual meters were then installed on the exterior hose bibs to monitor outdoor water use. The home did not have an in-ground lawn sprinkler system. The home used a water to air heat pump system for household heating so an additional meter was installed on the downstream side of the heat pump to monitor its water use. Water from the air heat pump system discharged to the ground outside the house. The household's resident informed Ayres Associates in August of 1993, that he had stopped using the heat pump. By subtracting exterior water use from total water use, an estimate of interior water use could be obtained and used to derive wastewater loading to the OSDS. Meter readings were also recorded immediately prior to and after the installation of monitoring wells and groundwater sampling because large quantities of outside water were used during these periods. Water used during monitoring well installation and sampling was then subtracted from the total water usage.

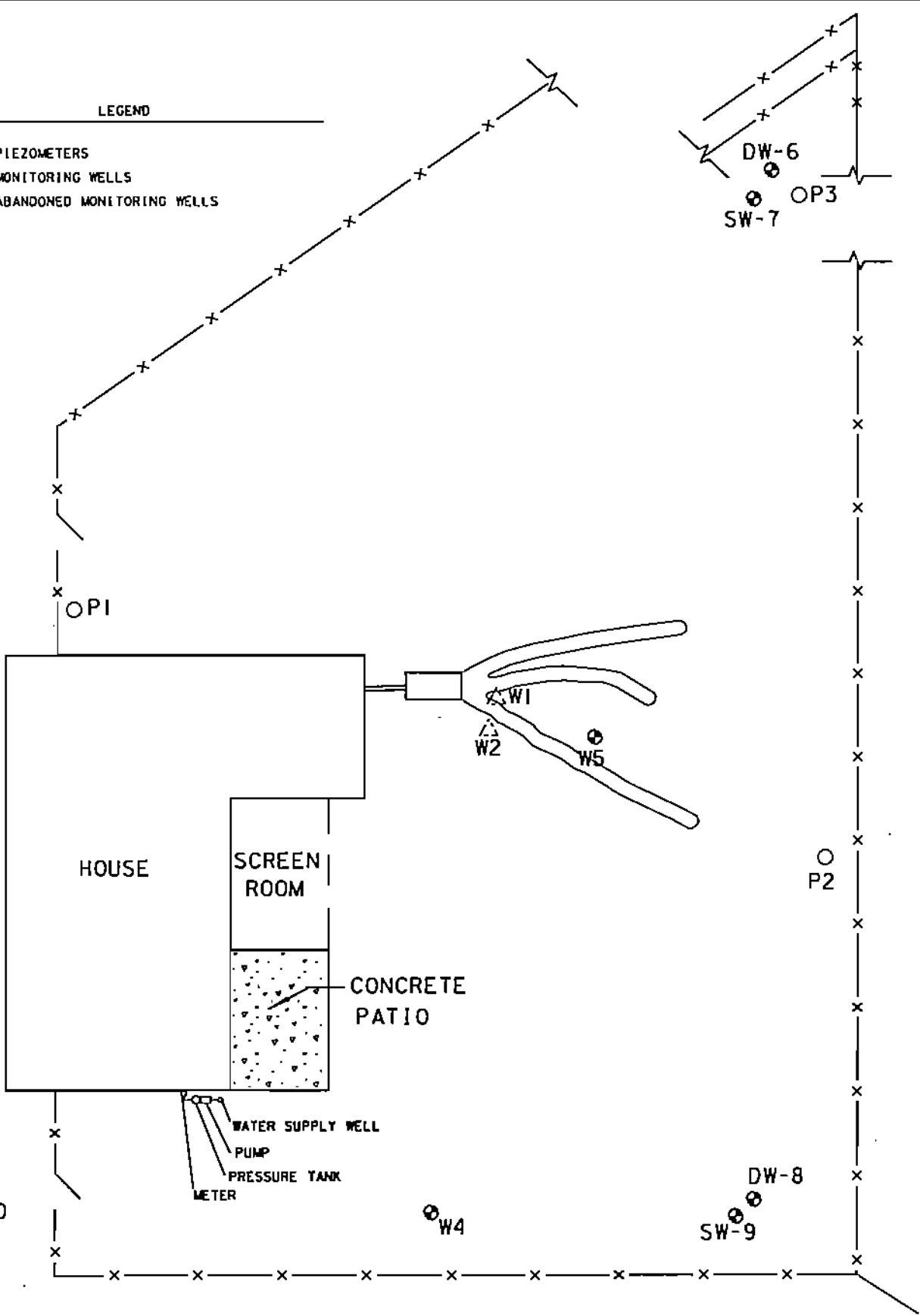
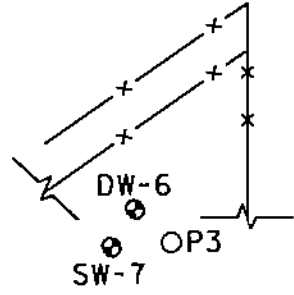
#### 3.2 Groundwater Monitoring Equipment Installation

Three types of groundwater monitoring equipment including piezometers, groundwater monitoring wells, and a direct-push miniature wellpoint probe were used at the site.

**Piezometers:** Three groundwater piezometers were installed at locations around the OSDS. Piezometer locations are shown on Figure 3-1 as P1, P2, and P3. Piezometers were constructed by coupling a 2-inch diameter, 0.010 inch slotted, three

LEGEND

- PIEZOMETERS
- ⊕ MONITORING WELLS
- △ ABANDONED MONITORING WELLS



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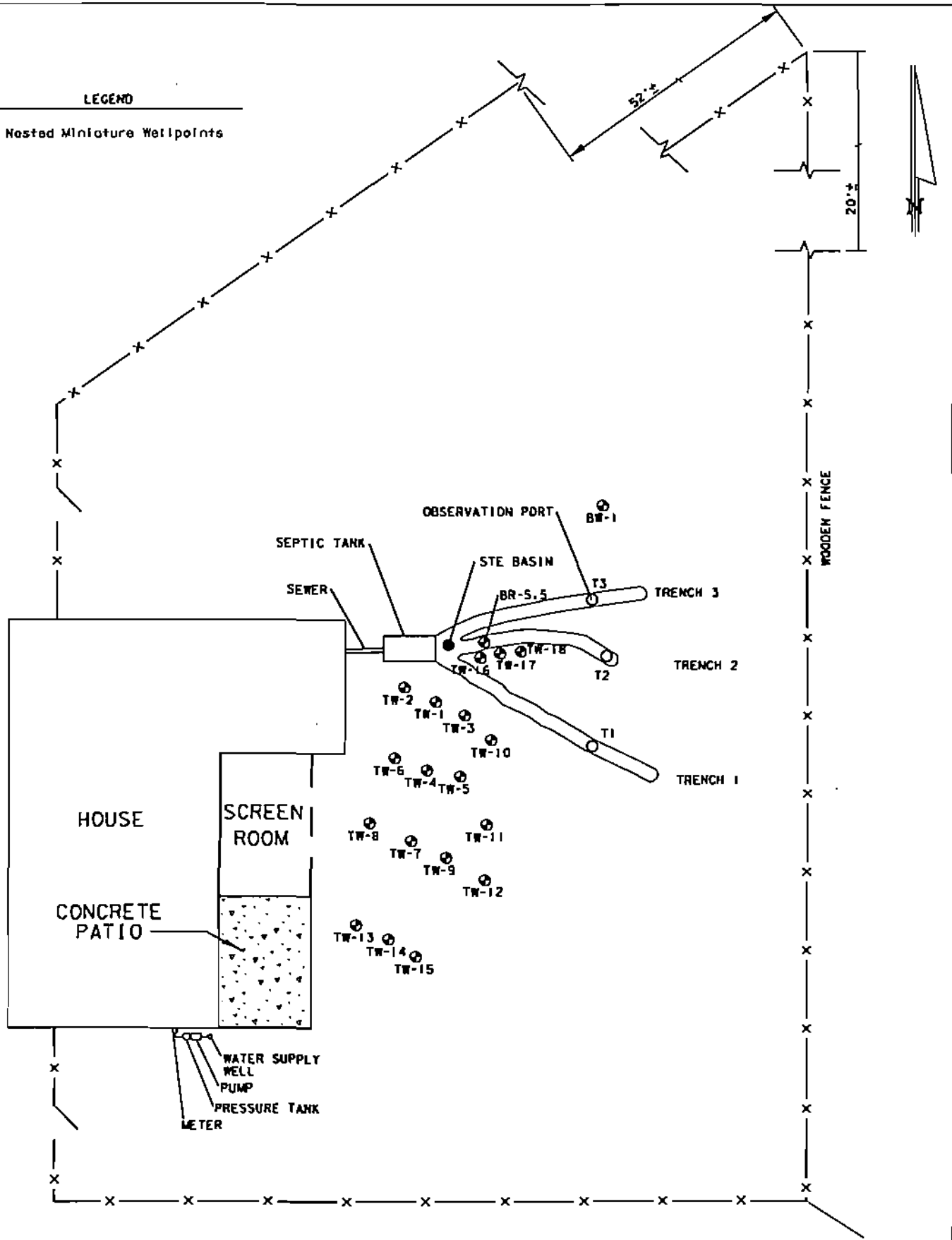
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SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT  
MONITORING WELL  
AND PIEZOMETER  
LOCATION MAP

FIGURE:  
3-1

LEGEND

⊕ Nested Miniature Wellpoints



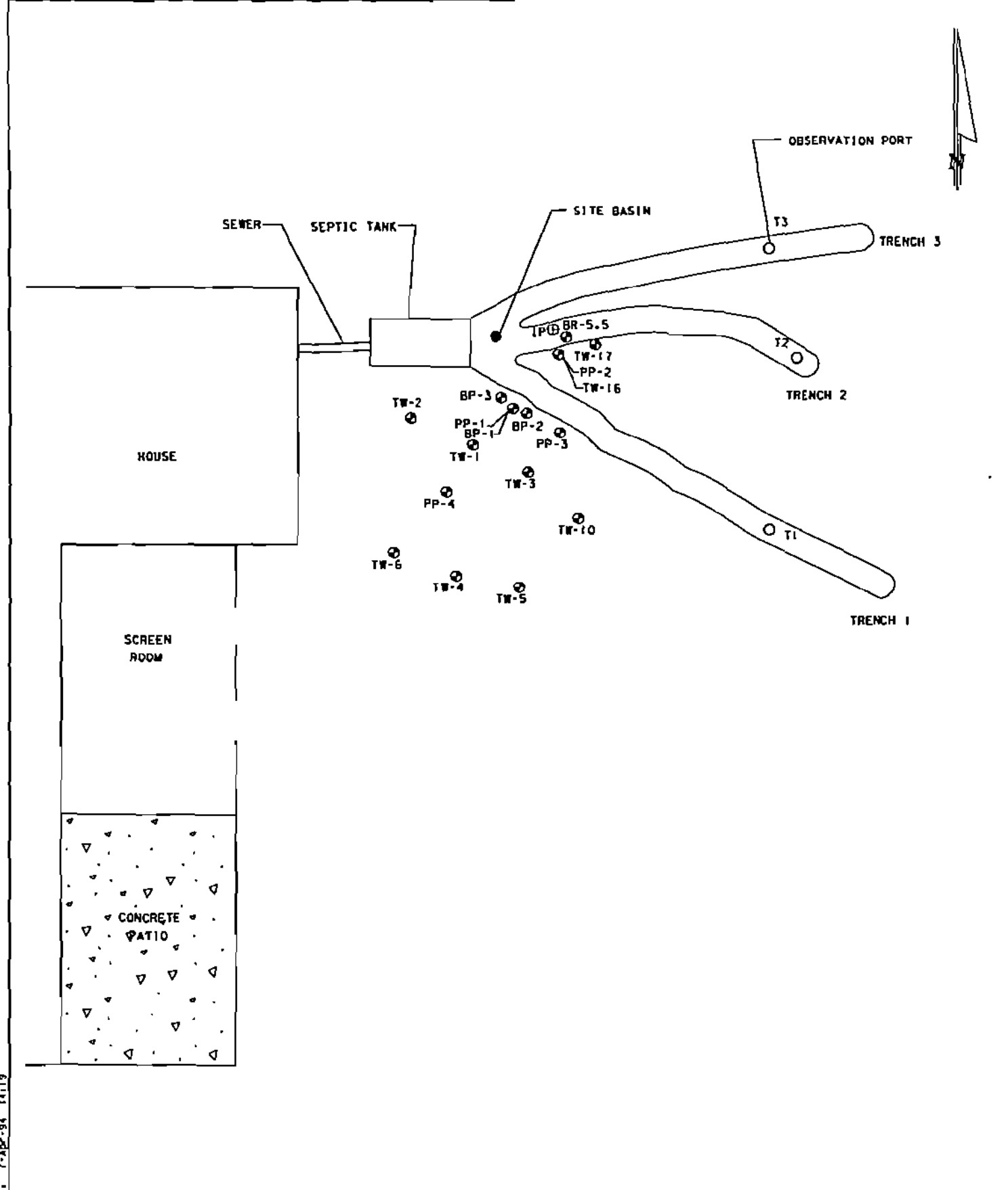
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SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT  
MINIATURE WELL  
SAMPLE POINT  
LOCATION MAP

FIGURE:  
3-2

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SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT

BROMIDE TRACER  
SAMPLE WELL POINT  
LOCATION MAP

FIGURE:  
  
3-3

foot long Schedule 40 PVC well screen to approximately 10 feet of blank 2-inch diameter, Schedule 40 PVC pipe. The piezometers were installed in native soil to a depth of approximately one to two feet below the water table surface using a stainless steel hand auger. The piezometers were used to determine groundwater elevations and to estimate the direction of groundwater flow.

**Monitoring Wells:** Four groundwater monitoring wells were installed near the subsurface infiltration system on January 28, 1990. Monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 3-1 as W1, W2, W4, and W5. These monitoring wells were constructed of five feet of 2-inch diameter, 0.010 inch slotted Schedule 40 PVC well screen coupled to approximately seven feet of blank Schedule 40 PVC pipe. Monitoring wells were installed by hand augering with a stainless steel barrel auger to the water table, then augering through 4-inch diameter casing which was advanced with the auger to three to four feet below the water table. The 2-inch diameter PVC monitoring wells were then installed inside the 4-inch diameter casing. A clean, graded sand pack was placed around the monitoring well and the 4-inch casing was removed leaving the sand packed monitoring well in place. The monitoring wells were developed by pumping them at four to five gallons per minute for five minutes after installation.

Additional groundwater monitoring wells were installed on November 23 and 24, 1992. Nested sets, of monitoring wells, (i.e., one shallow monitoring well and one deep monitoring well installed adjacent to each other) were installed at three locations onsite to determine the vertical hydraulic gradient. Monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 3-1 and are identified as DW-6, SW-7, DW-8, SW-9, DW-10, and SW-11.

Groundwater Protection, Inc. installed the monitoring wells using 8.25 inch outside diameter (OD) hollow stem augers. During the installation of monitoring well DW-6, soil samples were collected at two foot intervals using a split spoon sampler. Standard penetration resistance tests (a measure of soil density) were conducted and blowcounts were recorded at each two foot interval. Soil samples were collected at various intervals from the three deeper boreholes for grain size analysis. Lithologic descriptions were also recorded during the installation of the monitoring wells.

The shallow wells were installed to a depth of approximately eight feet below ground surface (bgs) and were constructed of five feet of 2-inch diameter, 0.010 inch slotted PVC well screen attached to 2.5 feet of 2-inch diameter blank PVC pipe. The deeper wells were installed to a depth of approximately 50 feet bgs and were constructed of 2.5 feet of 2-inch diameter, 0.010 inch slotted well screen coupled to approximately 48 feet of 2-inch diameter solid PVC pipe. The annular space between the well was filled with clean 20/30 silica sand to the top of the well screen. A one foot thick bentonite seal was placed immediately above the sand pack during the construction of the shallow monitoring wells. A one foot thick layer of fine sand was used as a seal above the sand pack in the deeper wells. The remaining annulus was filled with Portland Type I cement to land surface. A protective flush-mounted manhole cover and pad was constructed around the top of the wells. The monitoring wells were developed by pumping with a centrifugal pump to remove fine sediment from the sand pack. These wells were not sampled but were used for additional groundwater measurements to determine the direction of groundwater flow and to determine if vertical flow of groundwater was significant at the site. Vertical groundwater flow would influence

contaminant transport at the site by causing a downward movement of contaminants as they move away from the site.

In January, 1993, monitoring wells W1 and W2 were abandoned. The monitoring wells were pulled from the ground and the remaining boreholes were backfilled to the surface.

**Stainless Steel Probe:** A stainless steel miniature wellpoint probe system, originally designed for soil gas vapor monitoring in the unsaturated zone, was used to obtain groundwater samples around the site. The probe unit utilized a "push-pull" wellpoint attached to 1/2 inch stainless steel tubing which was pushed or driven into the unsaturated zone. Groundwater samples were then obtained through a teflon sampling tube, inserted inside the stainless steel tube, by applying suction with a peristaltic pump. The entire probe system could then be pulled from the ground and installed at a new sample location. This system allowed collection of groundwater samples from 10 to 15 different locations per day, and was especially useful for identifying the extent of the contaminant plume at the project site.

A more permanent monitoring network was established during the Phase II study. First, the area of impacted groundwater downgradient of the drainfield was further defined using the miniature wellpoint probe system. A row of eight sample locations were installed along the edge of the southernmost trench (Trench 1) using the push-pull probe and groundwater samples were obtained for field screening (Figure 3-2). Based on these results, 30 miniature stainless wellpoints with teflon tubing were permanently installed within the impacted area downgradient of the infiltration system. A total of three rows of wellpoints were established. The first row of wellpoints was placed five feet downgradient of Trench 1. Each additional row was placed approximately 10 feet further downgradient (i.e., at 15 feet and 25 feet downgradient of Trench 1, respectively). Each row contained four sample points. At sample points T-1 through T-6, wellpoints were installed at 3 depths (approximately 6, 12, and 20 feet bgs). At sample locations T-7 through T-9, wellpoints were installed at two depths (approximately 6 and 20 feet bgs). Sample points T-10 through T-12 contained one wellpoint each that was installed at approximately six feet bgs. A background sample point was also installed upgradient of the drainfield with separate wellpoints at approximately 5, 10, and 15 feet bgs.

For the Phase III investigation, 22 additional wellpoints (six at new sample locations and four at previously designated sample locations) were installed on August 16 through August 18, 1993 (Figure 3-2). Three wellpoints (TW-16, TW-17, and TW-18) were installed between trenches 1 and 2 and three wellpoints (TW-13, TW-14, and TW-15) were installed 40 feet downgradient of Trench 1. Wellpoints were installed to depths of 6, 12, and 20 feet bgs at each of these new sample locations. One additional wellpoint was installed to a depth of 20 feet bgs at BW-1 and three additional wellpoints were installed to a depth of 12 feet bgs at sample locations TW-7, TW-8, and TW-9.

### 3.3 Groundwater Elevations and Flow Direction

**Groundwater Flow Direction:** Groundwater movement in shallow aquifers is generally governed by forces of gravity and, therefore, moves from areas of higher water table elevations to areas of lower water table elevations. Water table elevations can be contoured to distinguish areas of higher or lower water table elevation. The groundwater flow direction is perpendicular, or normal to these water table elevation contour lines. Water table elevation contour lines are determined by obtaining the depth to groundwater at various locations and referencing that depth to a known elevation at the site.

An initial direction of groundwater flow was determined by the installation of three piezometers (P-1 through P-3) at the site. The elevations of the tops of the piezometer casings were initially surveyed by Ayres Associates on November 27, 1990, and referenced to a common datum. Depth to groundwater measurements were obtained by measuring from a mark on the top of the casing to the water table surface with a chalked steel tape. Subsequent depth to water measurements were obtained at periodic intervals in 1992 and 1993 using a Keck KIR-89 electronic water level indicator. As monitoring wells were installed, the tops of casing were surveyed and depth to water measurements were referenced to the casing elevations.

**Thickness of Unsaturated Soil:** Water table elevation data was also obtained to determine the thickness of the unsaturated soil at the site. The thickness of the unsaturated soil layer between the bottom of the infiltration system and the groundwater surface is an important component in a study of OSDS impact to groundwater quality. Theoretically, the greater the thickness of unsaturated soil beneath the infiltration system the greater the degree of treatment of septic tank effluent before it reaches groundwater.

The depth to the bottom of the drainfield was measured through observation ports that had been installed in the drainfields. One observation port had been installed in each of the three trenches and was named accordingly (i.e., T-1 through T-3). The observation ports were installed to the infiltrative surface, which is the base of the drainfield, and depth to that surface was measured. Depth to groundwater measurements were obtained from wells located next to the drainfield to determine the range in thickness of the unsaturated soil layer over time.

### 3.4 Bromide Tracer Testing

A bromide tracer solution was added to the drainfield of the OWTS to aid in determination of groundwater flow direction and velocity. The tracer solution was comprised of sodium bromide (NaBr) dissolved in distilled water to a final concentration of 410,000 mg/L as bromide ion (Br<sup>-</sup>).

To discharge the tracer solution to the drainfield at a known location, a 4-inch diameter PVC casing was installed into the drainfield gravel of Trench 2 to act as a tracer input port. This port is designated as IP on Figure 3.3. A miniature wellpoint was installed immediately below this point by angling the push probe so as to place the wellpoint

without penetrating the drainfield gravel. This wellpoint was placed at a depth of 5.5 feet below the infiltrative surface of the drainfield at the input point and is designated as BR-5.5 on Figure 3-3. Wellpoint BR-5.5 was used to intercept the "front" of bromide as the tracer entered the water table from the unsaturated zone below the input point.

Other downgradient wellpoints were utilized to monitor bromide movement from the source. Monitoring location TW-16 was established approximately 1.5 feet downgradient of the input port and had wellpoints placed at the 6, 12, and 20 foot depths. In addition, wellpoints were added at the 6 foot depth just downgradient of Trench 1 to monitor bromide concentrations as the tracer migrated from below the drainfield. These points are labeled BP-1, BP-2, and BP-3 on Figure 3.3. In addition, the push-pull sampling probe was utilized at various locations as needed to identify the location of the bromide plume.

### 3.5 Groundwater Sampling

Preliminary field screening of groundwater for chloride and conductivity was conducted on December 14-15, 1992 using the push-pull temporary stainless steel probe. Results of the preliminary field screening indicated that impacted groundwater extended beyond the initial plume outlined in November, 1990. Based on these data, a network of 12 sample points were installed in the area on December 15 through 17, 1992, and January 5 and 6, 1993. The chloride and conductivity values obtained during the preliminary screening also varied with depth. Background wellpoints were then installed approximately 15 feet upgradient of the infiltration system to determine if the values observed were due to the vertical movement of the contaminant plume or could be attributed to natural variations of chlorides in the native soil.

Groundwater samples from thirty wellpoints and 2 monitoring wells (SW-7 and W5) were obtained on January 7, 1993. Groundwater from these wellpoints and monitoring wells were subsequently sampled for the following water quality parameters:

- Chloride
- Foaming Agents (MBAS)
- Total Dissolved Solids
- Ammonia Nitrogen
- Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen
- Total Phosphorous
- Total Organic Carbon
- Fecal Coliform

Groundwater sampling during Phase III was conducted utilizing the same techniques as previous phases of the study. Briefly, a peristaltic pump with teflon tubing was utilized to pump groundwater samples from the miniature wellpoints directly into sample containers containing any necessary preservative. Each wellpoint had a dedicated teflon tube for sampling and the pump tubing was cleaned or replaced between sample points. Prior to filling the sample bottles, several liters of groundwater were pumped from the wellpoints to purge the system of stagnant water. Samples were placed on ice in coolers and shipped immediately to the laboratory for analysis.

## IV. RESULTS

### 4.1 Septic Tank Effluent (STE) Characterization

**STE Quality:** Septic tank effluent was sampled at the site to assess the quality of wastewater discharged to the OSDS drainfield. Table 4.1 is a summary of the septic tank effluent (STE) quality for daily grab samples obtained during the week of August 15th, 1993. The daily grab samples were obtained to observe variations in the concentrations of the STE parameters. Samples were not obtained for TDS, total nitrogen, oil and grease, and fecal streptococcus analysis during the Phase III study. Total hardness as  $\text{CaCO}_3$  was added to the list of STE parameters analyzed for the Phase III study. Appendix A includes the STE laboratory reports.

Several STE parameters showed variations in concentration during the week of August 15th, 1993. The parameters of importance that showed the greatest variations during the week included  $\text{BOD}_5$  and total organic carbon.  $\text{BOD}_5$  concentrations ranged from 160 mg/L to 419 mg/L, while STE values for total organic carbon ranged from 74 mg/L to 190 mg/L. These variations are within the range of normal septic tank effluent quality but the higher values may represent the effect of increased flow to the system near the beginning of the weekend.

Table 4.2 lists the average STE values obtained during the Florida OSDS research project, the average STE values of the three sampling events conducted for the Phase II study, and the average STE values of the seven sampling events conducted for the Phase III study. With the exception of total suspended solids (TSS) and total phosphorus (TP); the average STE values for the Phase II investigation and the average STE values for the Phase III investigation generally exceeded the prior average for typical STE parameters obtained during the OSDS research project.

A comparison of average STE values obtained during the Phase II and Phase III studies indicates some STE parameters have increased, some decreased, and some have remained relatively unchanged from the Phase II study to the Phase III study. Average values for  $\text{BOD}_5$  and total organic carbon (TOC) increased from Phase II to Phase III. Average STE values obtained during the Phase III investigation for MBAS, TSS, TDS, TOC, and total phosphorous decreased when compared to the Phase II results. The average concentration of MBAS obtained during the Phase III study was approximately 40% less than the Phase II average. The average Phase II and III chloride, specific conductance, and TKN values were substantially higher than those determined during the OSDS study. However, the averages of these parameters remained relatively unchanged from Phase II to Phase III.

**STE Quantity:** Water meter readings were collected at the site on 17 different dates from November, 1990 to November, 1993. These data were used to estimate the average quantity of wastewater flowing from the home to the OSDS infiltration area. Water used by Ayres Associates during the installation of monitoring wells and

Table 4.1 Summary of Phase III Septic Tank Effluent Quality (mg/L unless otherwise noted).

PARAMETER	STE	STE	STE	STE	STE	STE	STE	Mean	Std. Dev.	Range	
	8/15/93 Sun.	8/16/93 Mon.	8/17/93 Tues.	8/18/93 Wed.	8/19/93 Thur.	8/20/93 Fri.	8/21/93 Sat.			Min.	Max.
BOD <sub>5</sub>	174	187	160	168	166	409	419	240.4	118.9	160.0	419.0
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	27	24	8.3	21	16	18	16	18.6	6.1	8.3	27.0
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	42	36	36	46	35	30	28	36.1	6.3	28.0	46.0
Total Hardness (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	180	180	180	180	170	180	180	178.6	3.8	170.0	180.0
Specific Conductance	1050	1100	980	1050	1050	1000	970	1028.6	46.7	970.0	1100.0
Chloride	65	53	65	56	41	57	51	55.4	8.4	41.0	65.0
Sulfate	4	<2	<2	<2	13	<2	<2	2.4	4.9	0.0	13.0
Total Phosphorus	8.1	8.30	7.00	7.50	6.90	10.00	9.40	8.2	1.2	6.9	10.0
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	54	57	67	68	68	78	77	67.0	9.1	54.0	78.0
Ammonia Nitrogen	54	57	62	66	61	61	64	60.7	4.1	54.0	66.0
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Organic Nitrogen	<0.05	<0.05	5.00	2.00	7.00	17.00	13.00	6.3	6.6	0.0	17.0
Total Organic Carbon	78	79	81	79	74	190	184	109.3	53.2	74.0	190.0
Fecal Coliforms **		6.60E+06	1.20E+06	3.00E+06	1.30E+06			2.36E+06	2.52E+06	1.20E+06	6.60E+06

+ Units are phos/cm

\*\* Units are colonies/100 ml; averages are based on a geometric mean

-- Not sampled

**Table 4.2. Average STE Values for Florida OSDS Research Project, and Phase II and Phase III SDA Studies.**

Parameter	Average from Previous Sampling Events *	Average STE Values Phase II	Average STE Values Phase III
BOD <sub>5</sub>	139	179	240
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	5	31	18.6
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	93	59	36
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	415	387	-- --
Specific Conductance +	712	1033	1029
Chloride	24	53	55
Sulfate	-- --	5	2.4
Total Phosphorus	15	17	8.2
Total Nitrogen	-- --	76	-- --
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	36	66	67
Ammonia Nitrogen	-- --	75 ++	61
Nitrate Nitrite-Nitrogen	0.06	0.02	0.01
Total Organic Carbon	56	73	109
Oil and Grease	25	37	-- --
Fecal Coliforms ***	5.45 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.02 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	2.36 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
Fecal Streptococci***	-- --	350	-- --

- + Units are phos/cm
- \* Results shown are the mean values for five sampling events conducted during the Florida OSDS research study
- \*\*\* Units are colonies/100 ml; averages are based on a geometric mean
- Not sampled
- ++ Only one sample, no average available

groundwater sampling was recorded and subtracted from the normal total water usage at the site. A summary of water use data collected at the study residence during Phase II and III and the estimated wastewater loading to the OSDS infiltration area are presented in Table 4.3.

**Table 4.3. Average Daily Water Use Summary.**

Period of Meter Readings	Total Water Use (gpd)	Heat Pump (gpd)	Exterior Use (gpd)	Estimated Wastewater Flow (gpd)	Estimated Wastewater Loading (gpd/ft <sup>2</sup> )*
11/20-28/90	694.1	0	8.4	686.0	3.3
11/5/92-1/12/93	1166.5	973.5	7.0	186.3	0.9
8/15/93-11/1/93	583.1	301.7	32.0	253.3	1.2

- \* Based on an infiltration system area of 210 ft<sup>2</sup>

The relatively high (3.3 gpd/ft<sup>2</sup>) estimated wastewater loading between November 20-28, 1990, was due to an increase in water use during the Thanksgiving holiday and is probably not representative of average water use.

An estimated 1,166.5 gpd of total water was used during the remaining Phase II period. After subtracting heat pump and exterior water use, the estimated wastewater loading during the Phase II study was 0.9 gpd/ft<sup>2</sup>.

Total water use for the Phase III study averaged 583.1 gpd at the site. The water usage attributed to the heat pump averaged 301.7 gpd which was less than the Phase II study period. The home owner notified Ayres Associates that the heat pump had been disconnected in August, 1993. Water use attributed to the outside faucets averaged 32.0 gpd which was more than the Phase II study period; however, the Phase III study period (August 15 to November 1, 1993) correlated with high temperatures and less rainfall. The quantity of exterior water use during the Phase III period may have been even higher than that recorded because one of the outside faucet meters was not functioning properly during that study period. After subtracting the exterior water use from the total water use, the wastewater flow was estimated to be 253.3 gpd which translates into an estimated 1.2 gpd/ft<sup>2</sup> wastewater loading to the infiltration area. This wastewater loading rate is moderate to high for a family of four, however, as explained in the previous sentence, some of the exterior water use may be figured into the estimated wastewater flow.

#### 4.2 Groundwater Elevations and Flow Direction

**Groundwater Flow Direction:** Initial piezometer readings indicated the general direction of groundwater flow at the site was south-southwest toward the St. Johns River. Subsequent depth to groundwater measurements confirmed the groundwater flow direction. The groundwater gradient was relatively constant across the site and was calculated to be approximately 0.0029 feet/foot using the groundwater elevation data from November 5, 1993.

In November, 1990, depths to groundwater measurements obtained from monitoring wells installed at the site ranged from 5 to 6 feet bgs. Depth to groundwater at the site, during the remaining Phase II study period, ranged from approximately 1.5 feet to 4 feet bgs.

Depths to groundwater during the Phase III study were similar, ranging from approximately 1.5 to 5 feet bgs. The lowest relative groundwater elevations were recorded at monitoring well SW-11 located in the southwest portion of the site. The highest relative groundwater elevations were calculated to be at the piezometer P-3 and the monitoring well SW-7 which is located in the northeastern corner of the site. Table 4.4 lists the relative groundwater elevations calculated for depth to water measurements obtained from November, 1990 through January, 1993 and Table 4.5 lists the relative groundwater elevations calculated for the Phase III study. Figure 4-1 shows the groundwater elevations and contours calculated from data collected on November 5, 1993.

One of the tasks of the Phase II study was to determine if a vertical component of flow was present at the site and, if so, whether that vertical component was great enough to cause the contaminant plume to "dip" into a deeper zone. Groundwater elevation data (Tables 4.4 and 4.5) indicated that there was a slight vertical gradient at the nested monitoring well set in the southeast corner of the site, DW-8 and SW-9. The groundwater elevation difference between SW-9 and DW-8 during the Phase III study ranged from 0.09 to 0.14 feet measured over a 46 foot distance between the top of the water table at the shallow well to the top of the screened interval at the deep well. This represented a vertical gradient which ranged from .002 to .003 feet/foot, approximately equal to the horizontal gradient. The vertical gradient of .002 to .003 feet/foot in this area had been consistent throughout the Phase II/Phase III study and it appears that some potential for downward groundwater flow exists at the site.

**Unsaturated Zone Thickness:** The average water table elevation and the ranges of water table elevations are presented in Table 4.6. Table 4.6 also shows the range of unsaturated soil thickness between the infiltrative surface and the water table for wells near the infiltration area.

At the time of the highest measured groundwater levels (November 1, 1993), the depth to groundwater at the site for the monitoring well closest to the infiltration area (W5) was 1.87 feet bgs. At that time the thickness of unsaturated soil beneath the infiltration system at the site was 0.03 feet. The unsaturated soil thickness at the site ranged from 1.44 to 0.34 feet during the Phase II study period and the water table was commonly within 1 foot of the infiltrative surface indicating that treatment efficiency may be reduced. The unsaturated soil thickness at the time of the Phase II sampling event was approximately 1.4 feet. The unsaturated soil thickness during the Phase III study ranged from 3.01 to 0.03 feet. The unsaturated soil thickness at the time of the Phase III "worst case" sampling event (November 1, 1993) was 0.03 feet.

#### 4.3 Bromide Tracer Movement

The sodium bromide solution was poured into the drainfield on August 16, 1993 at 8:00 p.m. Bromide was detected in wellpoint BR5.5 with the first measurement on August 17, and continued to increase with each subsequent measurement. Figure B1 shows the bromide concentration with time at BR5.5, directly below the input port. The tracer plot shows a bromide peak at approximately 36 hours after input to the drainfield. The bromide peak should represent the approximate average travel time of water through the unsaturated zone from the drainfield infiltrative surface to the water table, a distance of approximately 3 feet at the time of bromide input. This result is significantly shorter than the travel times reported from tracer testing during the Florida Onsite Sewage Disposal System Research Project. Tracer testing at an OSDS in east central Florida resulted in an estimated travel time of 5 days for a fine sandy soil with a 1.75 foot unsaturated zone (Ayres Associates, 1993). Controlled testing at the USF Lysimeter Field Station resulted in estimated travel times of 3 - 4 days for a fine sand with a 2-foot unsaturated zone (Ayres Associates, 1993a). However, the results obtained at the St Johns County site during this study are in agreement with computer

**Table 4.4 Relative Groundwater Elevation Data for Individual Home in St. Johns County  
November, 1990 and Phase II Study Period.**

Location ID	T.O.C. Elevation	November 28, 1990		November 24, 1992		December 14, 1992		January 5, 1993		January 12, 1993		Average W.T.E.
		Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	
W-1	49.64	5.06	44.58	2.67	46.97	2.99	46.65	3.24	46.40	*	-- --	46.15
W-2	49.66	5.06	44.60	2.73	46.93	3.04	46.62	3.33	46.33	*	-- --	46.12
W-4	49.28	4.77	44.51	2.53	46.75	2.83	46.45	3.12	46.16	2.07	47.21	46.22
W-5	49.58	5.97	43.61	2.66	46.92	2.98	46.60	3.28	46.30	2.18	47.40	46.17
P-1	49.87	5.35	44.52	-- --	-- --	3.28	46.59	-- --	-- --	2.48	47.39	46.17
P-3	52.76	8.04	44.72	5.63	47.13	5.97	46.79	6.29	46.47	5.13	47.63	46.55
DW-6	53.62	-- --	-- --	6.45	47.17	6.82	46.80	7.16	46.46	5.93	47.69	47.03
SW-7	52.46	-- --	-- --	5.31	47.15	5.65	46.81	6.00	46.46	4.82	47.64	47.02
DW-8	48.94	-- --	-- --	2.26	46.68	2.55	46.39	2.81	46.13	1.81	47.13	46.58
SW-9	48.88	-- --	-- --	2.11	46.77	2.41	46.47	2.65	46.23	1.65	47.23	46.68
DW-10	49.71	-- --	-- --	3.02	46.69	3.30	46.41	3.63	46.08	2.54	47.17	46.59
SW-11	49.58	-- --	-- --	2.86	46.72	3.17	46.41	3.41	46.17	2.40	47.18	46.62

W.T.E. -Water Table Elevation-Elevations are relative to an arbitrary benchmark datum set up on the site.

-- -- -Depth to groundwater not measured

\* -Monitoring wells W1 and W2 were abandoned

**Table 4.5 Relative Groundwater Elevation Data for Individual Home in St. Johns County  
November, 1990 and Phase III Study Period.**

Location ID	T.O.C. Elevation	August 16, 1993		August 31, 1993		November 1, 1993		November 5, 1993		Average W.T.E.
		Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	Depth to Water	Relative W.T.E.	
W-4	49.28	4.64	44.64	4.03	45.25	1.76	47.52	2.18	47.10	46.13
W-5	49.58	4.85	44.73	4.24	45.34	1.87	47.71	2.30	47.28	46.27
P-1	49.87	5.16	44.71	4.61	45.26	2.18	47.69	2.59	47.28	46.24
P-3	52.76	7.89	44.87	7.33	45.43	4.83	47.93	5.24	47.52	46.44
DW-6	53.62	8.75	44.87	8.21	45.41	5.71	47.91	6.10	47.52	46.43
SW-7	52.46	7.59	44.87	7.04	45.42	4.54	47.92	4.94	47.52	46.43
DW-8	48.94	4.39	44.55	3.72	45.22	1.53	47.41	1.93	47.01	46.05
SW-9	48.88	4.19	44.69	3.57	45.31	1.35	47.53	1.77	47.11	46.16
DW-10	49.71	5.14	44.57	4.54	45.17	2.22	47.49	2.65	47.06	46.07
SW-11	49.58	4.99	44.59	4.41	45.17	2.06	47.52	2.50	47.08	46.09

W.T.E. -Water Table Elevation

-- -- -Depth to groundwater not measured

**Table 4.6 Average Water Table Elevation and Unsaturated Soil Thickness**

Well ID #	Average Water Table Elevation (ft.)	Water Table Elevation Range (ft.)	Unsaturation Zone Range* (ft. below infiltrative surface)
W1	46.15	44.58 - 46.97	3.16 - 0.77 +
W2	46.12	44.60 - 46.93	3.14 - 0.81 +
W4	46.18	44.51 - 47.52	N/A
W5	46.21	43.61 - 47.71	4.13 - 0.03
P1	46.20	44.52 - 47.69	N/A
P3	46.50	44.72 - 47.93	N/A
DW-6	46.73	44.87 - 47.91	N/A
SW-7	46.72	44.87 - 47.92	N/A
DW-8	46.31	44.55 - 47.41	N/A
SW-9	46.42	44.69 - 47.53	N/A
DW-10	46.33	44.57 - 47.49	N/A
SW-11	46.35	44.59 - 47.52	N/A

\* Based on elevation of 47.74 ft. for infiltrative surface of drainfield at observation port T-1.

N/A Wells not in area of drainfield.

+ Data was not available on 11/1/93, the day of highest water table elevation, as monitoring wells W1 and W2 had been abandoned.

simulations conducted by Hansen and Mansell (1986) for Lakeland Sand, another Florida sand. These simulations predicted a travel time of 31.6 hours for a two foot unsaturated zone below a typical septic system drainfield trench.

The tracer moved downgradient as expected upon reaching the saturated zone. Bromide appeared in monitoring point TW16-6', 1.5 feet downgradient of BR5.5, approximately 13 days after the peak measurement at BR5.5. The peak concentration at TW16-6' occurred sometime between 13 and 75 days from the time of the peak at BR5.5, however, the peak concentration was not measured since no site visits occurred during this time period. From a graph of bromide concentration vs. time, it was estimated that the peak occurred during a period from 30 to 50 days after the peak at BR5.5. Based on this range of time and the 1.5 foot distance, an estimated average travel time from 0.03 to 0.05 ft/day was calculated. This agrees relatively well with velocity estimates using Darcy's Law. Assuming saturated hydraulic conductivities of 1.64 to 6.56 ft/day for a fine sand, Darcy's Law would yield velocity estimates of 0.02 to 0.08 ft/day based on the water table gradient measured at the Fredenhagen site.

Bromide appeared at monitoring location TW1, approximately 11 feet downgradient of the tracer input point, approximately 75 days after tracer input. At TW1 however, bromide concentration increased with depth and was highest at the 20 foot depth, indicating downward as well as horizontal groundwater movement. It did not appear that a peak concentration had been reached as of the last site visit, approximately 80 days after tracer input.

Overall, the groundwater flow direction and velocity estimates from the preliminary tracer testing results appear to agree relatively well with the conventional methods of estimating these parameters. Future site visits should yield better data on tracer movement due to the length of time which has elapsed and the number of monitoring points which may be impacted.

#### 4.4 Water Quality Results

Fifty-two groundwater samples were obtained from the wellpoints installed at the site on November 3 - 5, 1993 and shipped to Southern Analytical Laboratory for analysis. In addition, groundwater was also obtained for analysis from the onsite private well. The laboratory results indicated that the plume of groundwater containing constituents characteristic of STE has extended approximately 35 to 40 feet downgradient. The laboratory results for MBAS, CaCO<sub>3</sub>, BOD<sub>5</sub>, TOC, CL<sup>-</sup>, and SO<sub>4</sub> are summarized in Table 4.7. Laboratory results for the nutrients are summarized in Table 4.8. Final laboratory results are included in Appendix C. Figures 4-3 through 4-9 show concentrations of various parameters in groundwater obtained from wellpoints six feet and 12 feet bgs.

**Phase II MBAS:** With the exception of TW-11, groundwater obtained from the six foot depth during the Phase II study contained concentrations of MBAS above detection limits (Table 4.7). Groundwater obtained from four of the sample points, TW-1, TW-4, TW-5, and TW-10 had MBAS concentrations of 5.7 mg/L, 5.5 mg/L, 4.7 mg/L and 3.3 mg/L, respectively. Groundwater obtained from the remaining sample points contained less than 1 mg/L MBAS. MBAS concentrations in groundwater obtained from the 12 and 20 foot depths were generally not detectable (<0.05 mg/L).

**Phase III MBAS:** MBAS concentrations in groundwater obtained at six feet bgs and at twelve feet bgs are shown in Figure 4-2 and Figure 4-3, respectively. Laboratory results indicate that groundwater obtained from all wellpoints contained MBAS concentrations above background (<0.05 mg/L) at the 6 and 12 foot depths. MBAS concentrations had decreased overall when compared to the Phase II groundwater results. The highest concentrations of MBAS at the 6 foot depth were encountered in groundwater obtained from the wellpoints TW-2, TW-6, TW-8, and TW-9 which contained 1.8 mg/L, 1.5 mg/L, 1.3 mg/L, and 1.2 mg/L, respectively. MBAS concentrations have increased at the 12 foot depth significantly since the Phase II sampling. The highest concentrations of MBAS are now found in groundwater obtained from the 12 foot depth. Groundwater obtained from TW-4, TW-5, and TW-13 at 12' bgs contained MBAS concentrations of 1.9 mg/L, 2.6 mg/L, and 1.2 mg/L, respectively. MBAS was not detected in groundwater obtained from the 20 foot depth.

**Table 4.7 Summary of Water Quality Results (mg/L unless otherwise noted)  
November 3-5, 1993**

Sample Point	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	MBAS	Total Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	BOD <sub>5</sub>	TOC	Cl <sup>-</sup>	SO <sub>4</sub>
STE (11/3/93)	N/A	28.00	160	199	82.0	64	4.0
Tap H <sub>2</sub> O	N/A	<0.05	160	--	<1	9.5	<2
TW-1	6	0.44	210	<1	5.7	51	54
	12	0.54 (0.46)	260 (260)	--	6.1 (7.0)	250 (250)	36 (38)
	20	<0.05	130	--	2.1	230	91
TW-2	6	1.8	220	6.2	11.0	52	110
	12	0.32 (0.27)	210 (210)	--	4.7 (4.6)	40 (40)	36 (35)
	20	<0.05	85	--	2.3	21	100
TW-3	6	0.14	180	<1	4.6	46	38
	12	0.75	130	--	8.0	44	52
	20	<0.05	83	--	2.5	24	100
TW-4	6	0.65 (0.52)	160 (160)	--	6.0 (5.9)	49 (50)	95 (90)
	12	1.9	180	--	13.0	46	15
	20	<0.05	43	--	1.6	23	66
TW-5	6	0.26	140	--	4.8	41	56
	12	2.6	170	--	14.0	46	25
	20	<0.05	22	--	1.9	11	2
TW-6	6	1.5	120	--	12.0	52	84
	12	0.20	130	--	5.8	36	<2
	20	<0.05	75	--	1.2	26	60
TW-7	6	0.66	80	--	9.8	62	83
	12	0.09	100	--	5.1	20	<2
	20	<0.05	59	--	<1	16	57
TW-8	6	1.3	110	--	12.0	49	50
	12	<0.05	75	--	2.9	9.8	<2
	20	<0.05	83	--	1.2	24	66
TW-9	6	1.2 (1.3)	120 (93)	---	11.0 (9.9)	45 (49)	19 (20)
	12	0.21	100	--	5.2	16	<2
	20	<0.05	47	--	1.3	18	22
TW-10	6	0.25	120	---	4.7	48	45
TW-11	6	0.93	310	---	7.9	100	140
TW-12	6	0.54	240	---	9.9	52	<2
TW-13	6	<0.05	45	--	4.6	2.1	4
	12	1.2	100	--	11	37	10
	20	<0.05	99	---	1.5	10	38
TW-14	6	0.12	35	--	6.1	12	4
	12	0.44	89	--	6.2	16	<2
	20	<0.05	93	--	1.6	11	29
TW-15	6	0.10	69	--	11	13	25
	12	0.99	200	--	10	43	17
	20	<0.05	99	--	1.3	13	23

Table 4.7. Continued

Sample Point	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	MBAS	Total Hardness (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	BOD <sub>5</sub>	TOC	CL <sup>-</sup>	SO <sub>4</sub>
TW-16	6	0.15	120	<1	8.9	300	47
	12	0.54	100	--	6.8	41	44
	20	<0.05	110	--	1.6	28	120
TW-17	6	0.10	180	<1	4.4	46	49
	12	0.63 (0.57)	67 (73)	--	6.4 (6.3)	38 (38)	39 (38)
	20	<0.05	110	--	1.4	29	130
TW-18	6	0.15	190	<1	4.0	50	36
	12	0.81	91	--	7.1	40	44
	20	<0.05	110	--	1.5	28	130
BW-1	5	<0.05	22	--	3.1	12	12
	10	<0.05	35	--	5.9	3	16
	15	<0.05	65	--	1.6	29	56
	20	<0.05	110	--	1.4	32	120

-- Not analyzed

MBAS- Methylene Blue Active Substance

TOC-Total Organic Carbon

(73)- Duplicate Sample

Cl<sup>-</sup>- Chloride

SO<sub>4</sub>- Sulfate

Table 4.8 Continued

Sample Point	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	TKN	NH <sub>3</sub> -N	NO <sub>3</sub> -N	TP
TW-15	6	3.60	3.00	<0.01	0.32
	12	0.83	0.70	<0.01	<0.01
	20	0.12	0.08	<0.01	<0.01
TW-16	6	1.00	0.08	59.15	16.00
	12	0.52	0.03	9.8	0.29
	20	0.14	0.04	<0.01	<0.01
TW-17	6	7.10	8.40	52.00	5.3
	12	0.56 (0.59)	0.02 (0.02)	11.00 (11.0)	<0.01 (0.17)
	20	0.11	0.02	0.02	<0.01
TW-18	6	7.30	9.10	50.00	2.2
	12	0.54	0.03	9.34	0.02
	20	0.11	0.04	<0.01	<0.01
BW-1	5	0.16	0.03	0.17	<0.01
	10	0.29	0.10	<0.01	<0.01
	15	0.18	0.04	<0.01	<0.01
	20	0.10	0.06	0.33	<0.01

-- Not analyzed  
 TP-Total Phosphorus  
 (-) Duplicate Sample

NH<sub>3</sub>-N- Ammonia Nitrogen  
 NO<sub>3</sub>-Nitrate-Nitrite-Nitrogen

**Phase II Total Hardness:** Total hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub> was not analyzed during the Phase II study.

**Phase III Total Hardness:** Total hardness (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) in groundwater obtained from 6 feet bgs ranged from 35 mg/L at sample point TW-14 to 310 mg/L at sample point TW-11. Background levels of total hardness were 22 mg/L at 5 feet bgs. Generally, total hardness concentrations at the 6 foot depth were higher closer to the infiltration system and decreased further downgradient. Total hardness in groundwater obtained from the 12 foot depth ranged from 67 mg/L at sample point TW-17 to 260 mg/L at sample point TW-1. Background levels of total hardness at 10 feet bgs were 35 mg/L. Total hardness was less than or equal to background (110 mg/L) in groundwater obtained from all wellpoints at the 20 foot depth with the exception of groundwater obtained from TW-1 which had 130 mg/L as CaCO<sub>3</sub>.

**Phase II Five Day Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>):** BOD<sub>5</sub>, a general measure of organic content, was not analyzed in the Phase II study.

**Phase III Five Day Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>):** BOD<sub>5</sub> was analyzed in groundwater obtained from five random sample points at the six foot depth during the Phase III study. With the exception of TW-2, which had a BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration of 6.2 mg/L, groundwater obtained from wellpoints at the six foot depth were found to have less BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration than the method detection limit. These results indicate that BOD<sub>5</sub> is being effectively removed in the sandy soils, despite the thin unsaturated zone.

**Phase II Total Organic Carbon (TOC):** With the exception of TW-11 and TW-12, TOC concentrations were above background (4.3 mg/L) concentrations in groundwater obtained from all wellpoints installed at the six foot depth. Concentrations of TOC at the six foot level ranged from 5.6 mg/L in groundwater obtained from TW-3 to 26 mg/L in groundwater obtained from TW-1. Concentrations of TOC for all wellpoints at the 12 foot depth were generally at or below the 3.8 mg/L background level recorded at the 10 foot depth. Concentrations of TOC for all wellpoints at the 20 foot depth were generally very similar to the 1.3 mg/L background level recorded at the 15 foot depth.

**Phase III Total Organic Carbon (TOC):** Total organic carbon (TOC) concentrations during the phase III monitoring were above background (3.1 mg/L) concentrations in groundwater obtained from all wellpoints installed at the six foot depth. Concentrations ranged from 4.0 mg/L at TW18-6' to 12 mg/L in groundwater obtained from TW6-6' and TW8-6'. TOC concentrations have increased when compared to Phase II results at the 12' depths. Background concentrations of TOC at 10' bgs were 5.9 mg/L. The TOC concentrations in groundwater at 12' bgs obtained from TW-1, TW-3, TW-4, TW-5, TW-13, TW-14, TW-15, TW-16, TW-17, and TW-18 exceeded background concentrations. The highest TOC concentrations were measured at TW4-12' and TW5-12', at 13 mg/L and 14 mg/L, respectively.

**Phase II Chloride:** During Phase II monitoring, chloride concentrations were above background levels (13 mg/L) in groundwater obtained from all sample locations at the

was impacted by STE. Chloride concentrations at the 12 foot depth were generally much lower than the 6 foot depth, but then increased at the 20 foot depth. Background chloride concentrations also increased from the five foot depth to the deeper points. Groundwater from only one downgradient wellpoint (TW-3), installed at the 12 foot depth, had a chloride concentration above the 10 foot depth background level of 31 mg/L. Although the chloride concentrations obtained from groundwater at the 20 foot depths were elevated above the background level of 27 mg/L for that depth, the concentrations consistently ranged from 40 mg/L to 44 mg/L.

**Phase III Chloride:** Phase III chloride concentrations at six feet bgs are shown on Figure 4-4. Chloride concentrations in groundwater obtained during the Phase III study were above background (12 mg/L) at all wellpoints except TW-13, TW-14, and TW-15, which are furthest from the infiltration system. Chloride concentrations in groundwater obtained from all wellpoints at the 12 foot depth were above background (3 mg/L). With the exception of TW-1, chloride concentrations in groundwater obtained from wellpoints installed at the 20 foot depth were below background (32 mg/L). A chloride concentration of 230 mg/L was found in groundwater obtained from the wellpoint TW-1 at the 20 foot depth.

**Phase II & III Sulfate:** Although the average sulfate concentrations in STE from this study ranged only from 2.4 mg/L to 5 mg/L, sulfate concentrations in groundwater range from less than the method detection limit (2 mg/L) to 140 mg/L. Background concentrations range from 12 mg/L at 5 feet bgs to 120 mg/L at 20 feet bgs indicating a significant contribution of sulfate from a native source. No correlation between STE and sulfate in groundwater can be determined.

**Phase II Nitrogen:** Concentrations of ammonia nitrogen in groundwater samples obtained from the wellpoints at 6 feet bgs were consistently elevated. Groundwater obtained at the sample points TW-1, TW-4, TW-6, TW-7, TW-8, and TW-9 at 6 feet bgs contained NH<sub>3</sub>-N concentrations greater than 20 mg/L. Nitrate-nitrite-nitrogen concentrations in the groundwater obtained were below detection limits at most sample points. These results appear to indicate anoxic conditions near the infiltration area which restricted nitrification of ammonia.

Ammonia nitrogen concentrations were either at or below background (0.10 mg/L) at the 12 foot depth. Groundwater obtained at the 20 foot depth, however, contained NO<sub>3</sub>-N concentrations that ranged from 2.1 mg/L to 2.9 mg/L at all locations except TW-5. This appears to indicate another source of nitrogen, but background concentrations were very low, refuting this theory.

**Phase III Nitrogen:** Figure 4-5 shows the ammonia nitrogen and nitrate-nitrite-nitrogen concentrations at six feet below ground surface during Phase III. NH<sub>3</sub>-N concentrations are generally comparable to those encountered in the Phase II investigation. NH<sub>3</sub>-N concentrations greater than 20 mg/L were found in groundwater obtained from sample points TW-2, TW-4, TW-5, TW-6, TW-7, TW-9 and TW-10 at 6 feet bgs. Background concentrations of NH<sub>3</sub>-N at the 5 foot depth were 0.03 mg/L.

Nitrate-Nitrite-Nitrogen concentrations have increased in groundwater obtained from most wellpoints installed at 6 feet bgs. The highest concentrations of NO<sub>3</sub>-N were encountered in groundwater obtained from beneath the infiltration system.

Groundwater obtained from sample points TW-16, TW-17, and TW-18 at the 6 foot depth were 59 mg/L, 52 mg/L and 50 mg/L, respectively. NO<sub>3</sub>-N concentrations greater than 10 mg/L were observed in groundwater 25 feet downgradient of the infiltration system. Background concentrations of NO<sub>3</sub>-N at the 5 foot depth were 0.17 mg/L. Figure 4-7 shows the estimated nitrate plume November 3 - 5, 1993.

Ammonia nitrogen concentrations were low (< 0.12 mg/L) at all 12' bgs locations during Phase III monitoring, except TW-13, 14, and 15. Ammonia nitrogen concentrations at these monitoring locations were 16 mg/L, 6.7 mg/L and 0.70 mg/L, respectively. Since these points are furthest from the OSDS, this suggests that the groundwater table was very high at the time this water was under the drainfield.

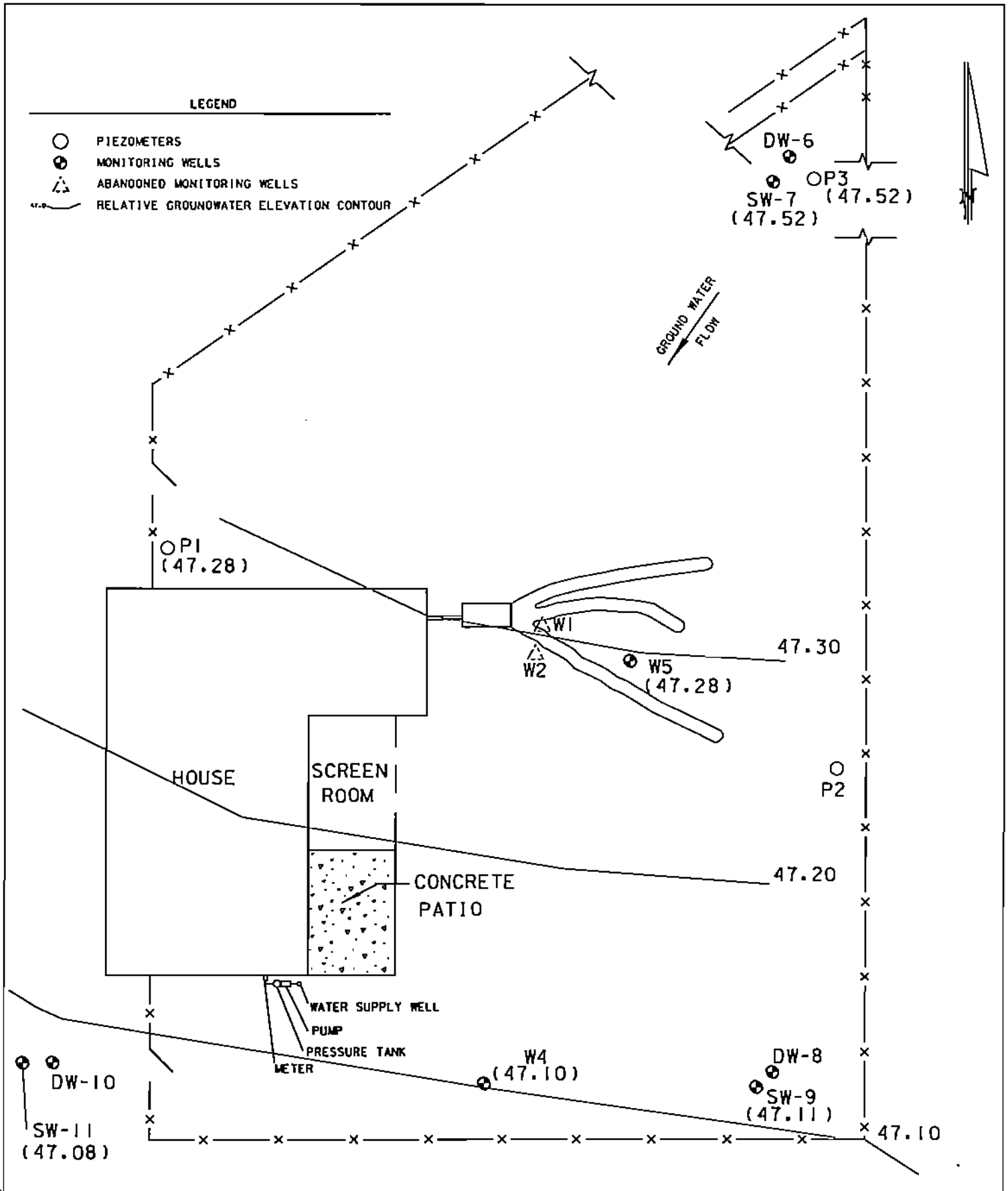
NO<sub>3</sub>-N concentration were elevated above background (<0.01 mg/L) in seven wellpoints located at 12 feet bgs. Sample points TW-1, TW-2, TW-3, TW-6, TW-16, TW-17 and TW-18 had NO<sub>3</sub>-N concentrations of 14.2 mg/L, 19.4 mg/L, 19.5 mg/L, 1.4 mg/L, 9.8 mg/L, 11.0 mg/L and 9.3 mg/L, respectively. With the exception of TW-6, these sample points are located adjacent to (within 5 feet) of the infiltration system. Concentrations of both ammonia and nitrate nitrogen were low at the 20' bgs depth except at TW-1, where NO<sub>3</sub>-N was measured at 3.1 mg/L.

**Phase II Total Phosphorus:** All groundwater obtained from the sample points located six feet bgs had concentrations of total phosphorus higher than background concentrations. Groundwater obtained from the sample points closest to the septic tank and Trench 1, TW-1 and TW-2, had total phosphorus concentrations similar to the STE sample obtained during the same sampling event indicating limited treatment or adsorption of phosphorus was occurring at the time of sampling. Previous studies (Stolt and Reneau, 1991; Cogger, et al. 1988) have shown that elevated water tables reduce phosphorus attenuation, especially in sandier soils that have less adsorptive capacity, initially. Total phosphorus concentrations in groundwater obtained from the 12 and 20 foot depths were less than 0.20 mg/L which was similar to the background concentrations at 10 feet (0.02 mg/L) and 15 feet (0.01 mg/L).

**Phase III Total Phosphorus:** Total phosphorus concentrations in groundwater obtained from 6 feet bgs during the Phase II investigation are shown in Figure 4-8. Total phosphorus concentrations remain elevated above background (<0.01 mg/L). The highest concentrations are found in groundwater obtained closest to the infiltration system. Total phosphorous concentrations are gradually reduced further downgradient. Total phosphorus concentrations at the 12 foot depth are elevated above background (<0.01 mg/L) in seven of the wellpoints (Figure 4-9). Wellpoints located adjacent to the infiltration area had the highest total phosphorous concentrations. Total phosphorous concentrations at 12 feet bgs in wellpoint TW-16, TW-3, TW-4, and TW-5 were 0.29 mg/L, 0.22 mg/L, 0.10 mg/L, and 0.18 mg/L, respectively. Groundwater collected from the remaining three wellpoints (TW-18, TW-6, and TW-13) contained total phosphorus concentrations at less than 0.10 mg/L. Total phosphorus concentrations 20 feet bgs were generally near or at background.

**Summary:** In summary, groundwater analytical results indicated that the extent of significantly impacted groundwater extends approximately 25 to 30 feet downgradient of the onsite wastewater treatment system. Several indicator substances, including

MBAS, were found in detectable quantities in groundwater located 35 to 40 feet from the infiltration area. Several STE parameters have also increased at the 12 foot depths indicating that groundwater carrying STE substances has moved vertically as well as horizontally.



FILE: 01100v1100-4155 sgrwater.dgn  
DATE: 12-Apr-94 11:33

SCALE SCALE: 1"=20'

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

REVISED:	
DRAWN BY:	DATE:
MW	4/94
CHECKED BY:	DATE:
APPROVED BY:	DATE:

SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT  
RELATIVE GROUNDWATER  
ELEVATION CONTOUR MAP  
(November 5, 1993)

FIGURE:  
4-1

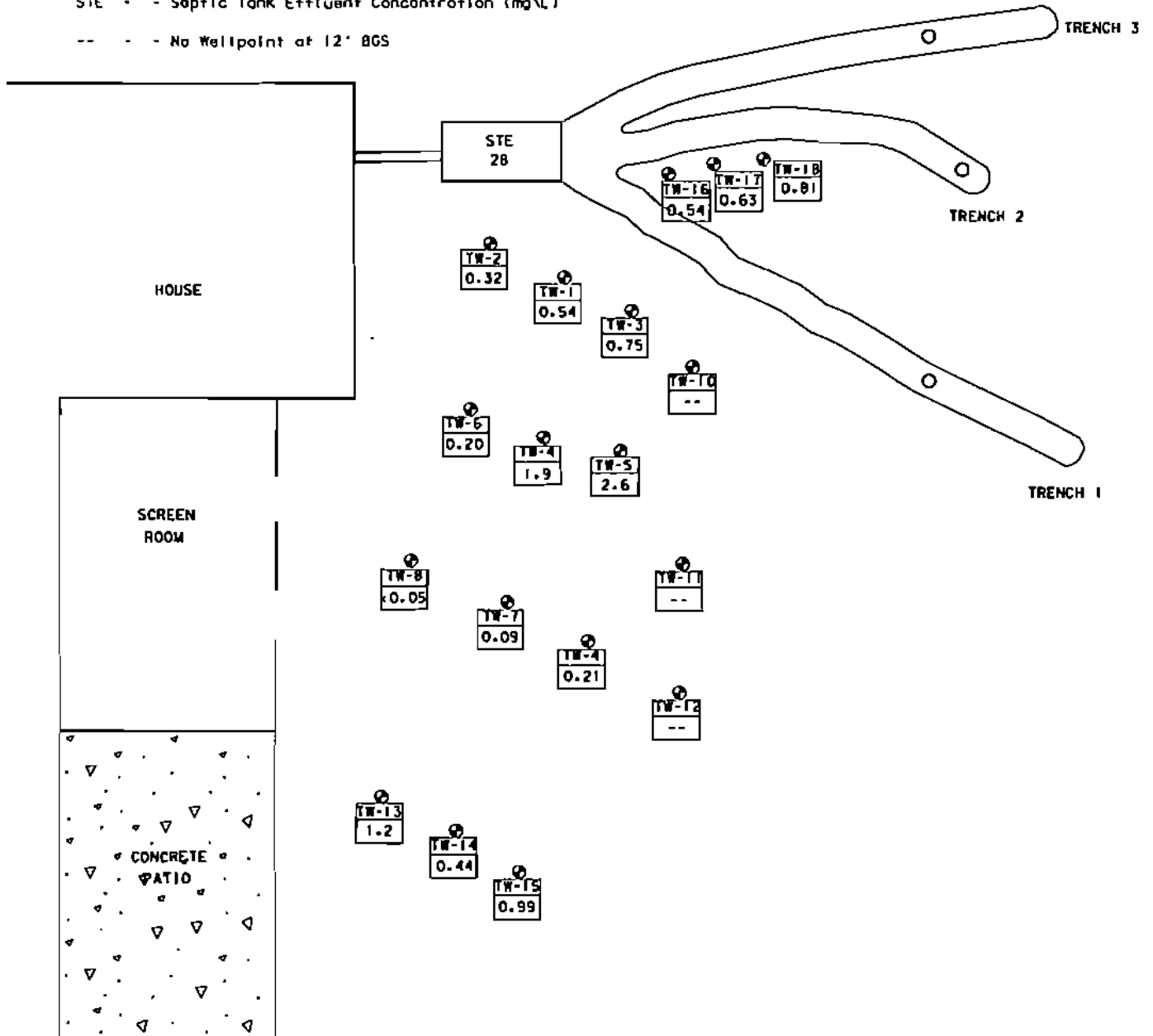


LEGEND

- TW-xx  
MBAS
- TW - - Sample Point Location ID
- MBAS - - Methylene Blue Active Substance Concentration (mg/L)
- STE - - Septic Tank Effluent Concentration (mg/L)
- - - No Wellpoint at 12' BGS

BW-1  
0.05

GROUND WATER  
FLOW



SCALE: 1"=10'

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

REVISED	
DRAWN BY:	DATE:
M. W.	4/94
CHECKED BY:	DATE:
APPROVED BY:	DATE:

SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT

**MBAS  
CONCENTRATIONS**  
(11/3-5/93)

(12' BGS approx. 10' INTO THE WATER TABLE)

FIGURE:  
  
4-3

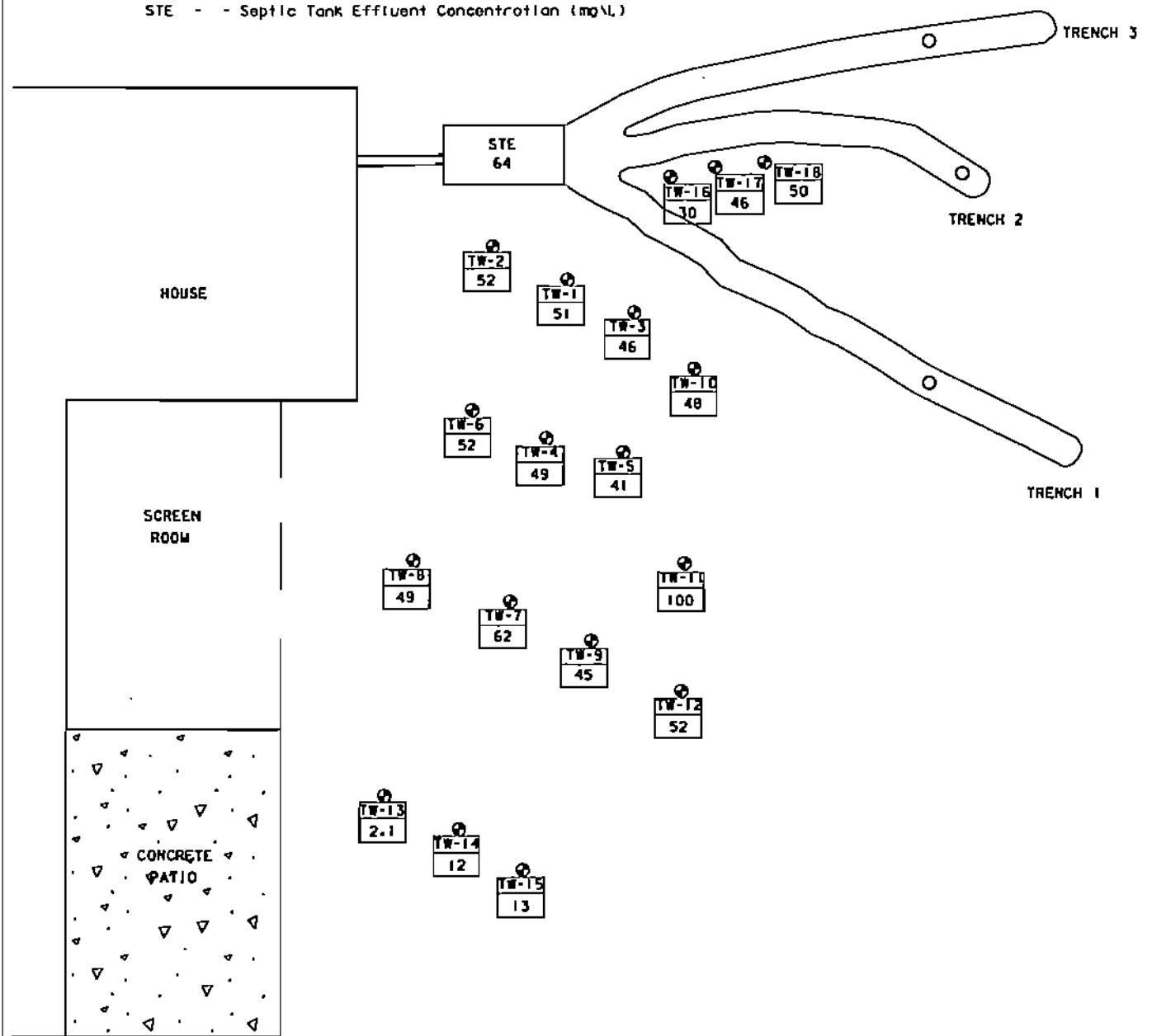
FILE: 11-10-94  
 DATE: 11-10-94  
 PROJECT: 11-10-94

LEGEND

- TW-XX  
CL - - Sample Point Location ID
- CL - - Chloride Concentration (mg/L)
- STE - - Septic Tank Effluent Concentration (mg/L)

GROUND WATER  
FLOW

BW-1  
12



FILE: 1100... DATE: 8-Apr-94

SCALE: 1"=10'

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

REVISED	
DRAWN BY:	DATE:
M. W.	4/94
CHECKED BY:	DATE:
APPROVED BY:	DATE:

SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT  
CHLORIDE  
CONCENTRATIONS  
(11/3-5/93)  
(6' BGS APPROX. 4' INTO THE WATER TABLE)

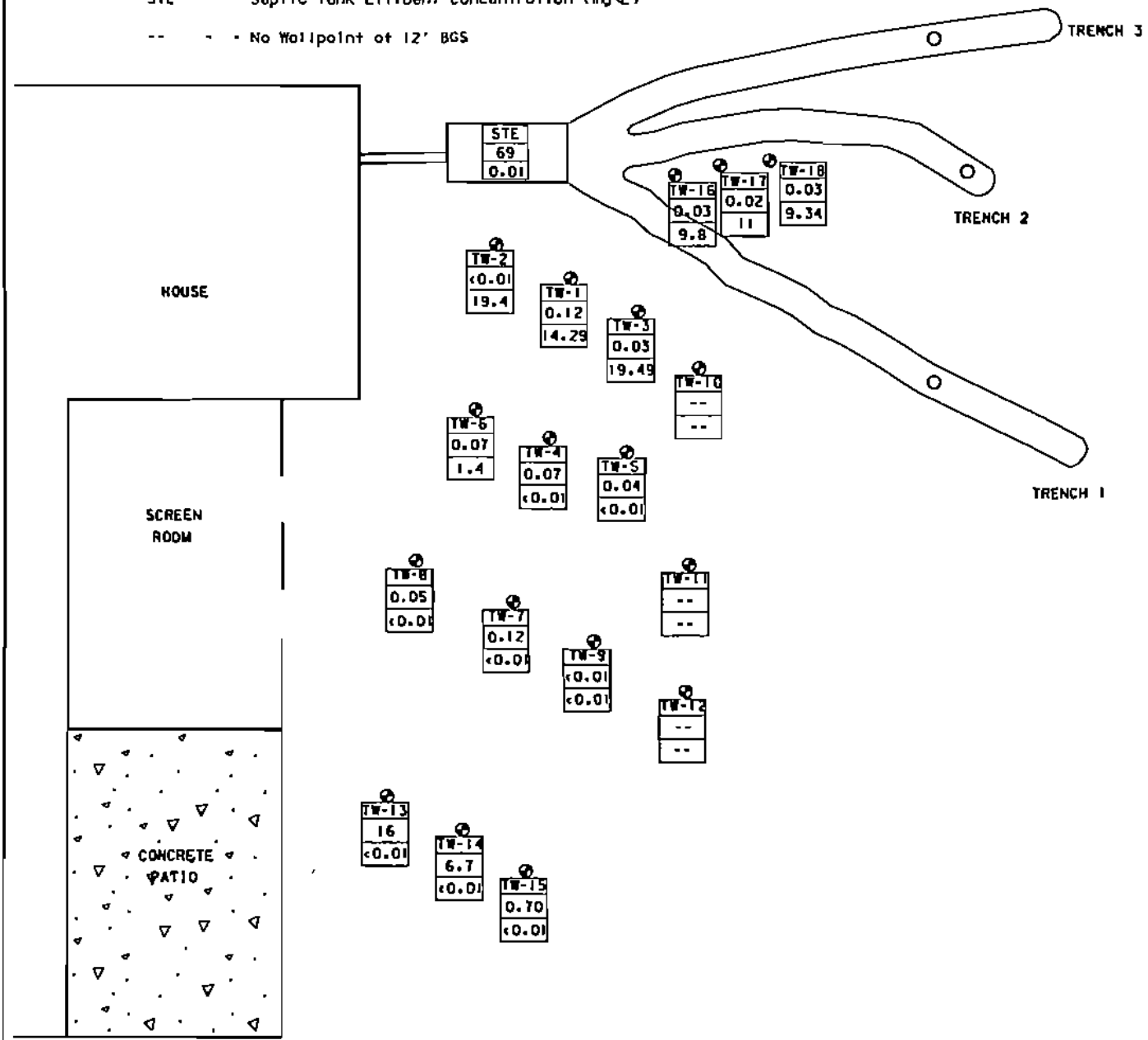
FIGURE:  
  
4-4



LEGEND

- |                    |
|--------------------|
| TW-NW              |
| NH <sub>3</sub> -N |
| NO <sub>3</sub> -N |
- TW - - Sample Point Location ID
- NH<sub>3</sub>-N - - Ammonia Nitrogen Concentration (mg/L)
- NO<sub>3</sub>-N - - Nitrate-Nitrogen Concentration
- STE - - Septic Tank Effluent Concentration (mg/L)
- - - No Wallpoint of 12' BGS

BW-1
0.10
<0.01



FILE: 13-APR-94 08:23:41 206

SCALE: 1"=10'

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

REVISED

DRAWN BY: M.W.      DATE: 4/94

CHECKED BY:      DATE:

APPROVED BY:      DATE:

SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT

**AMMONIA-NITROGEN &  
NITRATE-NITRITE-NITROGEN  
CONCENTRATIONS (11/3-5/93)**

(12' BGS APPROX. 10' INTO THE WATER TABLE)

FIGURE:

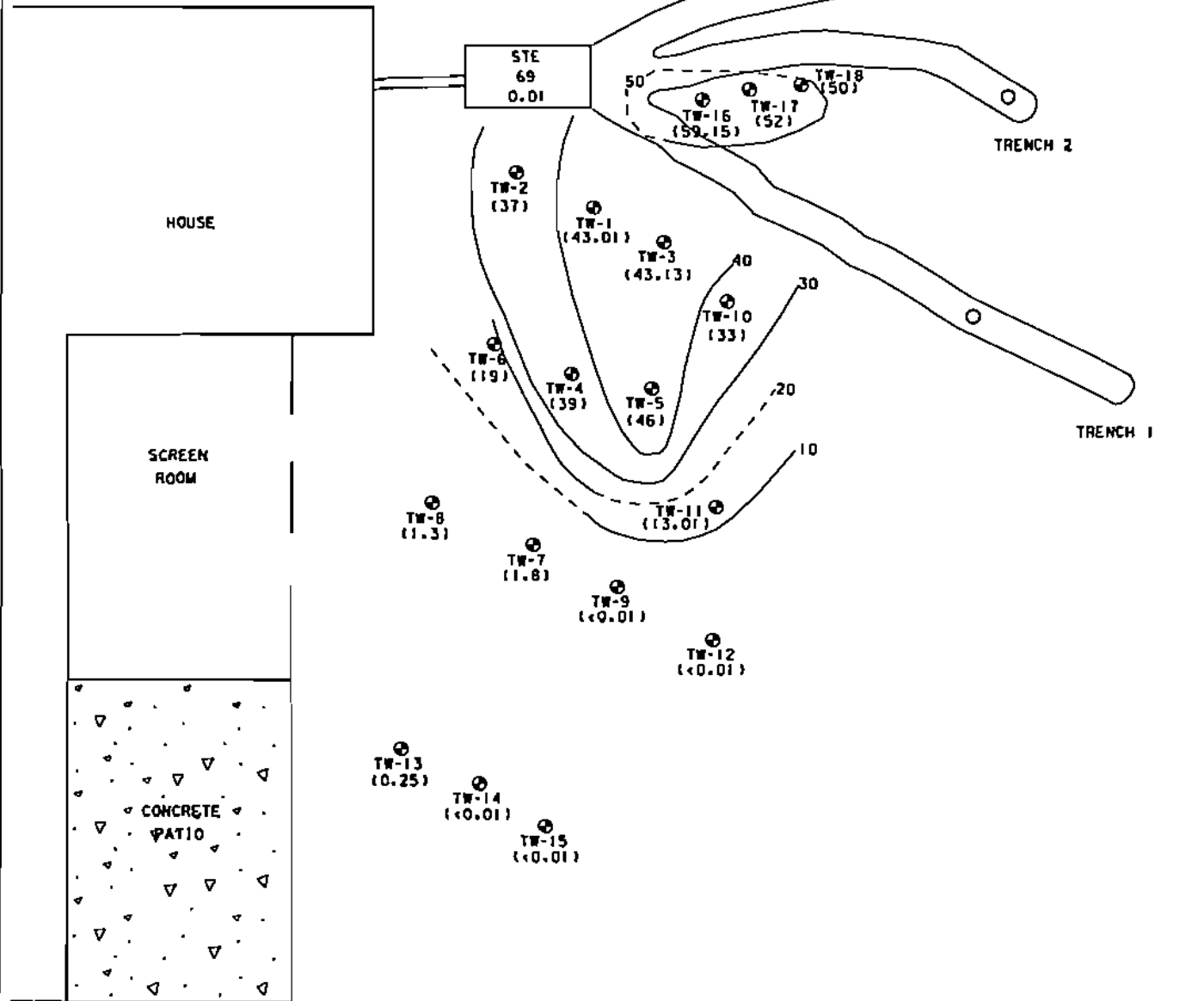
4-6

LEGEND

- TW - - Sample Point Location ID
- (37) - - Nitrate-Nitrogen Concentration
- STE - - Septic Tank Effluent Concentration (mg/L)
- 50 - - Nitrate-Nitrogen Concentration Contour (mg/L)
- 50 - - Inferred Total Nitrate-Nitrogen Concentration Contour (mg/L)

BW-1  
(0.17)

GROUND WATER  
FLOW



SCALE: 1"=10'

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

REVISED

DRAWN BY:	DATE:
M.W.	4/94
CHECKED BY:	DATE:
APPROVED BY:	DATE:

SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT  
NITRATE-NITRITE-NITROGEN  
CONCENTRATION MAP  
(11/3-5/93)  
(6' BGS APPROX. 4' INTO THE WATER TABLE)

FIGURE:

4-7

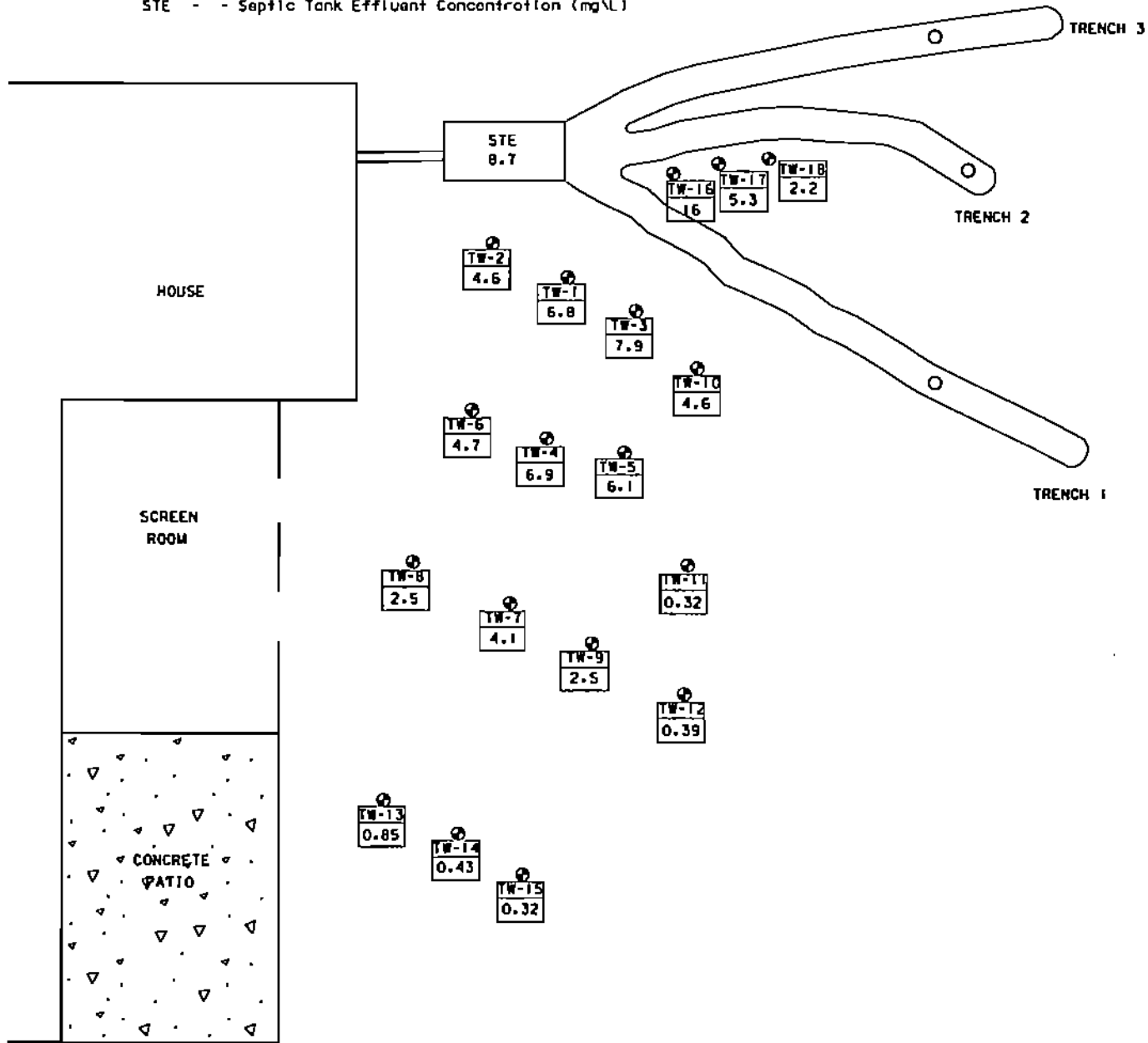
FILE: 12-7-94...  
 DATE: 12-7-94 11:48

LEGEND

- TW-XX  
TP - - Sample Point Location ID
- TP - - Total Phosphorus Concentration (mg/L)
- STE - - Septic Tank Effluent Concentration (mg/L)

GROUND WATER  
FLOW

BW-1  
0.01



FILE: g:\phosphorus\16723-phosphorus\16723-phosphorus.dwg DATE: 11-APR-94

SCALE: 1"=10'

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

REVISED	
DRAWN BY:	DATE:
M. W.	4/94
CHECKED BY:	DATE:
APPROVED BY:	DATE:

SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT  
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS  
CONCENTRATION MAP  
(11/3-5/93)  
(6" BGS APPROX. 4' INTO THE WATER TABLE)

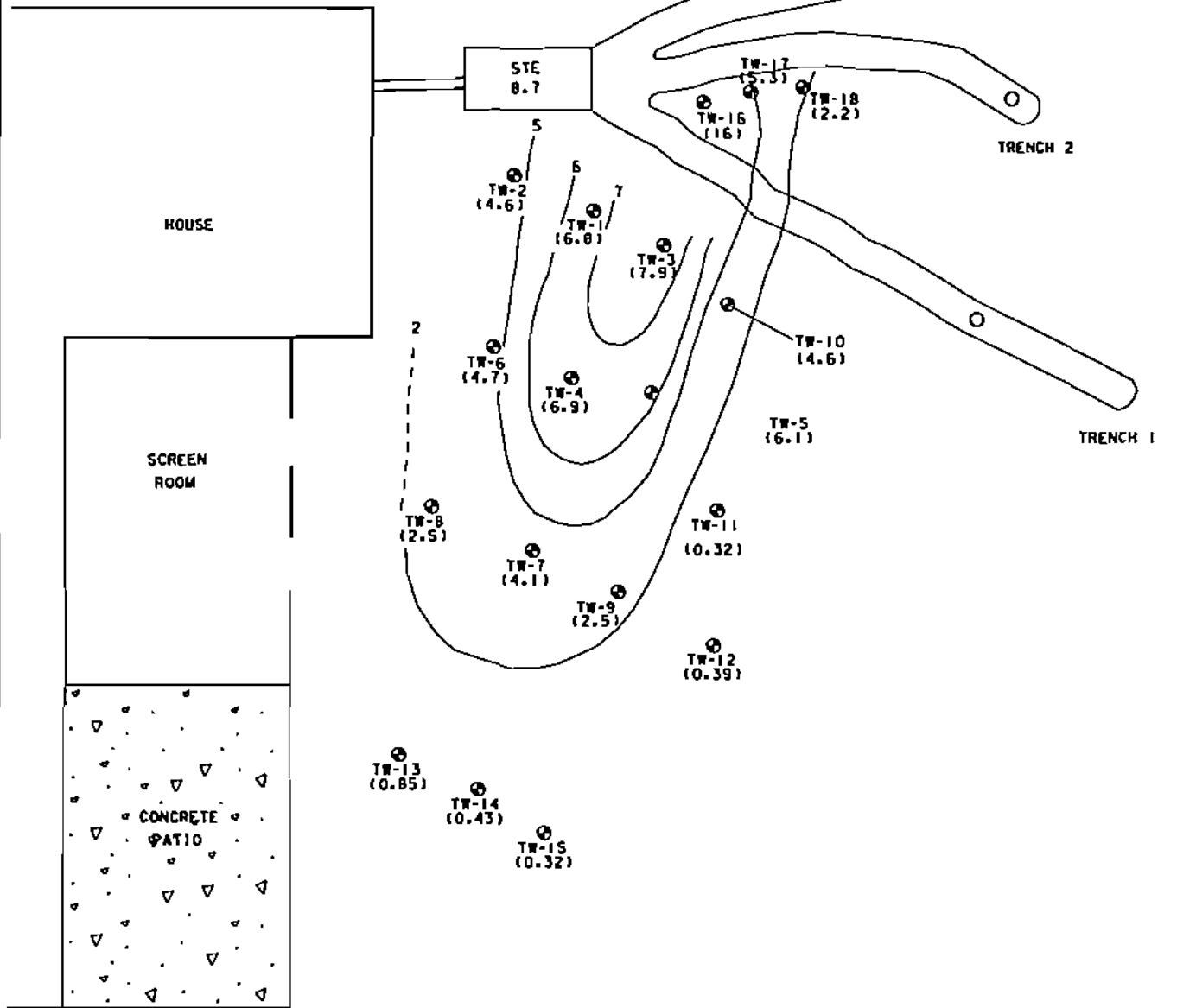
FIGURE:  
  
4-8

LEGEND

- TW - - Sample Point Location ID
- (6.8) - - Total Phosphorus Concentration (mg/L)
- STE - - Septic Tank Effluent Concentration (mg/L)
- - - Total Phosphorus Concentration Contour (mg/L)
- ⊖ - - Inferred Total Phosphorus Concentration Contour

BW-1  
(<0.01)

GROUND WATER  
FLOW



SCALE: 1"=10'

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

REVISED	
DRAWN BY:	DATE:
M. W.	4/94
CHECKED BY:	DATE:
APPROVED BY:	DATE:

SDA ONSITE WASTEWATER  
TREATMENT SYSTEM PROJECT  
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS  
CONCENTRATION MAP  
(11/3-5/93)

(6' BGS APPROX. 4' INTO THE WATER TABLE)

FIGURE:

4-9

FILE: I:\proj\94\08170\phosp\...  
DATE: 13-APR-94

**SOUTHERN ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.**

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLOSMAR, FLORIDA 34677

813-855-1844

Ayres Associates  
RSE Group  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

September 8, 1993  
Project No. 05925  
Page 1 of 6

**LABORATORY REPORT**

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 01 - Water, STE-1, sampled 8/15/93, 1700  
02 - Water, STE-2, sampled 8/16/93, 1430  
03 - Water, STE-3, sampled 8/17/93, 1445  
04 - Water, STE-4, sampled 8/18/93, 1445

**Date Received:** 8/17 (01,02) 8/19/93 (03,04)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(01)</u> <u>STE-1</u>	<u>(02)</u> <u>STE-2</u>	<u>(03)</u> <u>STE-3</u>	<u>(04)</u> <u>STE-4</u>
Chloride	mg/l	65	53	65	56
Sulfate	mg/l	4	< 2	< 2	< 2
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	27	24	8.3	21
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	42	36	36	46
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.02
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	54	57	67	68
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	8.1	8.3	7.0	7.5
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	78	79	81	79
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	174	187	160	168
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	54	57	62	66
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.05	< 0.05	5.0	2.0
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	180	180	180	180



Francis I. Daniels  
Laboratory Director

Ayres Associates  
RSE Group  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

September 8, 1993  
Project No. 05925  
Page 2 of 6

LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
**Sample Description:** 05 - Water, STE-8, sampled 8/18/93, 1615  
06 - Equipment Blank, sampled 8/18/93, 1445  
07 - Spiked Blank, sampled 8/18/93, 1500  
23 - Water, STE-5, sampled 8/19/93, 1400  
**Date Received:** 8/19 (05-07) 8/20/93 (23)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(05) STE-8</u>	<u>(06) Equip. Blank</u>	<u>(07) Spiked Blank</u>	<u>(23) STE-5</u>
Chloride	mg/l	55	< 1	--	41
Sulfate	mg/l	< 2	< 2	--	13
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	23	< 0.05	17	16
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	52	< 1	--	35
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.02	0.02	--	0.02
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	--	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	68	0.06	--	68
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	7.7	< 0.01	--	6.9
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	83	< 1	--	74
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	171	< 1	--	166
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	66	< 0.01	--	61
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	2.0	0.06	--	7.0
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	180	< 2	--	170



Francis I. Daniels  
Laboratory Director

Ayres Associates  
 RSE Group  
 3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
 Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
 Tampa, Florida 33619

September 8, 1993  
 Project No. 05925  
 Page 3 of 6

LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
 Sample Description: 24 - Water, STE-4, Spiked Eff., sampled 8/18/93, 1740  
 25 - Water, STE-6, sampled 8/20/93, 1400  
 26 - Water, STE-6, Spiked Eff., sampled 8/20/93, 1430  
 27 - Water, STE-7, sampled 8/21/93, 1530  
 Date Received: 8/23/93

Parameter	Units	(24) STE-4 Spiked Eff.	(25) STE-6	(26) STE-6 Spiked Eff.	(27) STE-7	Method Blank
Chloride	mg/l	--	57	--	51	< 1
Sulfate	mg/l	--	< 2	--	< 2	< 2
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	33	18	18	16	< 0.05
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	--	30	--	28	< 1
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	--	0.01	--	0.01	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	--	< 0.01	--	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	--	78	--	77	< 0.05
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	--	10	--	9.4	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	--	190	--	184	< 1
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	--	409	--	419	< 1
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	--	61	--	64	< 0.01
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	--	17	--	13	< 0.05
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	--	180	--	180	< 2

  
 Francis I. Daniels  
 Laboratory Director



First Coast Environmental Laboratory, Inc.  
Sample Receiving Report

Date Rec'd: 8/14/97 Lab ID No.: 9328-96  
 Client Name: Ayres & Associates Project Name: St. Johns CDA  
 Received By: BUS 02320

How were the samples delivered to the laboratory?

Client Cooler  FCEL Cooler  Box  Other   
 Hand Delivery  Shipper  Name: PDS BOL 371841

Any Discrepancies in this section must be explained below and referred to a laboratory management individual for resolution

- |  | YES  | NO   |
|--|--|--|
| 1. Were custody papers included with samples?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          | <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 2. Were custody papers properly filled out?<br>(ink, signed, labels match?)              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          | <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 3. Were samples in direct contact with Wet Ice?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          | <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 4. Did all samples arrive intact/not leaking?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          | <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 5. Were all bottle labels complete?<br>(Sample #, Date, Station, Signed, Anal./Preserv.) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          | <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 6. Were Correct containers used for requested analyses?                                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          | <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 7. Were proper preservation techniques indicated?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          | <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 8. Were samples received with adequate holding time?                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   |
| 9. VOA/VOC Containers checked for bubbles?   | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  |
|  | Present <input type="checkbox"/>             | Absent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                     |
| 10. Were samples accepted in lab?  |  |  |
|  | Accepted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Held for Management <input type="checkbox"/> Rejected <input type="checkbox"/> |

Comments: Samples to be sent to Holding Line per  
prior discussion with Jeff of Ayres & Assoc. To be  
done anyway (Bill)

**Actions taken:**

Lab Management notified: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time \_\_\_\_\_

Client Contacted: \_\_\_\_\_ By: \_\_\_\_\_

**Final Resolution:**

\_\_\_\_\_

# FIRST COAST ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY, INC.

August 19, 1993

Ayres Associates  
Engineers / Environmental Scientists  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive - Suite 100  
Tampa, FL 33619

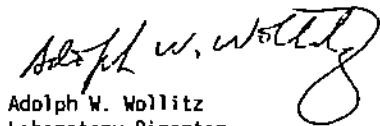
Attn: Jeff Rawles

Reference: FCEL Lab #93DB-103  
Sample collected 1455 hr. on 8-17-93  
Sample received 1612 hr. on 8-17-93  
(1) Project Code 4155.1

<u>PARAMETER</u>		<u># 1</u>		<u>DATE/TIME</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>	
Fecal Coliform	#/100 ml	1.2 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	**	Set/ OFF	8-18/1300 8-19/1330	AWW AWW

Note: \*\* Samples to be out of holding time per prior discussion with Jeff of Ayres & Assoc.  
Samples should be done anyway.

Respectfully submitted:



Adolph W. Wollitz  
Laboratory Director  
FHR5 Lab #E02102  
FHR5 Lab #82110  
EPA #FL062  
DER Comp QAPP # 870222G

AWW/tb

9308-103

First Coast Environmental

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

PROJECT CODE: 4155.10		SAMPLED BY: JAR/CGH			ANALYSES REQUESTED														
PROJECT NAME: SPA - St. Johns Co.		/										COMMENTS							
SAMPLE FIELD ID	LAB ID	COLLECTION DATE/TIME	SAMPLE MATERIAL	NUMBER OF CONTAINERS	FIELD READINGS			REMARKS											COMMENTS
					PH	COND	TEMP												
STC-3		8/17/93 1455	H <sub>2</sub> O	3															
RELINQUISHED BY (SIGNATURE)		DATE/TIME		CARRIER		RECEIVED BY				DATE/TIME									
[Signature]		8/17/93 1525		PDS		[Signature] (804)				8/17/93 35									
RELINQUISHED BY (SIGNATURE)		DATE/TIME		CARRIER		RECEIVED BY				DATE/TIME									
[Signature]				PDS		[Signature]				8/17/93 1602									
REMARKS												PDS BOH. 372059							

PROJECT FILE COPY: WHITE

CHAIN OF CUSTODY COPY: YELLOW

LABORATORY FILE COPY: PINK

LABORATORY CHECK IN COPY: GOLD

Laboratory: Please Return Gold Copy When Samples Are Checked In.

AUG 16 1993

First Coast Environmental Laboratory, Inc.  
Sample Receiving Report

Date Rec'd: 8-17-93

Lab ID No.: 938-108

Client Name: Ayres Assoc.

Project Name: 4100-10

Received By: B. O. B. Terry

02279

How were the Samples delivered to the laboratory?

Client Cooler  FCEL Cooler  Box  Other

Hand Delivery  Shipper  Name: FDS Bill 372059

Any Discrepancies in this section must be explained below and referred to a laboratory management individual for resolution

- |   | YES                                 | NO                       |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Were custody papers included with samples?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. Were custody papers properly filled out?<br>(ink, signed, labels match?)   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. Were samples in direct contact with Wet Ice?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. Did all samples arrive intact/not leaking?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. Were all bottle labels complete?<br>(Sample #, Date, Station, Signed, Anal./Preserv.)                                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6. Were Correct containers used for requested analyses?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7. Were proper preservation techniques indicated?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8. Were samples received with adequate holding time?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9. VOA/VOC Containers checked for bubbles?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|   | <input type="checkbox"/> N/A        | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 10. Were samples accepted in lab?   |                                     |                          |
| Present <input type="checkbox"/> Absent <input type="checkbox"/>  |                                     |                          |
| Accepted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Held for Management <input type="checkbox"/> Rejected <input type="checkbox"/> |                                     |                          |

Comments: Sample holding time not observed per Talk of Ayres's  
in lab at 8/18/93

Actions taken:

Lab Management notified: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time \_\_\_\_\_

Client Contacted: \_\_\_\_\_ By: \_\_\_\_\_

Final Resolution: \_\_\_\_\_

# FIRST COAST ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY, INC.

August 20, 1993

Ayres Associates  
Engineers / Environmental Scientists  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive - Suite 100  
Tampa, FL 33619

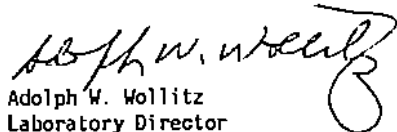
Attn: Jeff Rawles

Reference: FCEL Lab #9308-121  
Sample collected 1445 hr. on 8-18-93  
Sample received 1040 hr. on 8-19-93  
Project Code 4155.1  
(1) Equipment Blank  
(2) STE- 4  
(3) STE -8

<u>PARAMETER</u>		<u># 1</u>	<u># 2</u>	<u># 3</u>		<u>DATE/TIME</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>
Fecal Coliform	#/100 ml	8	$3.0 \times 10^4$	$6.8 \times 10^3$	Set/ Dff	8-19/1330 8-20/1330	AWW AWW

Note: \*\* Samples to be out of holding time per prior discussion with Jeff of Ayres & Assoc.  
Samples should be done anyway.

Respectfully submitted:



Adolph W. Wollitz  
Laboratory Director  
FHRS Lab #E82102  
FHRS Lab #B2110  
EPA #FL062  
DER Comp QAPP # 870222G

AWW/tb



**First Coast Environmental Laboratory, Inc.  
Sample Receiving Report**

Date Rec'd: 3-14-77 Lab ID No.: 7911-131  
 Client Name: 411 Project Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Received By: DW 02342

How were the Samples delivered to the laboratory?

Client Cooler  FCEL Cooler  Box  Other   
 Hand Delivery  Shipper  Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Any Discrepancies in this section must be explained below and referred to a laboratory management individual for resolution

- |   | YES | NO |
|---|-----|----|
| 1. Were custody papers included with samples?   | ✓   | ○  |
| 2. Were custody papers properly filled out?<br>(ink, signed, labels match?)   | ✓   | ○  |
| 3. Were samples in direct contact with Wet Ice?   | ✓   | ○  |
| 4. Did all samples arrive intact/not leaking?   | ✓   | ○  |
| 5. Were all bottle labels complete?<br>(Sample #, Date, Station, Signed, Anal./Preserv.)                                    | ✓   | ○  |
| 6. Were Correct containers used for requested analyses?   | ✓   | ○  |
| 7. Were proper preservation techniques indicated?   | ✓   | ○  |
| 8. Were samples received with adequate holding time?  | ✓   | ○  |
| 9. VOA/VOC Containers checked for bubbles?  | ○   | ○  |
| Present <input type="checkbox"/> Absent <input type="checkbox"/>  |     |    |
| 10. Were samples accepted in lab?   |     |    |
| Accepted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Held for Management <input type="checkbox"/> Rejected <input type="checkbox"/> |     |    |

Comments: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**Actions taken:**

Lab Management notified: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time \_\_\_\_\_  
 Client Contacted: \_\_\_\_\_ By: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Final Resolution: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

# FIRST COAST ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY, INC.

August 20, 1993

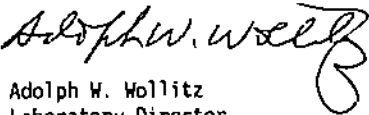
Ayres Associates  
Engineers / Environmental Scientists  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive - Suite 100  
Tampa, FL 33619

Attn: Jeff Rawles

Reference: FCEL Lab #9308-132  
Sample collected 1400 hr. on 8-19-93  
Sample received 1548 hr. on 8-19-93  
(1) Project Code 4155.1

<u>PARAMETER</u>		<u># 1</u>		<u>DATE/TIME</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>
Fecal Coliform	#/100 ml	1.3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	Set/ Off	8-19/1330 8-20/1300	AWW AWW

Respectfully submitted:



Adolph W. Wollitz  
Laboratory Director  
FHS Lab #E82102  
FHS Lab #82110  
EPA #FLO62  
DER Comp QAPP # 870222G

AWW/tb

? #1, #2, #3  
why another set up between 10<sup>4</sup> - 10<sup>5</sup>



First Coast Environmental Laboratory, Inc.  
Sample Receiving Report

Date Rec'd: \_\_\_\_\_ Lab ID No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Client Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Project Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Received By:     *SW*     02353

How were the Samples delivered to the laboratory?

Client Cooler  FCEL Cooler  Box  Other   
 Hand Delivery  Shipper  Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Any Discrepancies in this section must be explained below and referred to a laboratory management individual for resolution

- |   | YES                                 | NO                       |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Were custody papers included with samples?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. Were custody papers properly filled out?<br>(ink, signed, labels match?)   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. Were samples in direct contact with Wet Ice?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. Did all samples arrive intact/not leaking?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. Were all bottle labels complete?<br>(Sample #, Date, Station, Signed, Anal./Preserv.)                                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6. Were Correct containers used for requested analyses?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7. Were proper preservation techniques indicated?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8. Were samples received with adequate holding time?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9. VOA/VOC Containers checked for bubbles?  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Present <input type="checkbox"/> Absent <input type="checkbox"/>  |                                     |                          |
| 10. Were samples accepted in lab?   |                                     |                          |
| Accepted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Held for Management <input type="checkbox"/> Rejected <input type="checkbox"/> |                                     |                          |

Comments: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**Actions taken:**

Lab Management notified: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time \_\_\_\_\_

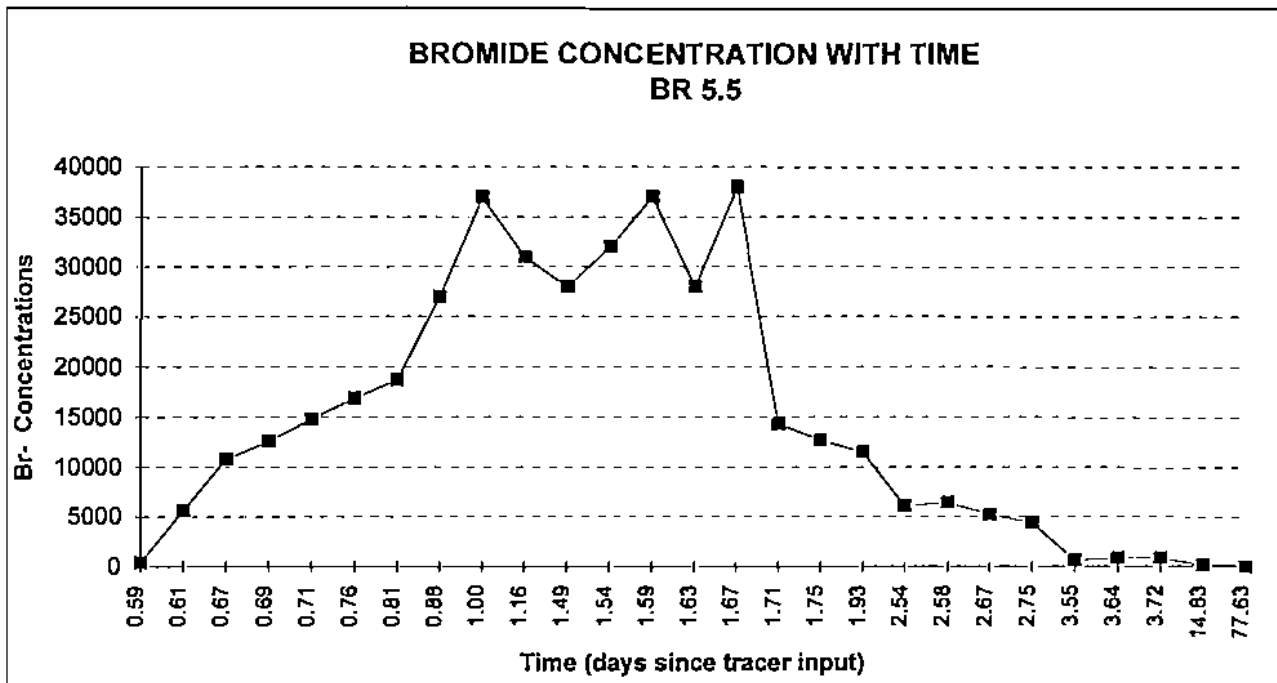
Client Contacted: \_\_\_\_\_ By: \_\_\_\_\_

Final Resolution: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**APPENDIX B**

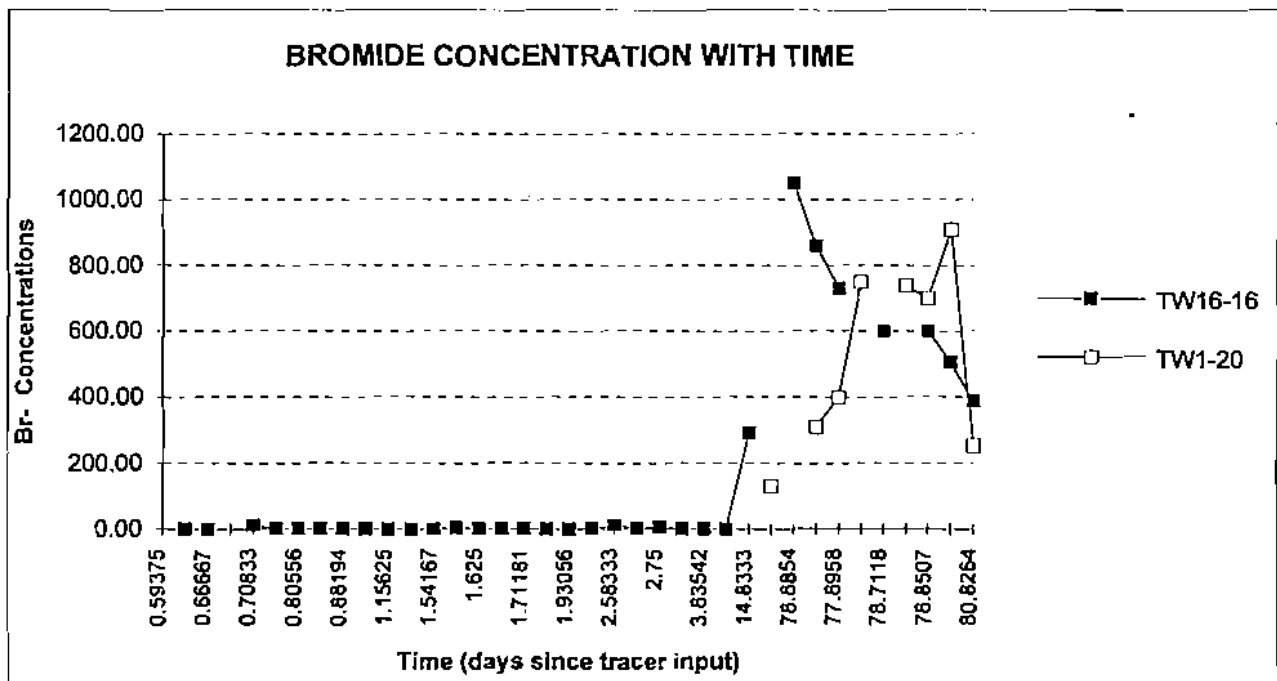
**Bromide Tracer Analytical Results**

FIGURE B-1. BROMIDE CONCENTRATION CURVE BELOW INPUT POINT (BR 5.5)



BROM5-5.XLC

FIGURE B-2. BROMIDE CONCENTRATION CURVES AT TW16-6' AND TW1-20



BRCON2.XLC

Ayres Associates  
RSE Group  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

September 30, 1993  
Project No. 06010  
Page 1 of 2

LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Proj. SDA - Bromide Tracer  
Sample Description: 01 - Bromide Tracer  
02 - Bromide Tracer Duplicate  
Date Received: 9/15/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(01) Bromide Tracer</u>	<u>(02) Bromide Tracer Dup.</u>	<u>Method Blank</u>
Bromide	mg/l	400,000	420,000	< 0.1

  
Francis I. Daniels  
Laboratory Director

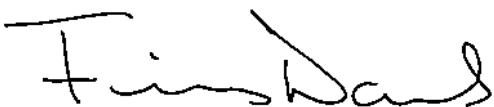
Ayres Associates  
RSE Group  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

September 30, 1993  
Project No. 06010  
Page 2 of 2

LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Proj. SDA - Bromide Tracer

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>Analysis Date</u>
Bromide	SM 4500-Br B	0.1 mg/l	9/30/93

  
Francis I. Daniels  
Laboratory Director

**APPENDIX C**

**Groundwater and Wastewater Analytical Results  
November 3 - 5, 1993**

# FIRST COAST ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY, INC.

August 18, 1993

Ayres Associates  
Engineers / Environmental Scientists  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive - Suite 100  
Tampa, FL 33619

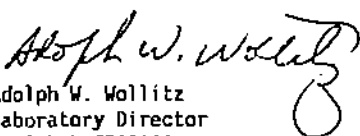
Attn: Jeff Rawles

Reference: FCEL Lab #9308-96  
Sample collected 1430 hr. on 8-16-93  
Sample received 1715 hr. on 8-16-93  
(i) Project Code 4155.1

<u>PARAMETER</u>		<u># 1</u>		<u>DATE/TIME</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>	
Fecal Coliform	#/100 ml	6.6 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	**	Set/ Dff	8-17/1310 8-18/1300	AWW AWW

Note: \*\* Samples to be out of holding time per prior discussion with Jeff of Ayres & Assoc.  
Samples should be done anyway.

Respectfully submitted:



Adolph W. Wollitz  
Laboratory Director  
FHRS Lab #E82102  
FHRS Lab #82110  
EPA #FL062  
DER Comp QAPP # 870222G

AWW/tb

Ayres Associates  
 RSE Group  
 3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
 Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
 Tampa, Florida 33619

November 30, 1993  
 Project No. 06174  
 Page 1 of 21

**LABORATORY REPORT**

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
**Sample Description:** 01 - Water, STE-9, sampled 11/3/93, 1245  
 02 - Water, Tap/SDA, sampled 11/3/93, 1630  
 03 - Water, TW13-20, sampled 11/3/93, 1700  
 04 - Water, TW14-6, sampled 11/3/93, 1630  
**Date Received:** 11/4/93, 1035

Parameter	Units	(01) STE-9	(02) Tap/SDA	(03) TW13-20	(04) TW14-6	Method Blank
Chloride	mg/l	64	9.5	10	12	< 1
Sulfate	mg/l	4	< 2	38	4	< 2
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	28	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.12	< 0.05
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	32	--	--	--	< 1
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	75	0.10	0.16	1.1	< 0.05
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	8.7	0.05	< 0.01	0.43	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	82	< 1	1.5	6.1	< 1
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	199	--	--	--	< 1
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	69	0.09	0.12	0.67	< 0.01
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	6	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.43	< 0.05
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	160	160	99	35	< 2

  
 Francis I. Daniels  
 Laboratory Director

Ayres Associates  
 RSE Group  
 3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
 Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
 Tampa, Florida 33619

November 30, 1993  
 Project No. 06174  
 Page 2 of 21

LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
 Sample Description: 05 - Water, TW14-12, sampled 11/3/93, 1600  
                           06 - Water, TW14-20, sampled 11/3/93, 1545  
                           07 - Water, TW15-6, sampled 11/3/93, 1515  
                           08 - Water, TW15-12, sampled 11/3/93, 1445  
 Date Received: 11/4/93, 1035

Parameter	Units	(05) TW14-12	(06) TW14-20	(07) TW15-6	(08) TW15-12
Chloride	mg/l	16	11	13	43
Sulfate	mg/l	< 2	29	25	17
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.44	< 0.05	0.10	0.99
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	7.4	0.13	3.6	0.83
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	0.01	0.01	0.32	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	6.2	1.6	11	10
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	6.7	0.08	3.0	0.70
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.7	0.05	0.60	0.13
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	89	93	69	200



Francis I. Daniels  
 Laboratory Director


Ayres Associates  
 RSE Group  
 3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
 Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
 Tampa, Florida 33619

November 30, 1993  
 Project No. 06174  
 Page 3 of 21

LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
 Sample Description: 09 - Water, TW15-20, sampled 11/3/93, 1345  
 10 - Water, TW6-6, sampled 11/4/93, 1630  
 11 - Water, TW6-12, sampled 11/4/93, 1600  
 12 - Water, TW6-20, sampled 11/4/93, 1530  
 Date Received: 11/4, 1035 (09), 11/5/93, 1015 (10-12)

Parameter	Units	(09) TW15-20	(10) TW6-6	(11) TW6-12	(12) TW6-20
Chloride	mg/l	13	52	36	26
Sulfate	mg/l	23	84	< 2	60
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	< 0.05	1.5	0.20	< 0.05
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	19	1.2	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.21	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.12	45	0.39	0.19
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	< 0.01	4.7	0.06	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	1.3	12	5.8	1.2
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.08	44	0.07	0.11
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.05	1.0	0.32	0.08
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	99	120	130	75



Francis I. Daniels  
 Laboratory Director

Ayres Associates  
RSE Group  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

November 30, 1993  
Project No. 06174  
Page 4 of 21

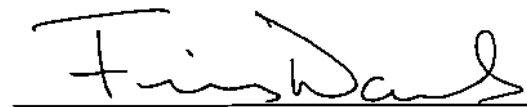
LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

Sample Description: 13 - Water, TW7-6, sampled 11/4/93, 1500  
14 - Water, TW7-12, sampled 11/4/93, 1430  
15 - Water, TW7-20, sampled 11/4/93, 1400  
16 - Water, TW11-6, sampled 11/4/93, 1700

Date Received: 11/5/93, 1015

Parameter	Units	(13) TW7-6	(14) TW7-12	(15) TW7-20	(16) TW11-6
Chloride	mg/l	62	20	16	100
Sulfate	mg/l	83	< 2	57	140
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.66	0.09	< 0.05	0.93
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	1.8	< 0.01	< 0.01	13
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	27	0.24	0.14	17
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	4.1	< 0.01	0.03	0.32
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	9.8	5.1	< 1	7.9
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	27	0.12	0.07	15
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.05	0.12	0.07	2.0
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	80	100	59	310



Francis I. Daniels  
Laboratory Director

Ayres Associates  
 RSE Group  
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 Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
 Tampa, Florida 33619

November 30, 1993  
 Project No. 06174  
 Page 5 of 21

LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
 Sample Description: 17 - Water, TW8-6, sampled 11/4/93, 1330  
 18 - Water, TW8-12, sampled 11/4/93, 1300  
 19 - Water, TW8-20, sampled 11/4/93, 1145  
 20 - Water, TW9-6, sampled 11/4/93, 1115  
 Date Received: 11/5/93, 1050

Parameter	Units	(17) TW8-6	(18) TW8-12	(19) TW8-20	(20) TW9-6
Chloride	mg/l	49	9.8	24	45
Sulfate	mg/l	50	< 2	66	19
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	1.3	< 0.05	< 0.05	1.2
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	1.3	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	11	0.14	0.30	29
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	2.5	0.01	0.01	2.5
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	12	2.9	1.2	11
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	11	0.05	0.10	29
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.05	0.09	0.20	< 0.05
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	110	75	83	120

  
 Francis I. Daniels  
 Laboratory Director

Ayres Associates  
 RSE Group  
 3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
 Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
 Tampa, Florida 33619

November 30, 1993  
 Project No. 06174  
 Page 6 of 21

LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

Sample Description: 21 - Water, TW9-12, sampled 11/4/93, 1050  
 22 - Water, TW9-20, sampled 11/4/93, 1020  
 23 - Water, TW12-6, sampled 11/4/93, 0950  
 24 - Water, TW13-6, sampled 11/4/93, 0900

Date Received: 11/5/93, 1050

Parameter	Units	(21) TW9-12	(22) TW9-20	(23) TW12-6	(24) TW13-6
Chloride	mg/l	16	18	52	2.1
Sulfate	mg/l	< 2	22	< 2	4
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.21	< 0.05	0.54	< 0.05
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.25
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.16	0.16	2.5	0.86
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.39	0.85
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	5.2	1.3	9.9	4.6
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	0.07	2.5	0.03
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.16	0.09	< 0.05	0.83
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	100	47	240	45



Francis I. Daniels  
 Laboratory Director

Ayres Associates  
RSE Group  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

November 30, 1993  
Project No. 06174  
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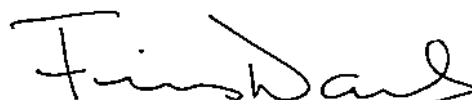
LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 25 - Water, TW13-12, sampled 11/4/93, 0825  
26 - Water, WP6-6, sampled 11/4/93, 1145  
27 - Water, TW1-6, sampled 11/5/93, 1400  
28 - Water, TW1-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1330

**Date Received:** 11/5, 1050 (25,26), 11/6/93, 0915 (27,28)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(25)</u> <u>TW13-12</u>	<u>(26)</u> <u>WP6-6</u>	<u>(27)</u> <u>TW1-6</u>	<u>(28)</u> <u>TW1-12</u>
Chloride	mg/l	37	49	51	250
Sulfate	mg/l	10	20	54	36
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	1.2	1.3	0.44	0.54
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	43	14
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01	0.29
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	15	31	2.6	0.36
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	0.09	2.3	6.8	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	11	9.9	5.7	6.1
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	--	--	< 1	--
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	16	30	3.2	0.12
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.05	1.0	< 0.05	0.24
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	100	93	210	260



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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 29 - Water, TW1-20, sampled 11/5/93, 1330  
30 - Water, TW2-6, sampled 11/5/93, 1245  
31 - Water, TW2-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1315  
32 - Water, TW2-20, sampled 11/5/93, 1340

**Date Received:** 11/6/93 , 0915

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(29)</u> <u>TW1-20</u>	<u>(30)</u> <u>TW2-6</u>	<u>(31)</u> <u>TW2-12</u>	<u>(32)</u> <u>TW2-20</u>
Chloride	mg/l	230	52	40	21
Sulfate	mg/l	91	110	36	100
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	< 0.05	1.8	0.32	< 0.05
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	3.1	37	17	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	2.4	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.32	36	0.61	0.21
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	< 0.01	4.6	< 0.01	0.02
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	2.1	11	4.7	2.3
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	--	6.2	--	--
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.22	36	< 0.01	0.14
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.10	< 0.05	0.61	0.07
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	130	220	210	85

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
Sample Description: 33 - Water, TW3-6, sampled 11/5/93, 1300  
34 - Water, TW3-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1200  
35 - Water, TW3-20, sampled 11/5/93, 1130  
36 - Water, TW4-6, sampled 11/5/93, 1030  
Date Received: 11/6/93, 0915

Parameter	Units	(33) TW3-6	(34) TW3-12	(35) TW3-20	(36) TW4-6
Chloride	mg/l	46	44	24	49
Sulfate	mg/l	38	52	100	95
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.14	0.75	< 0.05	0.65
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	43	19	< 0.01	39
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.13	0.49	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.59	0.76	0.25	29
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	7.9	0.22	< 0.01	6.9
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	4.6	8.0	2.5	6.0
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	< 1	--	--	--
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.07	0.03	0.13	30
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.52	0.73	0.12	< 0.05
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	180	130	83	160



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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 37 - Water, TW4-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1000  
 38 - Water, TW4-20, sampled 11/5/93, 0930  
 39 - Water, TW5-6, sampled 11/5/93, 0900  
 40 - Water, TW5-12 sampled 11/5/93, 0830

**Date Received:** 11/6/93, 0915

Parameter	Units	(37) TW4-12	(38) TW4-20	(39) TW5-6	(40) TW5-12
Chloride	mg/l	46	23	41	46
Sulfate	mg/l	15	66	56	25
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	1.9	< 0.05	0.26	2.6
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	46	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.35	0.21	24	0.35
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	0.10	< 0.01	6.1	0.18
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	13	1.6	4.8	14
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.07	0.11	24	0.04
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.2B	0.10	< 0.05	0.31
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	180	43	140	170

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

Sample Description: 41 - Water, TW5-20, sampled 11/5/93, 0800  
42 - Water, TW10-6, sampled 11/5/93, 1100  
43 - Water, TW16-6, sampled 11/5/93, 1210  
44 - Water, TW16-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1200

Date Received: 11/6/93, 0915

Parameter	Units	(41) TW5-20	(42) TW10-6	(43) TW16-6	(44) TW16-12
Chloride	mg/l	11	48	300	41
Sulfate	mg/l	2	45	47	44
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.25	0.15	0.54
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	33	59	7.1
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.15	2.7
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.11	22	1.0	0.52
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	0.05	4.6	16	0.29
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	1.9	4.7	8.9	6.8
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	--	--	< 1	--
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.04	21	0.08	0.03
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.07	1.0	0.92	0.49
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	22	120	120	100



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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

Sample Description: 45 - Water, TW16-20, sampled 11/5/93, 1125  
46 - Water, TW17-6, sampled 11/5/93, 1055  
47 - Water, TW17-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1025  
48 - Water, TW17-20, sampled 11/5/93, 1005

Date Received: 11/6/93, 0915

Parameter	Units	(45) TW16-20	(46) TW17-6	(47) TW17-12	(48) TW17-20
Chloride	mg/l	28	46	38	29
Sulfate	mg/l	120	49	39	130
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.10	0.63	< 0.05
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	52	8.9	0.02
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	2.1	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.14	7.1	0.56	0.11
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	< 0.01	5.3	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	1.6	4.4	6.4	1.4
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	--	< 1	--	--
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.04	8.4	0.02	0.02
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.10	< 0.05	0.54	0.09
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	110	180	67	110

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SOA, St. Johns County  
**Sample Description:** 49 - Water, TW18-6, sampled 11/5/93, 0935  
 50 - Water, TW18-12, sampled 11/5/93, 0910  
 51 - Water, TW18-20, sampled 11/5/93, 0845  
 52 - Water, WP10-6, sampled 11/5/93, 1100  
**Date Received:** 11/6/93, 0915

Parameter	Units	(49) TW18-6	(50) TW18-12	(51) TW18-20	(52) WP10-6
Chloride	mg/l	50	40	28	50
Sulfate	mg/l	36	44	130	90
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.15	0.81	< 0.05	0.52
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	50	8.7	< 0.01	37
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	0.64	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	7.3	0.54	0.11	28
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	2.2	0.02	< 0.01	6.3
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	4.0	7.1	1.5	5.9
80D (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	< 1	--	--	--
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	9.1	0.03	0.04	30
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.05	0.51	0.07	< 0.05
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	190	91	110	160

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
Sample Description: 53 - Water, WP7-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1230  
54 - Water, WP8-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1400  
55 - Water, WP9-12, sampled 11/5/93, 1400  
56 - Water, BW1-5, sampled 11/5/93, 1455  
Date Received: 11/6/93, 0915

Parameter	Units	(53) WP7-12	(54) WP8-12	(55) WP9-12	(56) BW1-5
Chloride	mg/l	38	40	250	12
Sulfate	mg/l	38	35	38	12
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.57	0.27	0.46	< 0.05
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	8.9	18	15	0.17
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	2.1	2.4	0.03	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.59	0.49	0.37	0.16
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	0.17	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	6.3	4.6	7.0	3.1
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.02	0.03	0.12	0.03
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.57	0.46	0.25	0.13
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	73	210	260	22



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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 57 - Water, BW1-10, sampled 11/5/93, 1440  
58 - Water, BW1-15, sampled 11/5/93, 1425  
59 - Water, BW1-20, sampled 11/5/93, 1415  
60 - Equipment Blank, sampled 11/5/93, 0730

**Date Received:** 11/6/93, 0915

Parameter	Units	(57) BW1-10	(58) BW1-15	(59) BW1-20	(60) Equip. Blank 11/5, 0730
Chloride	mg/l	3	29	32	< 1
Sulfate	mg/l	16	56	120	< 2
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.33	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.29	0.18	0.10	< 0.05
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	5.9	1.6	1.4	< 1
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.10	0.04	0.06	0.02
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.19	0.14	0.04	< 0.05
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	35	65	110	< 2

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
 Sample Description: 61 - Equipment Blank, sampled 11/5/93, 1600  
 62 - Equipment Blank A, sampled 11/5/93, 1615  
 63 - Spiked Blank, sampled 11/5/93, 1500  
 Date Received: 11/6/93, 0915

Parameter	Units	(61) Equip. Blank 11/5, 1600	(62) Equip. Blank A	(63) Spiked Blank	Method Blank
Chloride	mg/l	< 1	< 1	--	< 1
Sulfate	mg/l	< 2	< 2	--	< 2
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.28	< 0.05
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	--	--	--	< 1
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	--	< 0.01
Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	--	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.05	< 0.05	--	< 0.05
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	< 0.01	< 0.01	--	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	< 1	< 1	--	< 1
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	--	--	--	< 1
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.02	0.01	--	< 0.01
Organic Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.05	< 0.05	--	< 0.05
Total Hardness	mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	< 2	< 2	--	< 2

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>Analysis Date</u>
Chloride	EPA 325.2	1 mg/l	11/8/93 (01-09,M/B) 11/11/93 (10-26) 11/12/93 (27-49) 11/17/93 (50-62)
Sulfate	EPA 375.4	2 mg/l	11/9/93 (01-09,M/B) 11/10/93 (10-32) 11/11/93 (33-62)
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	SM 5540 C	0.05 mg/l	11/5/93 (01-26,M/B) 11/6/93 (27-63)
Total Suspended Solids	EPA 160.2	1 mg/l	11/9/93
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	EPA 353.2	0.01 mg/l N	11/5/93 (01-26,M/B) 11/10/93 (27-62)
Nitrite Nitrogen	EPA 354.1	0.01 mg/l N	11/5/93 (01-16,M/B) 11/6/93 (17-62)
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	EPA 351.2	0.05 mg/l N	11/9/93 (01-14,M/B) 11/16/93 (15-29) 11/23/93 (30-62)
Total Phosphorus	EPA 365.2	0.01 mg/l P	11/10/93 (01-14,M/B) 11/18/93 (15-29) 11/23/93 (30-62)

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>Analysis Date</u>
Total Organic Carbon	EPA 415.1	1 mg/l	11/9/93 (01-54,M/B) 11/10/93 (55-62)
BOD	SM 5210	1 mg/l	11/4/93 (01,M/B) 11/6/93 (27,30,33,43, 46,49)
Ammonia Nitrogen	EPA 350.1	0.01 mg/l N	11/18/93 (01-24,M/B) 11/22/93 (25-62)
Organic Nitrogen	Calc.	0.05 mg/l N	11/18/93 (01-24,M/B) 11/22/93 (25-29) 11/23/93 (30-62)
Total Hardness	SM 2340 C	2 mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>	11/16/93 (01-26,M/B) 11/18/93 (27-42) 11/19/93 (43-60) 11/22/93 (61,62)



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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
 QC Description: Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate Recoveries

Parameter	Sample No. Spiked	Accuracy	Precision	QC Control Limits	
		Mean $\pm$ R	RPD	Accuracy	Precision
Chloride	06174-02	100	1	82-116	0-5
	06174-12	94	0	82-116	0-5
	06174-21	90	0	82-116	0-5
	06174-32	91	1	82-116	0-5
	06174-38	96	2	82-116	0-5
	06174-53	101	1	82-116	0-5
Sulfate	06174-02	110	2	78-131	0-9
	06174-11	117	4	78-131	0-9
	06174-18	118	6	78-131	0-9
	06174-34	103	3	78-131	0-9
	06174-42	116	3	78-131	0-9
	06174-58	79	2	78-131	0-9
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	06174-03	98	1	77-121	0-16
	06174-12	97	1	77-121	0-16
	06174-22	100	1	77-121	0-16
	06174-34	101	2	77-121	0-16
	06174-44	105	5	77-121	0-16
	06174-54	99	2	77-121	0-16
	06174-59	101	1	77-121	0-16
Total Suspended Solids	06174-01	94	3	76-113	0-8
Nitrate Nitrogen	06174-08	105	0	72-128	0-14
	06174-11	105	0	72-128	0-14
	06174-12	95	0	72-128	0-14
	06174-32	104	1	72-128	0-14
	06174-48	101	0	72-128	0-14
	06174-56	105	0	72-128	0-14

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
 QC Description: Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate Recoveries

Parameter	Sample No. Spiked	Accuracy	Precision	QC Control Limits	
		Mean & R	RPD	Accuracy	Precision
Nitrite Nitrogen	06174-03	98	0	78-114	0-6
	06174-12	98	1	78-114	0-6
	06174-22	98	0	78-114	0-6
	06174-35	98	0	78-114	0-6
	06174-45	100	0	78-114	0-6
	06174-59	96	0	78-114	0-6
	06174-56	95	2	78-114	0-6
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	06174-03	92	4	76-114	0-16
	06174-26	98	3	76-114	0-16
	06174-45	101	1	76-114	0-16
	06174-48	98	4	76-114	0-16
	06174-58	95	0	76-114	0-16
Total Phosphorus	06174-03	83	3	77-118	0-17
	06174-26	100	5	77-118	0-17
	06174-45	95	0	77-118	0-17
	06174-48	93	4	77-118	0-17
	06174-58	91	0	77-118	0-17
Total Organic Carbon	06174-09	95	2	83-109	0-4
	06174-19	96	1	83-109	0-4
	06174-29	92	3	83-109	0-4
	06174-39	95	4	83-109	0-4
	06174-48	99	1	83-109	0-4
	06174-59	98	2	83-109	0-4
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	ISO2359(11/4)	87	11	63-111	0-41
	06170-03	--	12	63-111	0-41
	ISO2370(11/6)	89	1	63-111	0-41
	06177-01	--	6	63-111	0-41



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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.10 - SDA, St. Johns County  
QC Description: Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate Recoveries

Parameter	Sample No. Spiked	Accuracy	Precision	QC Control Limits	
		Mean $\pm$ R	RPD	Accuracy	Precision
Ammonia Nitrogen	06174-06	97	0	78-125	0-4
	06174-15	98	0	78-125	0-4
	06174-24	98	1	78-125	0-4
	06174-28	94	1	78-125	0-4
	06174-37	91	0	78-125	0-4
	06174-47	94	1	78-125	0-4
	06174-58	95	2	78-125	0-4
Total Hardness	06174-05	96	1	87-115	0-4
	06174-12	95	0	87-115	0-4
	06174-25	93	2	87-115	0-4
	06174-31	99	1	87-115	0-4
	06174-38	110	0	87-115	0-4
	06174-47	97	0	87-115	0-4
	06174-57	100	2	87-115	0-4



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Client Name Ayres Associates Phone 813 628 0742

Project Name / Location SDA St Johns County Client Proj. No. 4155.10

Samplers: (Signature) [Signature] PARAMETER / CONTAINER DESCRIPTION

SAL Use Only <u>C1674</u>	Proj. No.	Sample Description	Date	Time	Matrix (Water, Soil, Other) Grab or Composite	Misc. Parameters	Nutrients	TBC	PARAMETER / CONTAINER DESCRIPTION										
									1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	No. of Containers (Total each location)		
✓ 29	TW1-20		11/5/93	1330	W														
✓ 28	TW1-12		11/5/93	1330	W														
✓ 27	TW1-4		11/5/93	1400	W														
✓ 55	WP9-12		11/5/93	1400	W														
✓ 32	TW2-20		11/5/93	1340	W														
✓ 54	WP9-12		11/5/93	1400	W														
✓ 59	BW1-20		11/5/93	1415	W														
✓ 58	BW1-15		11/5/93	1425	W														
✓ 57	BW1-10		11/5/93	1440	W														
✓ 56	BW1-5		11/5/93	1455	W														
✓ 61	EQUIPMENT BLANK		11/5/93	1600	W														
✓ 62	EQUIPMENT BLANK A		11/5/93	1615	W														

Number of Containers (Total each aliquot)

Item No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total Number of Containers Rec'd.
----------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-----------------------------------

Item No.	Prepared Containers Relinquished by:	Relinquished Date:	Relinquished Time:	Received:	Received Date:	Received Time:	Seal Intact?	Yes	No	N/A	Instructions / Remarks
PL8455	<u>Kumkum Aravamudan</u>	<u>10/29/93</u>	<u>11:35</u>	<u>Restway</u>							
1-3	<u>Restway Carrier</u>			<u>Ayres No</u>							
1-3	<u>[Signature]</u>	<u>11/6/93</u>	<u>0915</u>	<u>G. Beckler</u>	<u>11/6/93</u>	<u>0915</u>		Yes	No	(N/A)	
								Yes	No	N/A	





Client Name <b>SDA ST JOHN'S COURT</b>	Phone
Project Name / Location <b>4155.00</b>	Client Proj. No.

Samplers: (Signature) **JMSW / DWA**      PARAMETER / CONTAINER DESCRIPTION

SAL Use Only <i>016174</i>	Proj. No.	Sample Description	Date	Time	Matrix (Water, Soil, Other) Grab or Composite	PARAMETER / CONTAINER DESCRIPTION									
						MSC. ORGANICS	NUTRIENTS	TOC						No. of Containers (Total each Location)	
09		TW 15-20	11/3/93	1345	W G	1	1	1							
08		TW 15-12	"	1445	W G	1	1	1							
07		TW 15-6	"	1525	W G	1	1	1							
06		TW 14-20	"	1545	W G	1	1	1							
05		TW 14-12	"	1600	W G	1	1	1							
04		TW 14-6	"	1630	W G	1	1	1							
01		STE - 9	"	1245	W G	1	1	1							
02		TAPWATER/SDA	"	1630	W G	1	1	1							
03		TW 13-20	"	1700	W G	1	1	1							

Number of Containers (Total each aliquot)

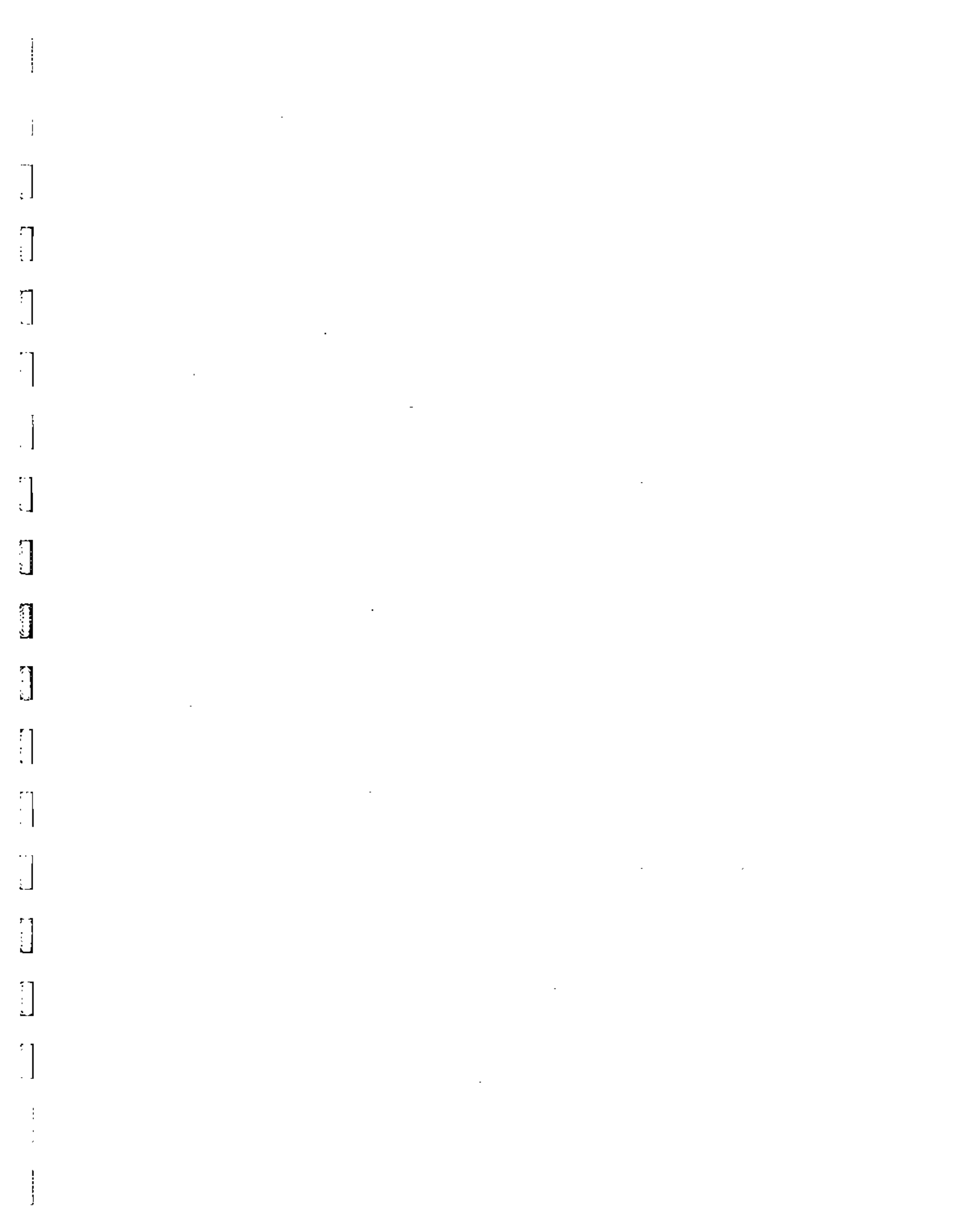
Item No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total Number of Containers Rec'd.
----------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-----------------------------------

Item No.	Prepared Containers Relinquished By:	Received:	Seal Intact?	Instructions / Remarks
	Date: Time:	Date: Time:	Yes No N/A	
PL9455	<i>Kimberly Anderson</i> Date: 10/27/93 Time: 11:35			
1-3	Relinquished: <i>Restway Courner</i> Date: Time:	Received: <i>Jeff Rand</i> Date: 10/24/93 Time: 1500	Seal Intact? Yes No N/A	
1-3	Relinquished: <i>Jeff Rand</i> Date: 11/3/93 Time: 1750	Received: <i>Joelle Lewis #14</i> Date: Time:	Seal Intact? Yes No N/A	
1-3	Relinquished: <i>Sea Overnight, etc</i> Date: Time:	Received: <i>B. Budden</i> Date: 11/4/93 Time: 1035	Seal Intact? Yes No N/A	<i>Locker #59</i>









**APPENDIX A**  
**HOMEOWNER'S SURVEY**

The Soap and Detergent Association  
 Septic Tank System Research Project  
 HOMEOWNER'S QUESTIONNAIRE

The following questionnaire is designed to give us more information about your home so that we can better characterize the results of our study here. Please answer the questions honestly and to the best of your knowledge. Return the completed questionnaire to the following address at your earliest convenience:

Frederhagen  
 Tangerine Dr.  
 Cove, FL 32259

Mr. Damann L. Anderson  
 Ayres Associates  
 3901 Coconut Palm Drive, Suite 100  
 Tampa, Florida 33619  
 Telephone: (813) 628-0742

Please return within two (2) weeks.

1. How long have you lived in your present home? Since 4 (month), 1982 (year)
2. When was your home constructed? 1977 (month) (year)
3. How many persons live in your home? 1    2    3    4  5    6    7    8
4. Please list age of each occupant: 42/49/10/5 yrs
5. What water-using fixtures and appliances are in your home? List number if more than 1.
 

<u>Kitchen:</u>	Sink <u>one</u>	<u>Bathroom(s):</u>	Sink(s) <u>TWO</u>
	Dishwasher <u>one</u>		Shower(s) <u>TWO</u>
	Garbage Disposal <u>NONE</u>		Tub(s) <u>ONE</u>
			Toilet(s) <u>TWO</u>
<u>Laundry:</u>	Clotheswasher <u>ONE</u>	<u>Other:</u>	Water Softener <u>NONE</u>
	Sink(s) <u>NONE</u>		
6. Automatic Dishwashing
  - (a) Approximately how many loads of dishes are washed in the automatic dishwashing machine per week? Use Very Rarely - once Every 2-3 mox
  - (b) What brands of automatic dishwashing detergents do you use, in order of more to less frequent use?  
 Liquid Brands: Cascade Liq. Gel  
 Powder Brands: NONE
  - (c) Are any rinse aids or other products used in your dishwasher?  
 Yes    No  If so, please identify:
7. Hand Dishwashing
  - (a) Approximately how many loads of dishes are washed by hand per week? 7-10
  - (b) What brands of detergents do you use, in order of more to less frequent use?  
 Liquid Brands: Palmolive / Sunlight / Joy  
 Powder Brands: NONE
8. Clothes Washing
  - (a) Approximately how many loads of laundry are washed per week? 4-5
  - (b) What brands of laundry detergents do you use, in order of more to less frequent use?  
 Liquid Brands: Dynamo 2

## **APPENDIX B**

### **MONITORING WELL AND PIEZOMETER CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND NOVEMBER, 1992 WELL COMPLETION DIAGRAMS**

**MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION  
SPECIFICATIONS  
INDIVIDUAL HOME IN  
ST. JOHNS COUNTY**

WELL I.D.	TOP OF CASING ELEVATION (ft. NGVD)	BOTTOM OF WELL ELEVATION (ft. NGVD)	SCREENED INTERVAL (ft. NGVD)	DATE OF INSTALLATION
W1	49.64	39.64	39.64 - 44.64	1/28/90
W2	49.66	40.31	40.31 - 45.31	1/28/90
W4	49.28	40.96	40.96 - 45.96	1/28/90
W5	49.58	40.38	40.38 - 45.38	1/28/90
P1	49.87	42.47	42.47 - 47.47	1/28/90
P2*	49.75	39.75	39.75 - 44.75	1/28/90
P3	52.76	42.51	42.51 - 47.51	1/28/90
DW-6	53.62	1.44	1.44 - 3.94	11/23/92
SW-7	52.46	42.26	42.26 - 47.26	11/23/92
DW-8	48.94	-0.81	-0.81 - 1.69	11/24/92
SW-9	48.88	41.56	41.56 - 46.56	11/24/92
DW-10	49.71	-0.89	-0.89 - 1.61	11/24/92
SW-11	49.58	42.16	42.16 - 47.16	11/24/92

\* All wells constructed of 2" diameter Schedule 40 PVC solid riser coupled to 2" Schedule 40 PVC 0.010" slotted screen. With the exception of P2 which was constructed of 1.25" diameter Schedule 40 PVC solid riser coupled to 1.25" diameter Schedule 40 PVC 0.010" slotted screen.

**WELL COMPLETION LOG**

LOCATION: MR. FREDENHAGEN'S HOUSE

WORK ORDER # 4287

ADDRESS: 1291 TANGERINE DR. FRUIT COVE, FLORIDA

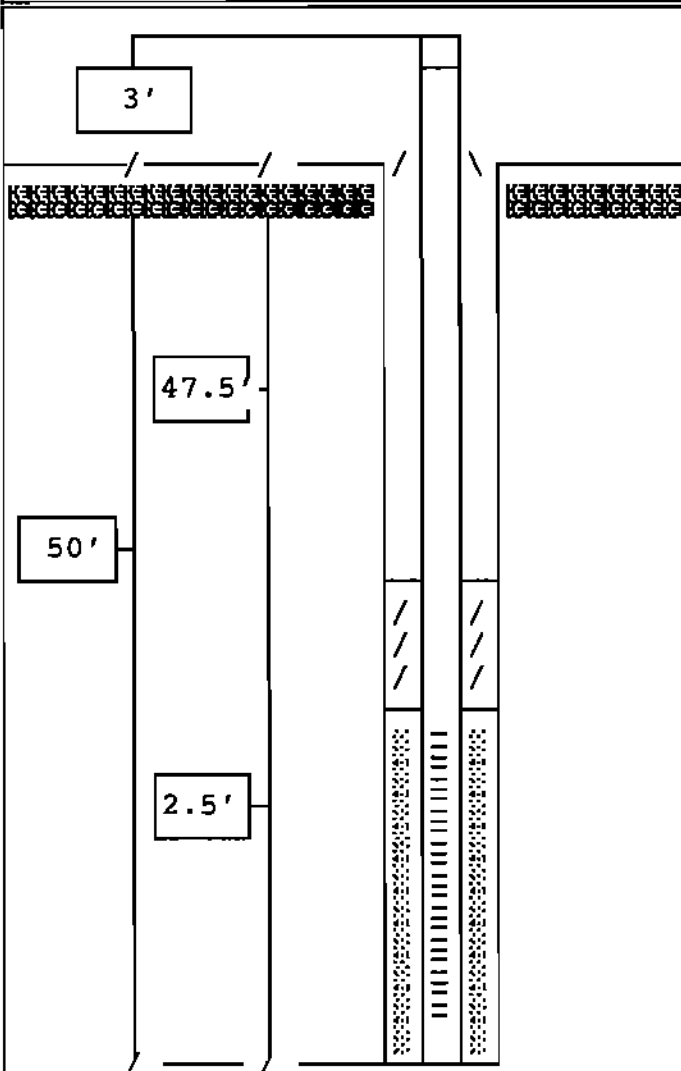
CLIENT: AYRES & ASSOCIATES

DATE

WELL NUMBER: DW-6

CONTACT: JENNIFER MCNEILLIE

INSTALLED BY: GEORGE LEEPER



FLUSH MANHOLE

ABOVE GRADE PROTECTOR

NONE

GROUT 1/2 BAG

RISER - TYPE PVC

RISER - SIZE 2"

BENTONITE

FINE SAND

SCREEN - TYPE PVC

SCREEN - SIZE 2" .010 SLOT

FILTER TYPE 20/30 SILICA SAND

2 X 50 LB BAGS

DEVELOPMENT: BAILED  PUMPED  AIR LIFT  SURGE  SWAB  NONE

TOTAL TIME: 30 MINUTES

TOTAL GALLONS: \_\_\_\_\_

WATER APPEARANCE: START SILTY

FINISH CLEAR

**WELL COMPLETION LOG**

LOCATION: MR. FREDENHAGEN'S HOUSE

WORK ORDER # 4287

ADDRESS: 1291 TANGERINE DR. FRUIT COVE, FLORIDA

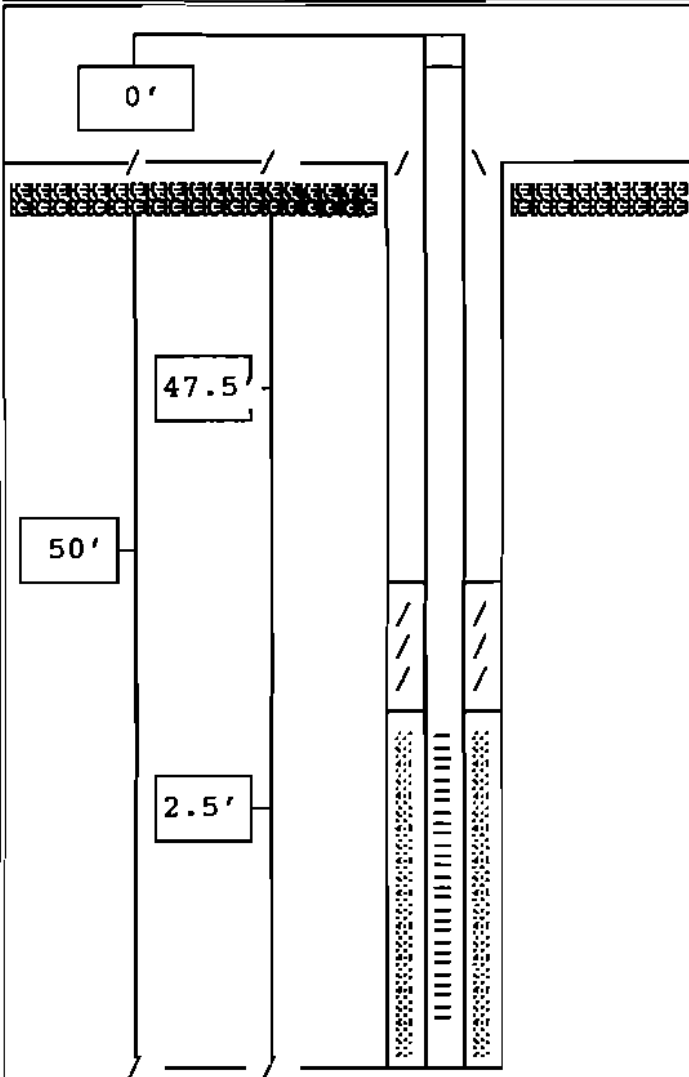
CLIENT: AYRES & ASSOCIATES

DATE

WELL NUMBER: DW-8

CONTACT: JENNIFER MCNEILLIE

INSTALLED BY: GEORGE LEEPER



X FLUSH MANHOLE

\_\_\_\_ ABOVE GRADE PROTECTOR

\_\_\_\_ NONE

GROUT 1 BAG

RISER - TYPE PVC

RISER - SIZE 2"

BENTONITE

FINE SAND X

SCREEN - TYPE PVC

SCREEN - SIZE 2" .010 SLOT

FILTER TYPE 20/30 SILICA SAND

2 X 50 LB BAGS

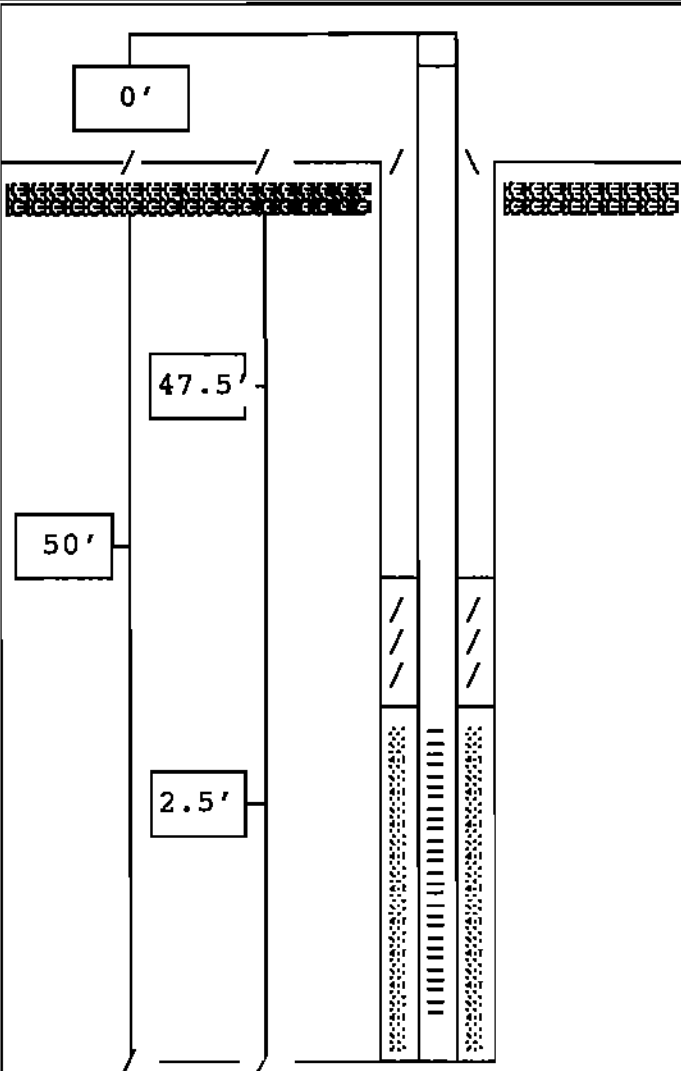
DEVELOPMENT: BAILED \_\_\_\_\_ PUMPED X AIR LIFT \_\_\_\_\_ SURGE \_\_\_\_\_ SWAB \_\_\_\_\_ NONE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL TIME: 30 MINUTES TOTAL GALLONS: \_\_\_\_\_

WATER APPEARANCE: START SILTY FINISH CLEAR

**WELL COMPLETION LOG**

LOCATION: MR. FREDENHAGEN'S HOUSE WORK ORDER # 4287  
 ADDRESS: 1291 TANGERINE DR. FRUIT COVE, FLORIDA  
 CLIENT: AYRES & ASSOCIATES DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
 WELL NUMBER: DW-10 CONTACT: JENNIFER MCNEILLIE  
 INSTALLED BY: GEORGE LEEPER



X FLUSH MANHOLE  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ABOVE GRADE PROTECTOR  
 \_\_\_\_\_ NONE  
 \_\_\_\_\_

GROUT 1 BAG

RISER - TYPE PVC  
 \_\_\_\_\_

RISER - SIZE 2"  
 \_\_\_\_\_

BENTONITE \_\_\_\_\_

FINE SAND X  
 \_\_\_\_\_

SCREEN - TYPE PVC  
 \_\_\_\_\_

SCREEN - SIZE 2" .010 SLOT  
 \_\_\_\_\_

FILTER TYPE 20/30 SILICA SAND  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 X 50 LB BAGS

DEVELOPMENT: BAILED \_\_\_\_\_ PUMPED X AIR LIFT \_\_\_\_\_ SURGE \_\_\_\_\_ SWAB \_\_\_\_\_ NONE \_\_\_\_\_  
 TOTAL TIME: 30 MINUTES TOTAL GALLONS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 WATER APPEARANCE: START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_

**WELL COMPLETION LOG**

LOCATION: MR. FREDENHAGEN'S HOUSE

WORK ORDER # 4287

ADDRESS: 1291 TANGERINE DR. FRUIT COVE, FLORIDA

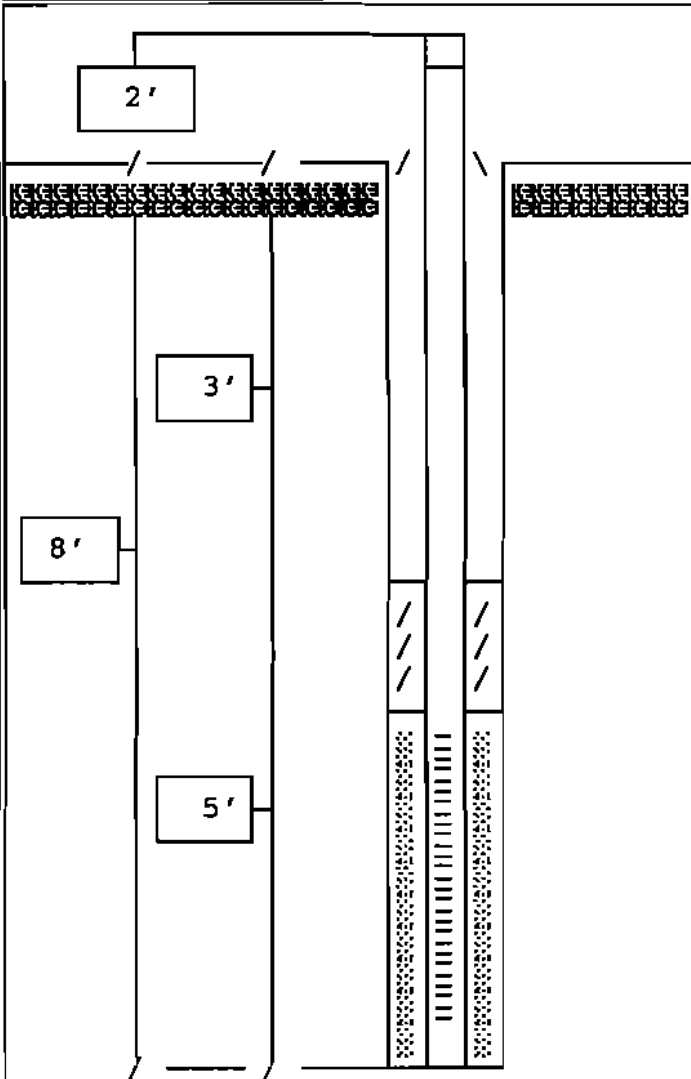
CLIENT: AYRES & ASSOCIATES

DATE

WELL NUMBER: SW-7

CONTACT: JENNIFER MCNEILLIE

INSTALLED BY: GEORGE LEEPER



FLUSH MANHOLE

ABOVE GRADE PROTECTOR

NONE

GROUT 1/2 BAG

RISER - TYPE PVC

RISER - SIZE 2"

BENTONITE

FINE SAND

SCREEN - TYPE PVC

SCREEN - SIZE 2" .010 SLOT

FILTER TYPE 20/30 SILICA SAND

4 X 50 LB BAGS

DEVELOPMENT: BAILED  PUMPED  AIR LIFT  SURGE  SWAB  NONE

TOTAL TIME: 15 MINUTES TOTAL GALLONS:

WATER APPEARANCE: START CLOUDY FINISH CLEAR

**WELL COMPLETION LOG**

LOCATION: MR. FREDENHAGEN'S HOUSE

WORK ORDER # 4287

ADDRESS: 1291 TANGERINE DR. FRUIT COVE, FLORIDA

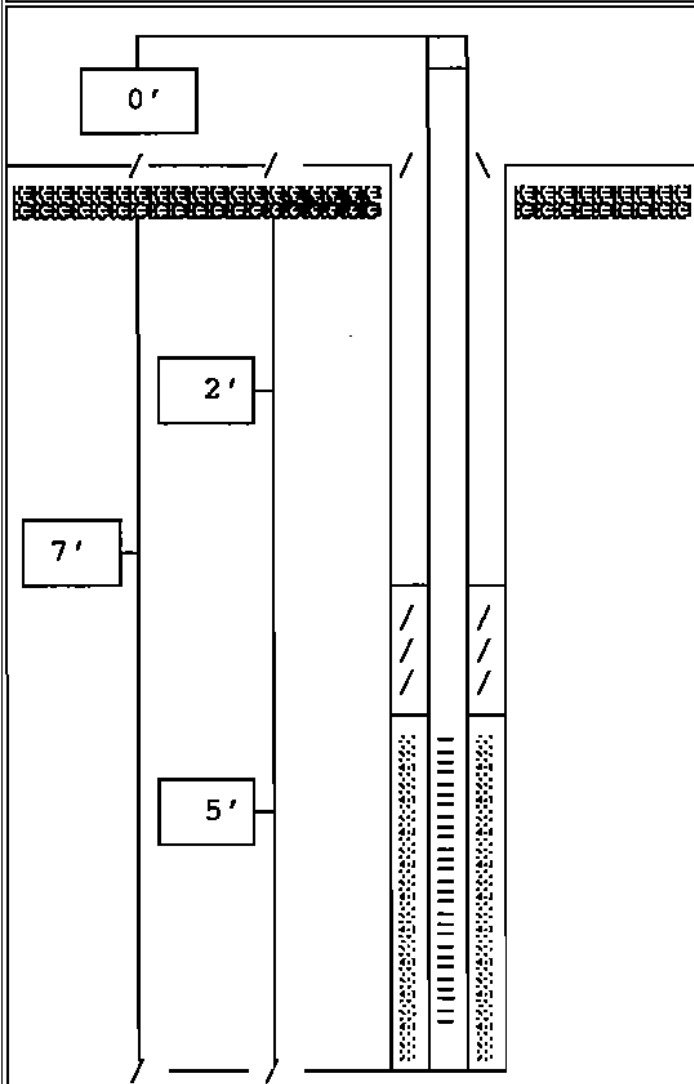
CLIENT: AYRES & ASSOCIATES

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

WELL NUMBER: SW-9

CONTACT: JENNIFER MCNEILLIE

INSTALLED BY: GEORGE LEEPER



X FLUSH MANHOLE  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ABOVE GRADE PROTECTOR  
 \_\_\_\_\_ NONE  
 \_\_\_\_\_

GROUT 1/2 BAG  
 \_\_\_\_\_

RISER - TYPE PVC  
 \_\_\_\_\_

RISER - SIZE 2"  
 \_\_\_\_\_

BENTONITE X  
 \_\_\_\_\_

FINE SAND  
 \_\_\_\_\_

SCREEN - TYPE PVC  
 \_\_\_\_\_

SCREEN - SIZE 2" .010 SLOT  
 \_\_\_\_\_

FILTER TYPE 20/30 SILICA SAND  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 X 50 LB BAGS  
 \_\_\_\_\_

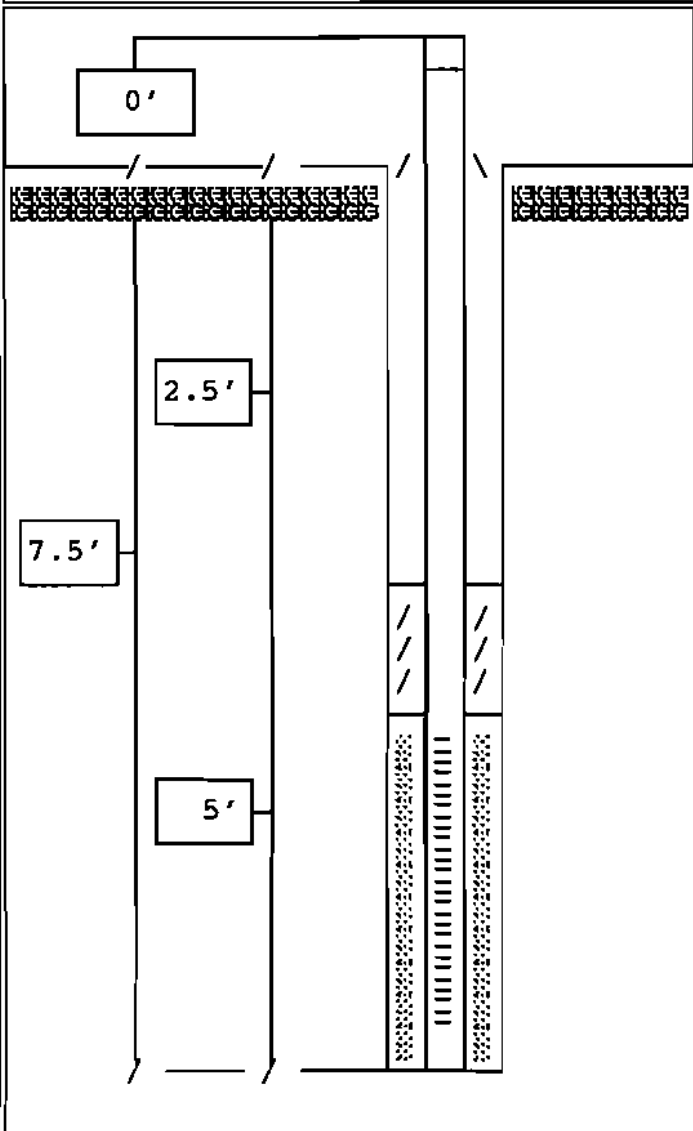
DEVELOPMENT: BAILED \_\_\_\_\_ PUMPED X AIR LIFT \_\_\_\_\_ SURGE \_\_\_\_\_ SWAB \_\_\_\_\_ NONE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL TIME: 15 MINUTES TOTAL GALLONS: \_\_\_\_\_

WATER APPEARANCE: START SILTY FINISH CLEAR

WELL COMPLETION LOG

LOCATION: MR. FREDENHAGEN'S HOUSE WORK ORDER # 4287  
 ADDRESS: 1291 TANGERINE DR. FRUIT COVE, FL  
 CLIENT: AYRES & ASSOCIATES DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
 WELL NUMBER: SW-11 CONTACT: JENNIFER MCNEILEE  
 INSTALLED BY: GEORGE LEEPER



FLUSH MANHOLE  
 ABOVE GRADE PROTECTOR  
 NONE  
 GROUT 1/2 BAG  
 RISER - TYPE PVC  
 RISER - SIZE 2"  
 BENTONITE X  
 FINE SAND \_\_\_\_\_  
 SCREEN - TYPE PVC  
 SCREEN - SIZE 2" .010 SLOT  
 FILTER TYPE 20/30 SILICA SAND  
4 X 50 LB. BAGS

DEVELOPMENT: BAILED \_\_\_\_\_ PUMPED  AIR LIFT \_\_\_\_\_ SURGE \_\_\_\_\_ SWAB \_\_\_\_\_ NONE \_\_\_\_\_  
 TOTAL TIME: 15 MINUTES TOTAL GALLONS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 WATER APPEARANCE: START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH CLEAR

**APPENDIX C**  
**SOIL BORING LOGS**

DEPTH IN FEET		WELL COMPLETION SUMMARY		STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT)		UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS) SYMBOL		LITHOLOGY		MONITORING WELL NO.: DW-6	
										DATE COMPLETED: 11/23/92	
										DRILLING METHOD: Hollow-Stem Auger SAMPLE METHOD: Split-Spoon WELL MATERIAL: PVC SCREENED INTERVAL: 47.5-50.0 ft. BGS SCREEN SLOT SIZE: 0.01" STATIC WATER TABLE DEPTH: 3-4 ft. BGS MANHOLE TYPE: N/A	
										DESCRIPTION	
-1											
-2											
-3											
-4											
-5											
-6											
-7											
-8											
-9											
-10											
-11											
-12											
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-38											
-39											
-40											
-41											
-42											
-43											
-44											
-45											
-46											
-47											
-48											
-49											
-50											
*NOTE: One (1) Foot of Fine Sand Above Silica Sand Pack SP = Grain size determined by grain size analysis sp = Grain size visually determined											



GEOLOGIC WELL LOG DW-6  
 PRIVATE RESIDENCE  
 ST. JOHNS COUNTY,  
 FLORIDA

SCALE:  
 As Shown

DRAWN BY:  
 CGH

DATE:  
 4-7-93

PROJECT No.:  
 4155.00

DEPTH IN FEET	WELL COMPLETION SUMMARY	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT)	UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS) SYMBOL	LITHOLOGY	MONITORING WELL NO.: SW-7	
					DATE COMPLETED: 11/23/92 DRILLING METHOD: Hollow-Stem Auger SAMPLE METHOD: Auger Cuttings WELL MATERIAL: PVC SCREENED INTERVAL: 3.0-8.0 ft. BGS SCREEN SLOT SIZE: 0.01" STATIC WATER TABLE DEPTH: 3-4 ft. BGS MANHOLE TYPE: N/A	DRILLING CO.: Groundwater Protection CEOLOGIST: J. McNeillie
						DESCRIPTION
0						
-1 to -3.5			sp	Very Dark Gray (10YR 3/1) Fine-Grained Quartz Sand		
-3.5 to -8			sp	Light Gray (10YR 7/1) Fine-Grained Quartz Sand		
-8 to -20						
					SP = Grain size determined by grain size analysis sp = Grain size visually determined	
		GEOLOGIC WELL LOG SW-7 PRIVATE RESIDENCE ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA			SCALE: As Shown	DRAWN BY: CGH
					DATE: 4-7-93	PROJECT No.: 4155.00

# MONITORING WELL NO.: DW-8

DATE COMPLETED: 11/24/92  
 DRILLING METHOD: Hollow-Stem Auger  
 SAMPLE METHOD: Auger Cuttings  
 WELL MATERIAL: PVC  
 SCREENED INTERVAL: 47.5-50.0 ft. BGS  
 SCREEN SLOT SIZE: 0.01"  
 STATIC WATER TABLE DEPTH: 2-3 ft. BGS  
 MANHOLE TYPE: Flush Mounted

DRILLING CO.: Groundwater Protection  
 GEOLOGIST: J. McNeillie

DEPTH IN FEET	WELL COMPLETION SUMMARY	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT)	UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS) SYMBOL	LITHOLOGY	
-2-			SP/SM	[Stippled pattern]	Dark Gray Fine Grained Quartz Sand With Roots, Organic Material
-4-			SP	[Stippled pattern]	Light Gray to White Fine-Grained Quartz Sand With Some Gray Streaks of Clay
-18-			SP	[Stippled pattern]	Brown Fine-Grained Quartz Sand
-32-			SP	[Stippled pattern]	Light Gray to Light Brownish Gray Fine-Grained Quartz Sand
-44-			SP	[Stippled pattern]	Light Grayish Brown Sand With Dark Gray Slightly Silty Fine-Grained Quartz Sand
					*NOTE: One (1) Foot of Fine Sand Above Silica Sand SP = Grain size determined by grain size analysis sp = Grain size visually determined



GEOLOGIC WELL LOG DW-8  
 PRIVATE RESIDENCE  
 ST. JOHNS COUNTY,  
 FLORIDA

SCALE:  
As Shown

DRAWN BY:  
CGH

DATE:  
4-1-93

PROJECT No.:  
4155.00

DEPTH IN FEET	WELL COMPLETION SUMMARY	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT)	UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS) SYMBOL	LITHOLOGY	MONITORING WELL NO.: SW-9	
					DATE COMPLETED: 11/24/92 DRILLING METHOD: Hollow-Stem Auger SAMPLE METHOD: Auger Cuttings WELL MATERIAL: PVC SCREENED INTERVAL: 2.0-7.0 ft. BGS SCREEN SLOT SIZE: 0.01" STATIC WATER TABLE DEPTH: 2-3 ft. BGS MANHOLE TYPE: N/A	DRILLING CO.: Groundwater Protection GEOLOGIST: J. McNeillie
-1			sp	Dark Gray Fine-Grained Quartz Sand	DESCRIPTION	
-2			sp	Light Grayish Brown Fine-Grained Quartz Sand		
-3			sp	Gray Fine-Grained Quartz Sand		
-4						
-5						
-6						
-7						
-8						
-9						
-10						
-11						
-12						
-13						
-14						
-15						
-16						
-17						
-18						
-19						
-20						
					SP = Grain size determined by grain size analysis sp = Grain size visually determined	



GEOLOGIC WELL LOG SW-9  
 PRIVATE RESIDENCE  
 ST. JOHNS COUNTY,  
 FLORIDA

SCALE:  
As Shown

DRAWN BY:  
CGH

DATE:  
4-7-93

PROJECT No.:  
4155.00

# MONITORING WELL NO.: DW-10

DATE COMPLETED: 11/24/92  
 DRILLING METHOD: Hollow-Stem Auger  
 SAMPLE METHOD: Split-Spoon  
 WELL MATERIAL: PVC  
 SCREENED INTERVAL: 47.5-50.0 ft. BGS  
 SCREEN SLOT SIZE: 0.01"  
 STATIC WATER TABLE DEPTH: 3-4 ft. BGS  
 MANHOLE TYPE: N/A

DRILLING CO.: Groundwater Protection  
 GEOLGIST: J. McNeillie

DEPTH IN FEET	WELL COMPLETION SUMMARY	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT)	UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS) SYMBOL	LITHOLOGY	
-2			sp	Very Pale Brown (10YR 7/4) Fine-Grained Quartz Sand	
-4			SP	Very Loose Dark Brown Fine-Grained Quartz Sand	
-6		2/2 2/2			
-8					
-10		3/7 12/20	SP	Dense Light Gray (10YR 7/1) Fine-Grained Quartz Sand	
-12					
-14					
-16		7/16 16/16	SP	Dense Very Dark Brown (10YR 2/2) Fine-Grained Quartz Sand	
-18					
-20					
-22		3/10 13/20	sp	Dense Very Pale Brown (10YR 7/4) Fine-Grained Quartz Sand	
-24					
-26		2/5 10/12	sp	Medium Dense White Fine-Grained Quartz Sand Turning Gray At 26.5 Feet BGS.	
-28					
-30					
-32	6/13 18/25	SP	Dense Dark Gray Fine-Grained Quartz Sand		
-34					
-36					
-38	5/11 18/23				
-40					
-42					
-44					
-46					
-48	9/16 21/18				
-50	11/8 21/25				
<p>*NOTE: One (1) Foot of Fine Sand Above Silica Sand            SP = Grain size determined by grain size analysis            sp = Grain size visually determined</p>					



GEOLOGIC WELL LOG DW-10  
 PRIVATE RESIDENCE  
 ST. JOHNS COUNTY,  
 FLORIDA

SCALE:  
 As Shown

DRAWN BY:  
 CGH

DATE:  
 4-7-93

PROJECT No.:  
 4155.0D

DEPTH IN FEET		WELL COMPLETION SUMMARY		STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT)		UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS) SYMBOL		LITHOLOGY		MONITORING WELL NO.: SW-11	
										DATE COMPLETED: 11/24/92 DRILLING METHOD: Hollow-Stem Auger SAMPLE METHOD: Auger Cuttings WELL MATERIAL: PVC SCREENED INTERVAL: 2.5-7.5 ft. BCS SCREEN SLOT SIZE: D.01" STATIC WATER TABLE DEPTH: 3-4 ft. BCS MANHOLE TYPE: Flush Mounted	
-1						sp		Dark Gray Fine-Grained Quartz Sand			
-7						sp		Pale Brown Fine-Grained Quartz Sand			
-5						sp		Light Gray To White Fine-Grained Quartz Sand			
-8											
-9											
-10											
-11											
-12											
-13											
-14											
-15											
-16											
-17											
-18											
-19											
-20											
										SP = Grain size determined by grain size analysis sp = Grain size visually determined	

**AYRES**  
ASSOCIATES

GEOLOGIC WELL LOG SW-11  
PRIVATE RESIDENCE  
ST. JOHNS COUNTY,  
FLORIDA

SCALE:  
As Shown

DRAWN BY:  
CGH

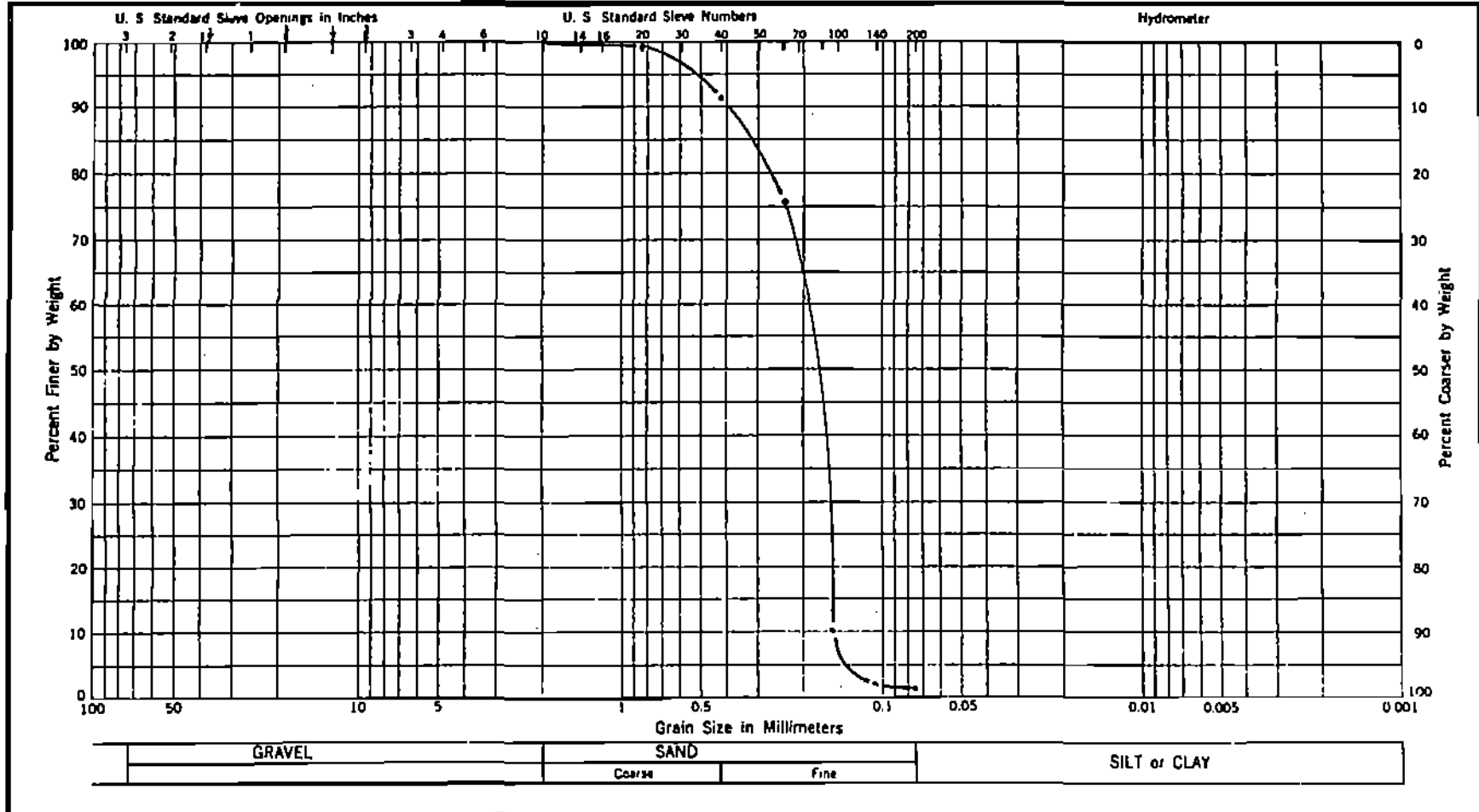
DATE:  
4-7-93

PROJECT No.:  
4155.00

**APPENDIX D**

**GRAINSIZE DATA SUMMARY  
GRAINSIZE DISTRIBUTION CURVES**

**DRIGGERS ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC.**  
 Clearwater, Florida



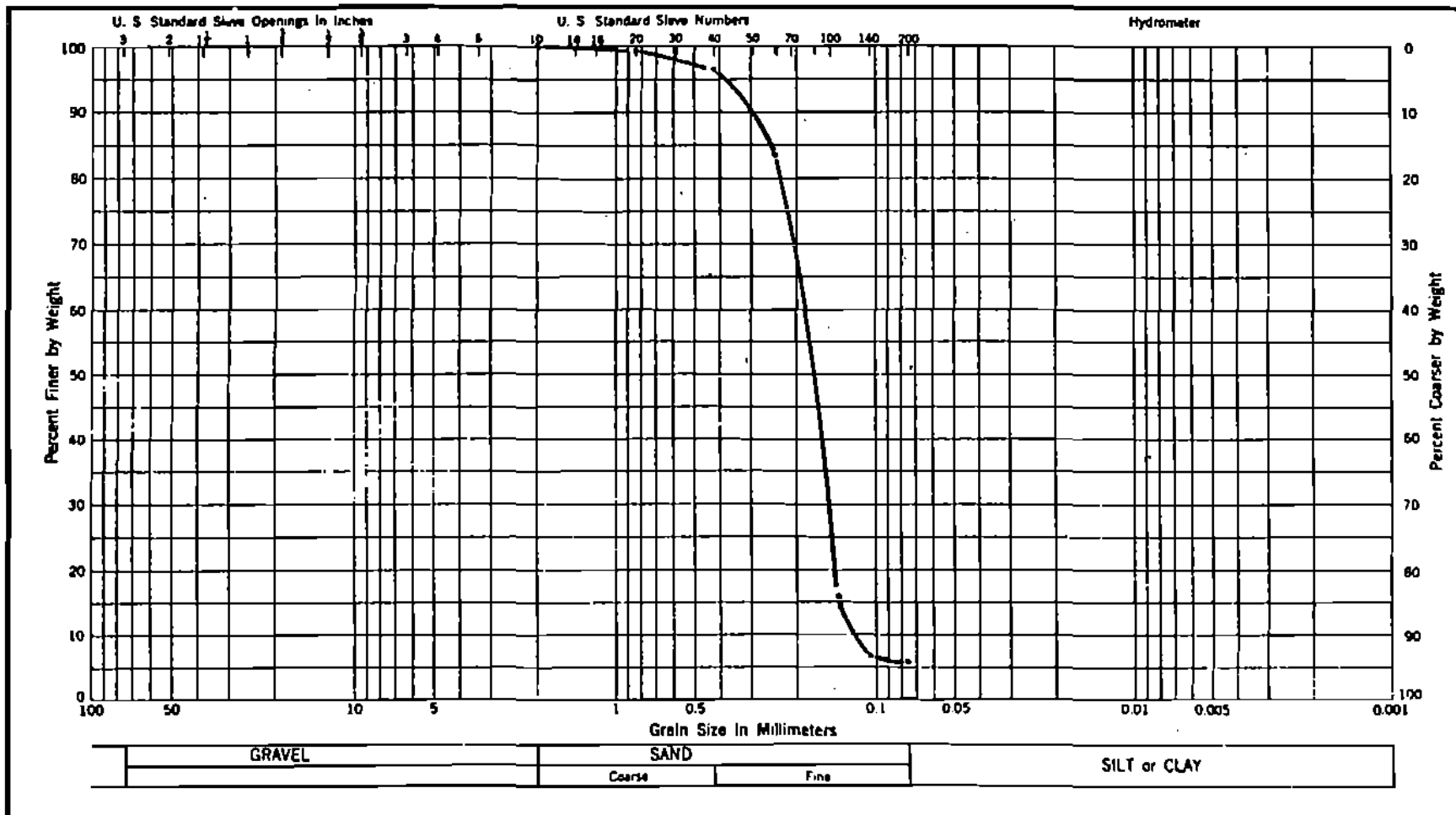
Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Classification
DW-10	30' - 32'		N/O	N/P		Gray and brown Fine SAND
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 1.5%

FILE: L933057      REPORT: 1

PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns

CLIENT: Ayres Associates

**DRIGGERS ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC.**  
**Clearwater, Florida**



Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	L L	P. L	P. I.	Classification
DW-10	50' - 52'		N/O	N/P		Gray and brown slightly silty Fine SAND (SP-SM)
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 5.6%

FILE: L933057

REPORT: 1

PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns

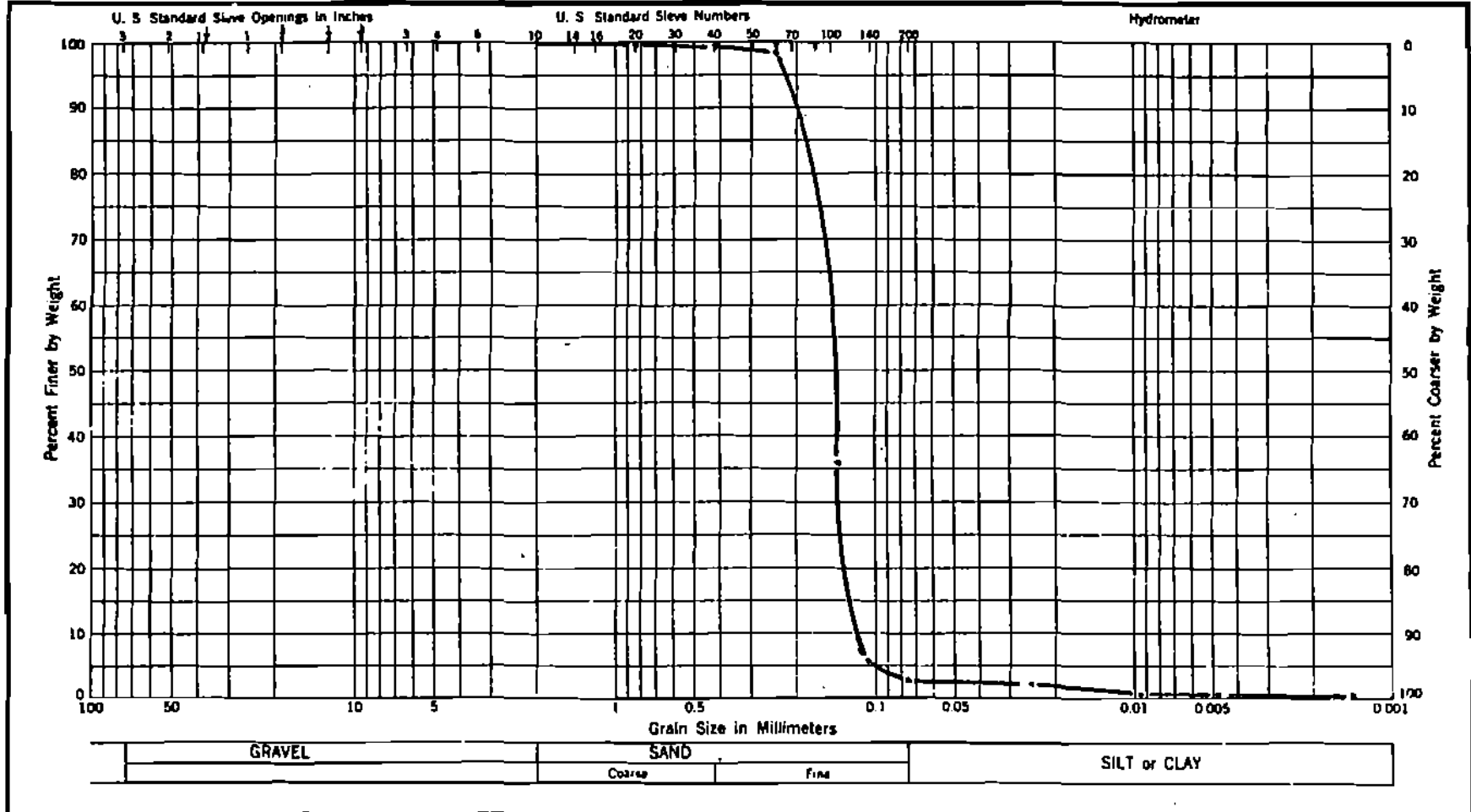
CLIENT: Ayres Associates

GRAINSIZE DATA SUMMARY

<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Depth (FT.)</u>	<u>Visual Description</u>	<u>Unified Classification</u>	<u>Percent Passing 200 Sieve</u>
DW-6	4- 6'	Gray Fine SAND	SP	2.8%*
DW-6	14-16'	Gray Fine SAND	SP	2.7%
DW-6	27'	Gray and brown Fine SAND	SP	5.0%
DW-6	36-38'	Gray and brown Fine SAND	SP	3.8%
DW-6	48-50'	Gray Fine SAND	SP	4.6%
DW-8	3- 4'	Dark gray Fine SAND with trace of finely divided organic material	SP-SM	6.0%*
DW-8	10-12'	Grayish brown Fine SAND	SP	1.0%
DW-8	25-27'	Brown Fine SAND	SP	1.4%
DW-8	48-50'	Gray and brown Fine SAND	SP	1.1%
DW-10	3- 4'	Dark brown Fine SAND	SP	4.2%*
DW-10	10-12'	Tan Fine SAND	SP	0.9%
DW-10	15-17'	Dark brown Fine SAND	SP	3.0%
DW-10	30-32'	Gray and brown Fine SAND	SP	1.5%
DW-10	50-52'	Gray and brown slighty silty Fine SAND	SPSM	5.6%

\* Hydrometer Test Performed.

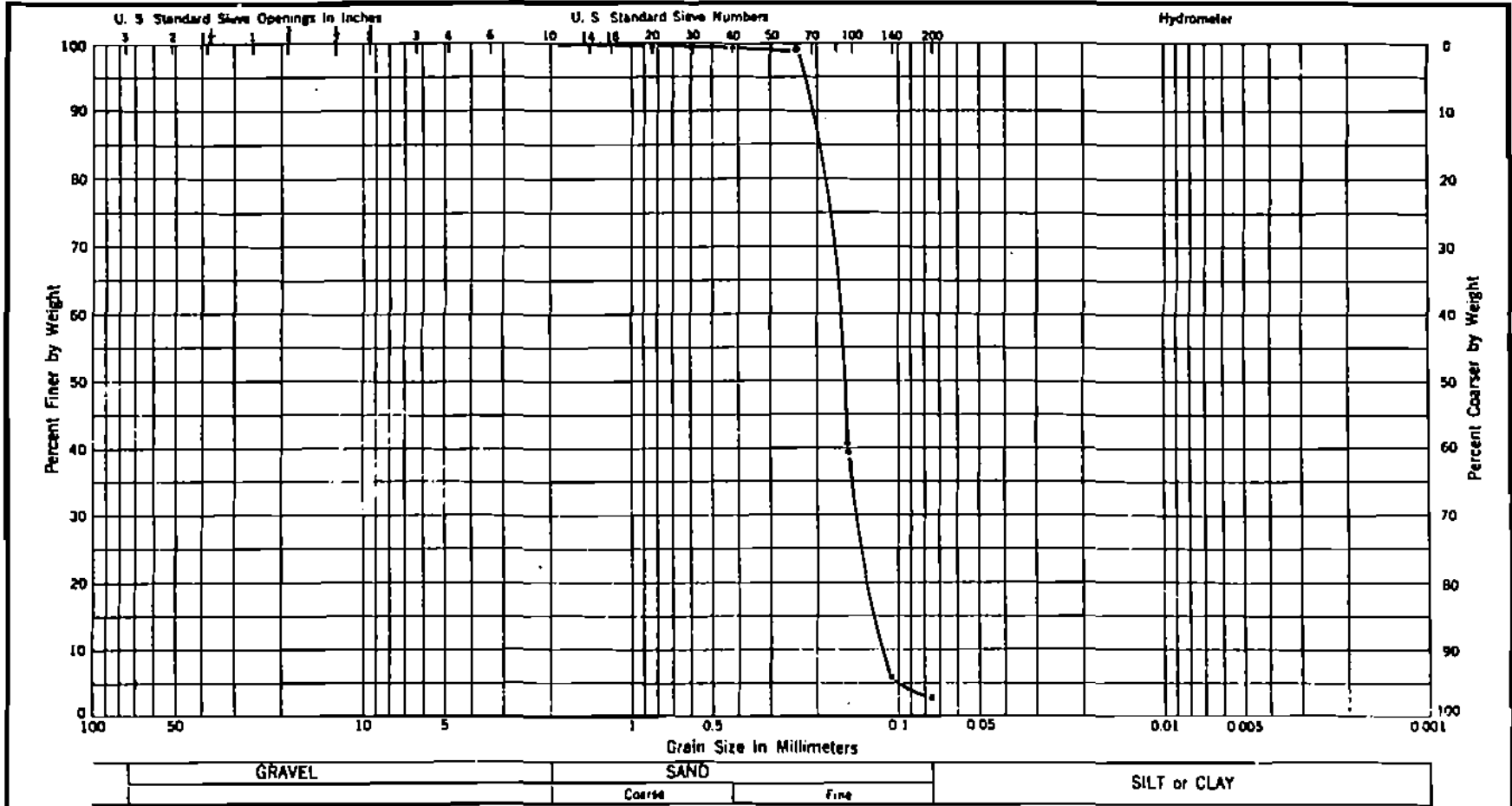
**DRIGGERS ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC.**  
 Clearwater, Florida



Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	LL	P.L.	P.I.	Classification
DW-6	4' - 6'		N/O	N/P		Gray Fine SAND (SP)
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 2.8%

FILE: L933057      REPORT: 1  
 PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns  
 CLIENT: Ayres Associates

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**Clearwater, Florida**



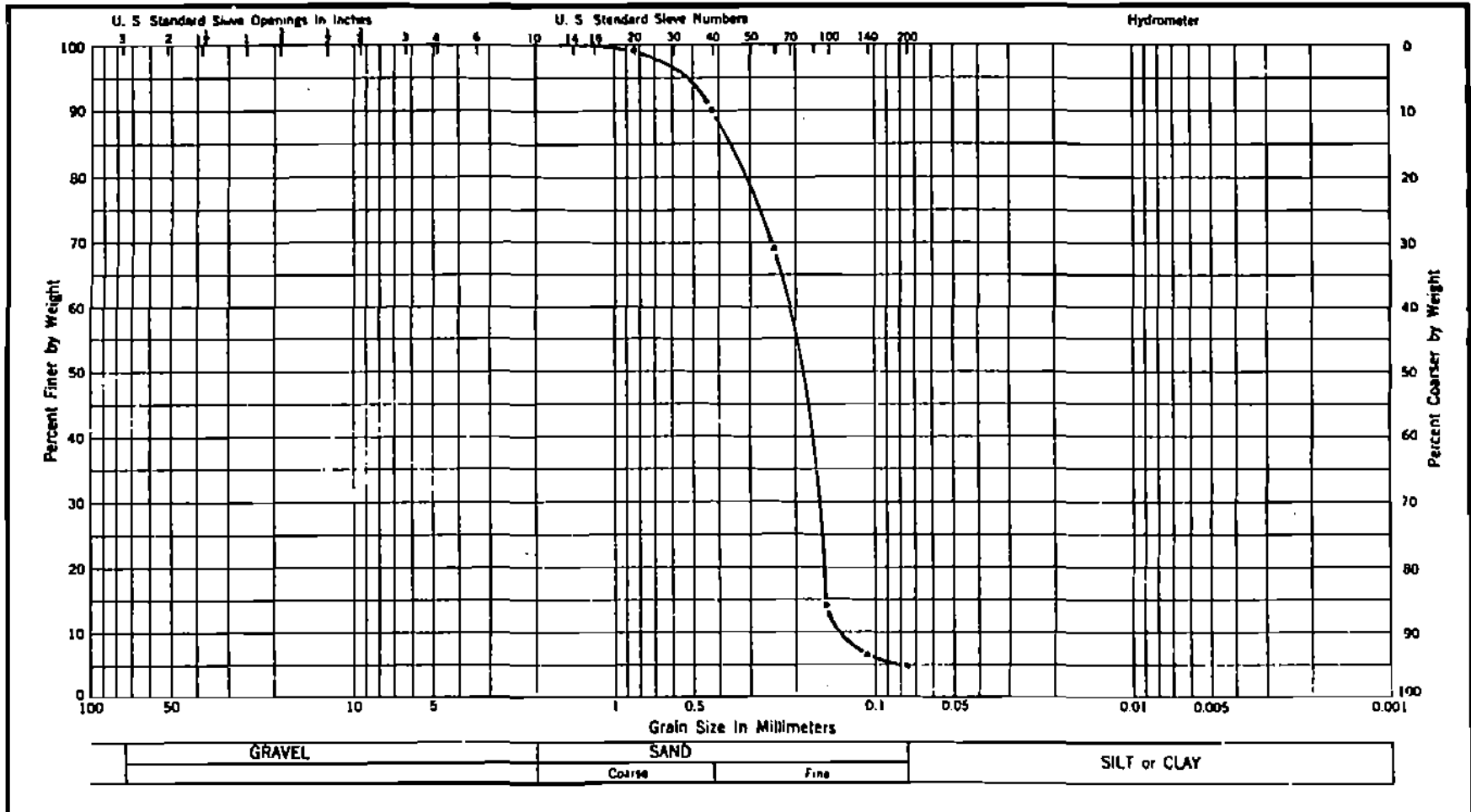
Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Classification
DW-6	14' - 16'		N/O	N/P		Gray Fine SAND (SP)
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 2.7%

FILE: L933057      REPORT: 1

PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns

CLIENT: Ayres Associates

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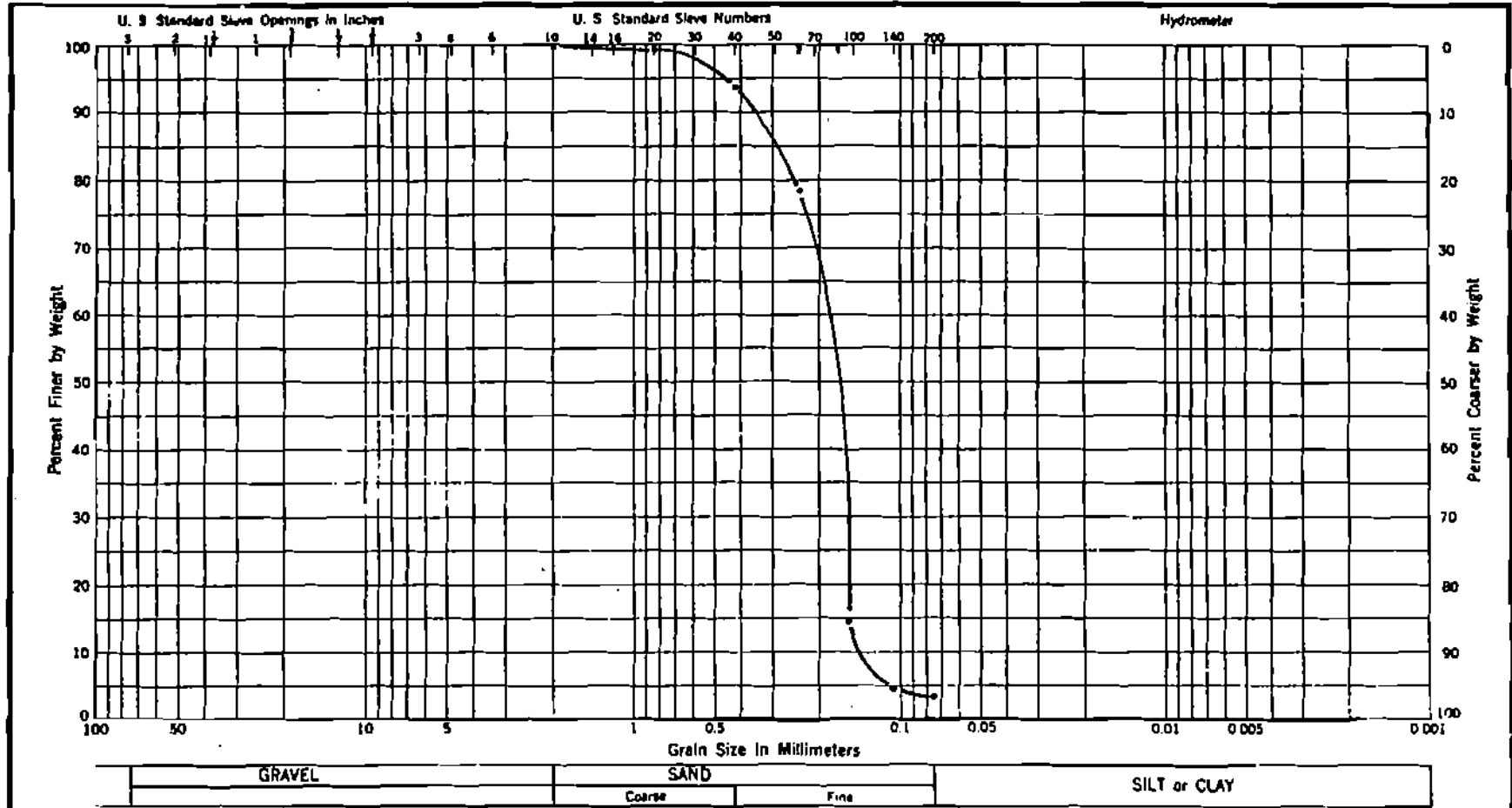
Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	L L	P. L	P. I.	Classification
DW-6	27'		N/O	N/P		Gray and brown Fine SAND (SP)
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 5.0%

FILE: L933057      REPORT: 1

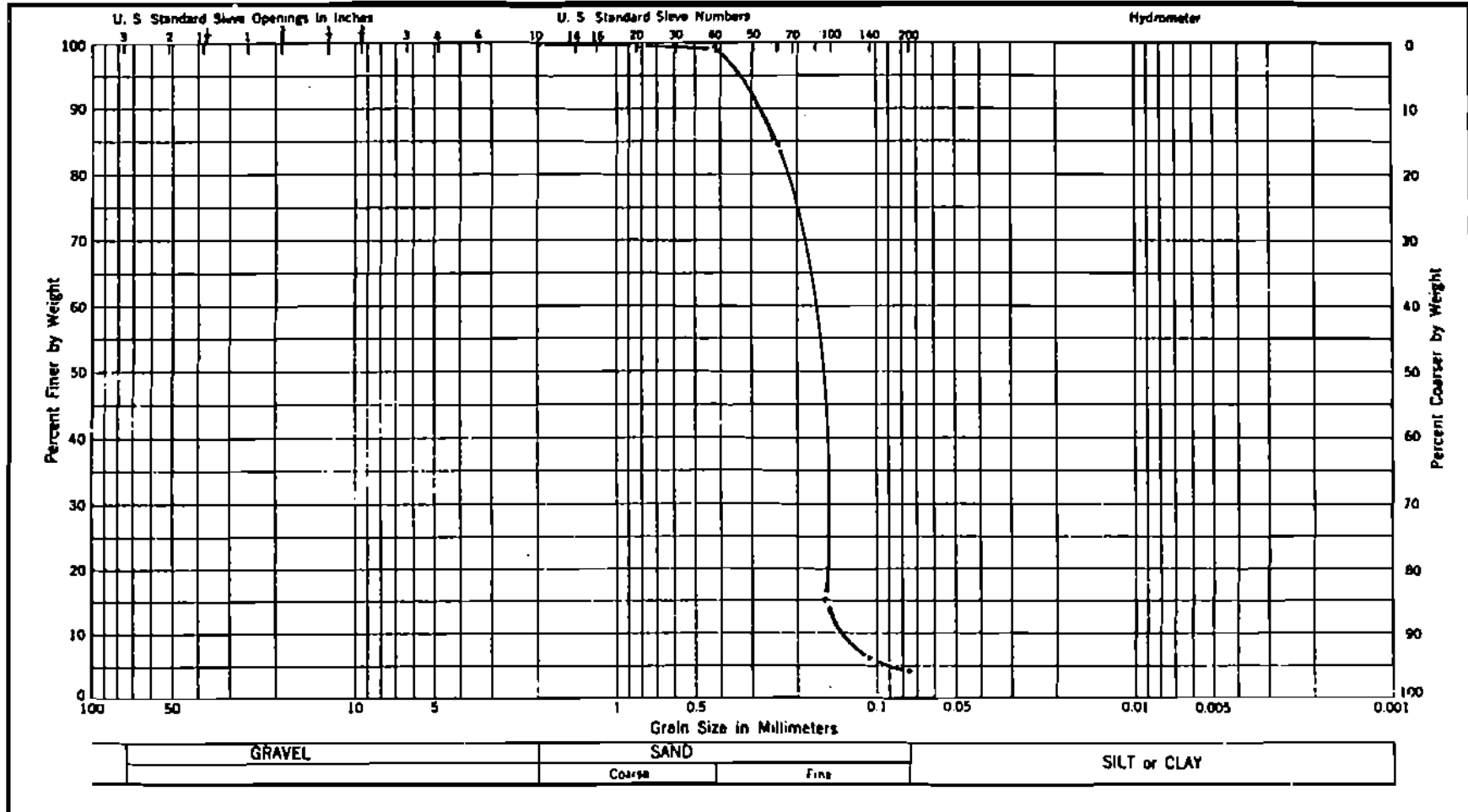
PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns

CLIENT: Ayres Associates

**DRIGGERS ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC.**  
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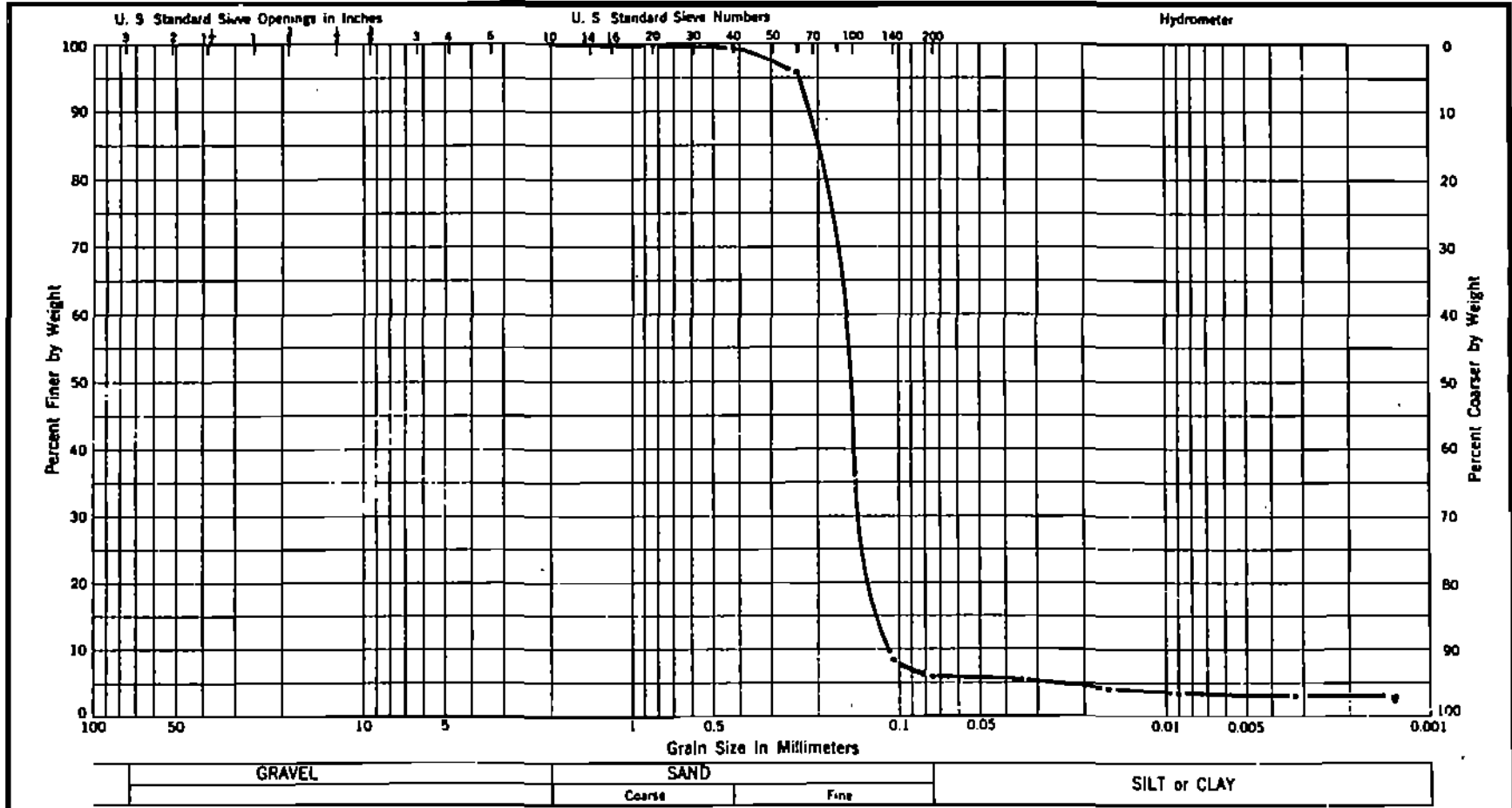


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Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	LL	P.L	P.I.	Classification	FILE: L933057	REPORT: 1
DW-6	48' - 50'		N/O	N/P		Gray Fine SAND (SP)	PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns	
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 4.6%	CLIENT: Ayres Associates	

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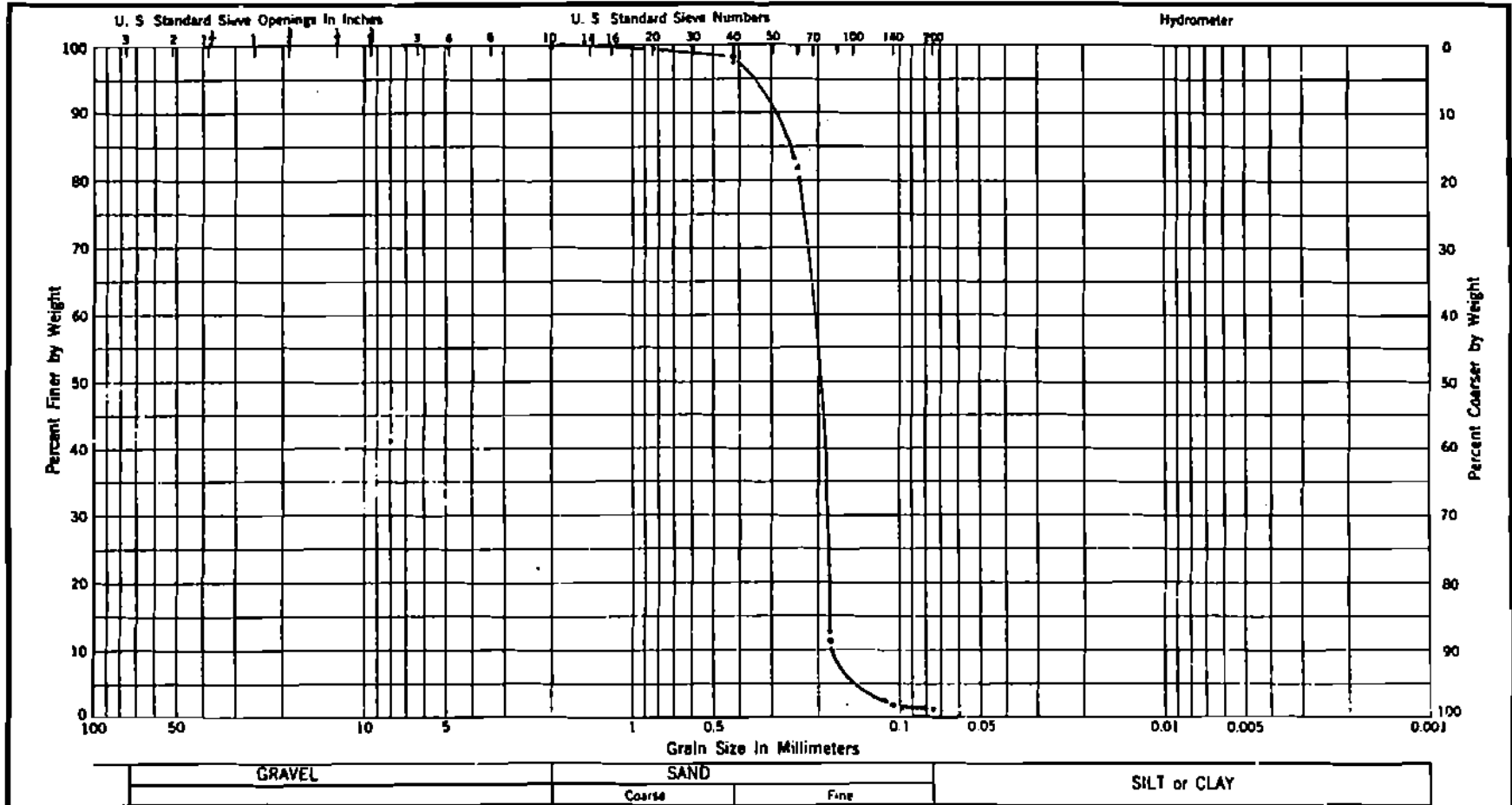


Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Classification
DW-8	3' - 4'		N/O	N/P		Dark gray Fine SAND with trace of finely divided organic material (SP-SM)

FILE: L933057      REPORT: 1  
 PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns  
 CLIENT: Avres Associates

% Passing -200 Sieve = 6.0%

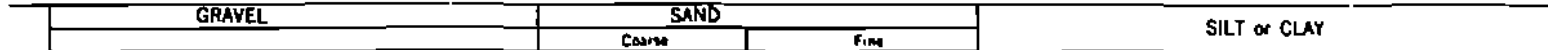
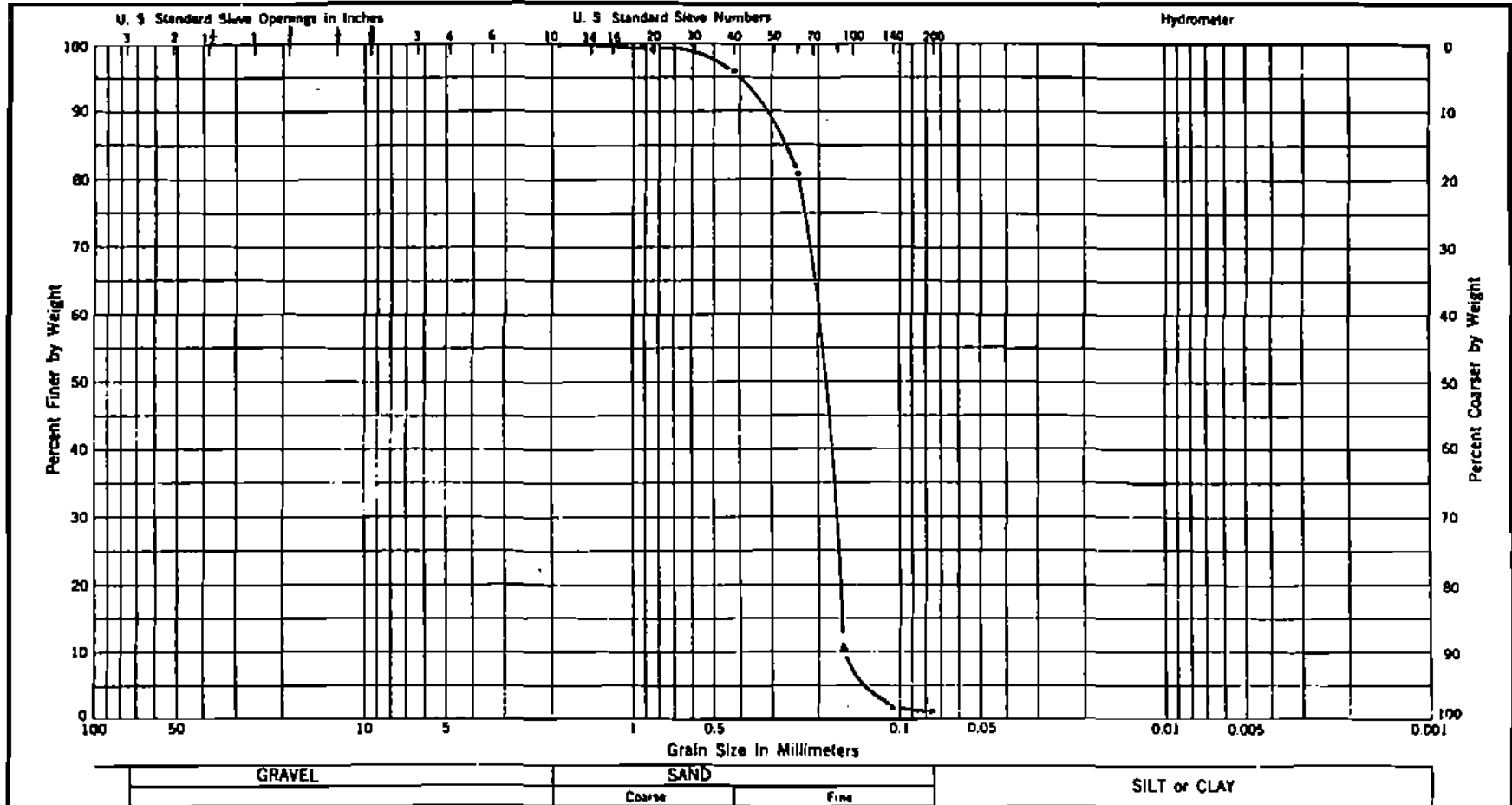
**DRIGGERS ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC.**  
Clearwater, Florida



Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Classification
DW-8	10' - 12'		N/O	N/P		Grayish brown Fine SAND (SP)
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 1.0%

FILE: L933057      REPORT: 1  
 PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns  
 CLIENT: Ayres Associates

**DRIGGERS ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC.**  
**Clearwater, Florida**



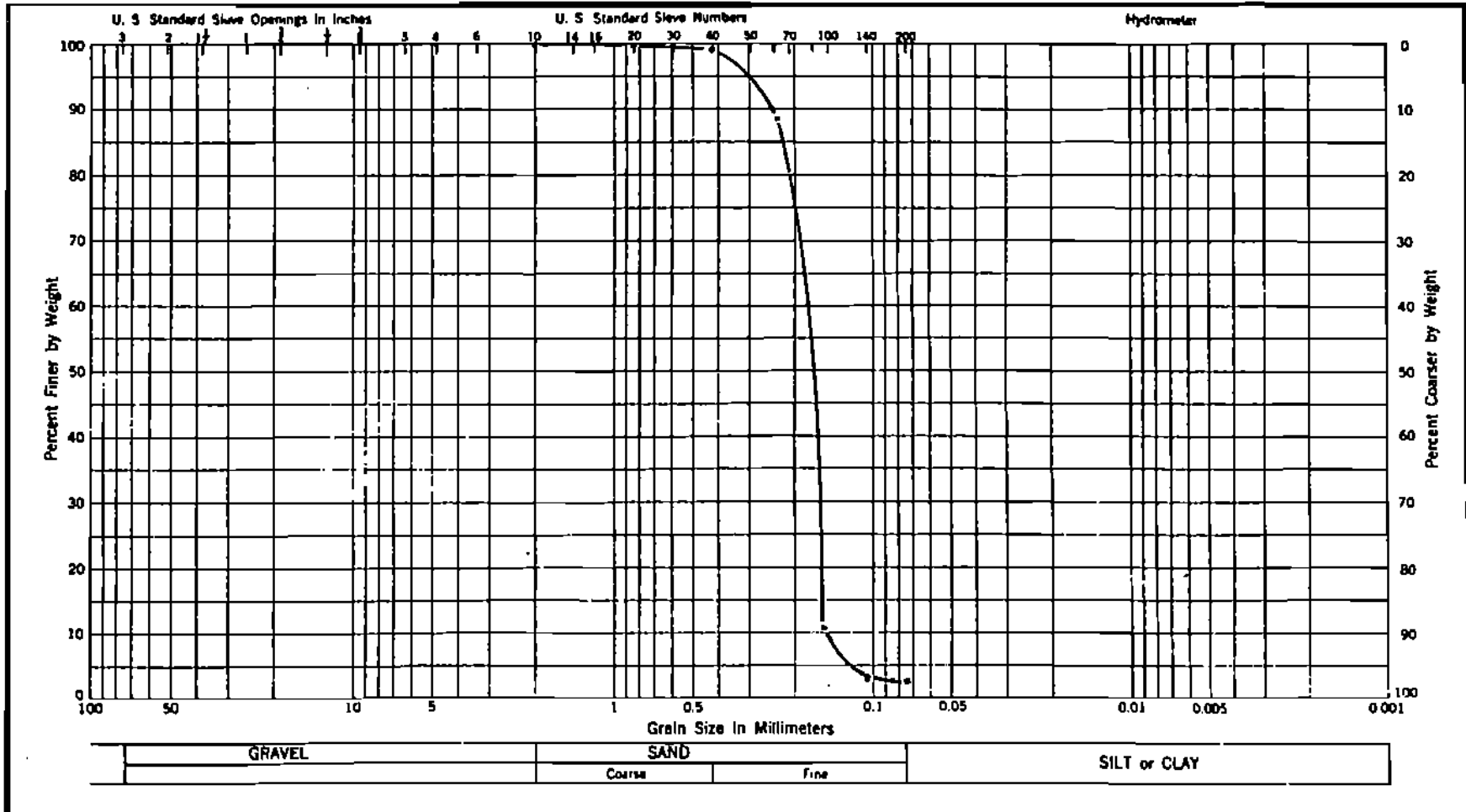
Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Classification
DW-8	25' - 27'		N/O	N/P		Brown Fine SAND (SP)
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 1.4%

FILE: L933057      REPORT: 1  
 PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns  
 CLIENT: Ayres Associates





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**Clearwater, Florida**



Number	Depth	Natural Moisture	L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Classification	FILE: L933057	REPORT: 1
DW-10	15' - 17'		N/O	N/P		Dark brown Fine SAND (SP)	PROJECT: SDA - St. Johns	
						% Passing -200 Sieve = 3.0%	CLIENT: Ayres Associates	

**APPENDIX E**

**STE AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

# SOUTHERN ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLOSMAR, FLORIDA 34677

813-855-1844

Ayres Associates  
RSE Group  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

November 20, 1992  
Project No. 04914  
Page 1 of 4

NOTE: SEPTIC TANK WAS BACKED UP AND SEPTIC TANK PAPERES WERE SUBMERGED AT THE TIME

## LABORATORY REPORT

RECEIVED

NOV 23 1992

AYRES ASSOCIATES

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 01 - Water, STE-22, sampled 11/5/92, 1200

**Date Received:** 11/6/92

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(01) STE-22</u>	<u>Laboratory Blank</u>
BOD (5 Day @ 20°C)	mg/l	204	< 1
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	74	< 1
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	424	< 10
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	73	0.05
Total Nitrogen	mg/l N	73	0.05
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	17	< 0.01
Chloride	mg/l	58	< 1
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	48	< 0.05
Sulfate	mg/l	6	< 2
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	76	< 1
Oil and Grease	mg/l	40	< 2
Total Coliforms	Counts/100ml	30,000,000	< 1
Fecal Coliforms	Counts/100ml	16,000,000	< 1
Fecal Streptococci	Counts/100ml	230	< 1
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	1,100	1.0



Francis I. Daniels  
Laboratory Director

# SOUTHERN ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FLORIDA 34677

813-855-1844

Ayres Associates  
RSE Group  
3901 Coconut Palm Drive  
Sabal Industrial Park - Suite 100  
Tampa, Florida 33619

February 5, 1993  
Project No. 05078  
Page 1 of 13

## LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County  
**Sample Description:** 01 - Water, STE, sampled 1/7/93, 1230  
**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(01) STE</u>	<u>Method Blank</u>
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	1,200	0.9
Chloride	mg/l	61	< 1
Sulfate	mg/l	3	< 2
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	24	< 0.05
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	472	10
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	38	< 1
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.01	< 0.01
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/l N	78	< 0.05
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	16	< 0.01
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	89	< 1
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	6,600,000	< 1
Fecal Streptococci	Cts/100ml	470	< 1
BOD (5-Day @ 2°C)	mg/l	208	< 1
Oil & Grease	mg/l	34	< 2
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	75	< 0.01
Total Nitrogen	mg/l N	78	< 0.05



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Tampa, Florida 33619

February 5, 1993  
Project No. 05078  
Page 2 of 13

LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 02 - Water, TW1-6, sampled 1/7/93, 1000  
03 - Water, TW1-12, sampled 1/7/93, 0950  
04 - Water, TW1-20, sampled 1/7/93, 0940

**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(02) TW1-6</u>	<u>(03) TW1-12</u>	<u>(04) TW1-20</u>
Chloride	mg/l	61	13	44
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	5.7	< 0.05	< 0.05
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	380	118	322
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	48	0.14	0.01
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	2.1
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	14	0.02	0.05
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	26	4.5	1.5
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	200	< 10	< 2



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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County  
**Sample Description:** 05 - Water, TW2-6, sampled 1/7/93, 1030  
06 - Water, TW2-12, sampled 1/7/93, 1020  
07 - Water, TW2-20, sampled 1/7/93, 1010  
**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(05) TW2-6</u>	<u>(06) TW2-12</u>	<u>(07) TW2-20</u>
Chloride	mg/l	51	14	40
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.40	< 0.05	< 0.05
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	330	124	320
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	19	0.08	< 0.01
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	2.9
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	13	0.02	0.15
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	17	3.5	1.9
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	< 1	< 1	< 1

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 08 - Water, TW3-6, sampled 1/7/93, 0930  
09 - Water, TW3-12, sampled 1/7/93, 0920  
10 - Water, TW3-20, sampled 1/7/93, 0910

**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(08) TW3-6</u>	<u>(09) TW3-12</u>	<u>(10) TW3-20</u>
Chloride	mg/l	59	41	41
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.37	0.06	0.07
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	440	126	304
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	14	0.04	0.02
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	23	< 0.01	2.4
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	5.6	0.26	0.02
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	5.6	4.0	1.7
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	< 2	< 1	< 1

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 11 - Water, TW4-6, sampled 1/7/93, 0820  
12 - Water, TW4-12, sampled 1/7/93, 0810  
13 - Water, TW4-20, sampled 1/7/93, 0800

**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(11)</u> <u>TW4-6</u>	<u>(12)</u> <u>TW4-12</u>	<u>(13)</u> <u>TW4-20</u>
Chloride	mg/l	65	13	43
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	5.5	< 0.05	< 0.05
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	420	124	316
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	26	0.03	0.01
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	2.6
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	5.2	0.10	0.02
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	17	2.8	1.5
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	< 1	< 1	< 1

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 14 - Water, TW5-6, sampled 1/7/93, 0850  
15 - Water, TW5-12, sampled 1/7/93, 0840  
16 - Water, TW5-20, sampled 1/7/93, 0830

**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(14)</u> <u>TW5-6</u>	<u>(15)</u> <u>TW5-12</u>	<u>(16)</u> <u>TW5-20</u>
Chloride	mg/l	55	16	35
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	4.7	< 0.05	< 0.05
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	354	136	264
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	4.5	0.01	0.08
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	12	0.10	0.02
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	15	3.5	3.2
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	< 1	< 1	< 1

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 17 - Water, TW6-6, sampled 1/7/93, 0750  
18 - Water, TW6-12, sampled 1/7/93, 0740  
19 - Water, TW6-20, sampled 1/7/93, 0730

**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(17)</u> <u>TW6-6</u>	<u>(18)</u> <u>TW6-12</u>	<u>(19)</u> <u>TW6-20</u>
Chloride	mg/l	88	13	43
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.83	< 0.05	< 0.05
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	324	134	332
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	37	0.04	< 0.01
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	2.7
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	8.4	0.08	0.03
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	13	3.6	1.7
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	< 1	< 1	< 2



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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 20 - Water, TW7-6, sampled 1/6/93, 1640  
21 - Water, TW7-20, sampled 1/6/93, 1630  
22 - Water, TW8-6, sampled 1/6/93, 1650  
23 - Water, TW8-20, sampled 1/6/93, 1700

**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(20)</u> <u>TW7-6</u>	<u>(21)</u> <u>TW7-20</u>	<u>(22)</u> <u>TW8-6</u>	<u>(23)</u> <u>TW8-20</u>
Chloride	mg/l	83	43	24	42
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.72	< 0.05	0.14	< 0.05
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	360	336	158	316
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	29	0.02	19	0.03
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	2.9	< 0.01	2.3
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	5.2	0.02	3.5	0.02
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	22	1.7	19	1.5
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	< 2	< 1	< 10	< 1



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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 24 - Water, TW9-6, sampled 1/6/93, 1720  
25 - Water, TW9-20, sampled 1/6/93, 1710  
26 - Water, TW10-6, sampled 1/7/93, 0900  
27 - Water, TW11-6, sampled 1/7/93, 1045  
28 - Water, TW12-6, sampled 1/7/93, 1135

**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(24)</u> <u>TW9-6</u>	<u>(25)</u> <u>TW9-20</u>	<u>(26)</u> <u>TW10-6</u>	<u>(27)</u> <u>TW11-6</u>	<u>(28)</u> <u>TW12-6</u>
Chloride	mg/l	76	43	53	13	69
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	0.96	< 0.05	3.3	< 0.05	0.12
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	378	320	374	138	338
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	22	0.03	8.3	0.64	12
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.08	2.8	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	12	0.06	9.6	0.82	0.33
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	7.4	1.9	14	2.5	4.3
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1

  
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February 5, 1993  
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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

**Sample Description:** 29 - Water, BW1-5, sampled 1/6/93, 1615  
30 - Water, BW1-10, sampled 1/6/93, 1600  
31 - Water, BW1-15, sampled 1/6/93, 1610  
32 - Water, SW7, sampled 1/6/93, 1545  
33 - Water, W5, sampled 1/7/93, 1210

**Date Received:** 1/7/93

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>(29)</u> <u>BW1-5</u>	<u>(30)</u> <u>BW1-10</u>	<u>(31)</u> <u>BW1-15</u>	<u>(32)</u> <u>SW7</u>	<u>(33)</u> <u>W5</u>
Chloride	mg/l	13	31	27	15	49
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/l	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	0.31
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	56	66	190	248	362
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l N	0.15	0.10	0.10	0.79	3.0
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l N	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	19
Total Phosphorus	mg/l P	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.04	5.2
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	4.3	3.8	1.3	32	7.7
Fecal Coliforms	Cts/100ml	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 10	6

  
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February 5, 1993  
 Project No. 05078  
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LABORATORY REPORT

Project Description: Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>Analysis Date</u>
Specific Conductance	EPA 120.1	0.1 umhos/cm	1/26/93
Chloride	EPA 325.2	1 mg/l	1/20/93
Sulfate	EPA 375.4	2 mg/l	1/28/93
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	SM 512 B	0.05 mg/l	1/8/93
Total Dissolved Solids	EPA 160.1	10 mg/l	1/12/93
Total Suspended Solids	EPA 160.2	1 mg/l	1/12/93
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	EPA 353.2	0.01 mg/l N	2/3/93
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	EPA 351.2	0.05 mg/l N	1/14/93
Total Phosphorus	EPA 365.2	0.01 mg/l P	1/19/93
Total Organic Carbon	EPA 415.1	1 mg/l	1/28/93
Fecal Coliforms	SM 909 C	1 Ct/100mls	1/7/93
Fecal Streptococci	SM 910 B	1 Ct/100mls	1/7/93
BOD	SM 507	1 mg/l	1/8/93
Oil and Grease	EPA 413.1	2 mg/l	2/2/93
Ammonia Nitrogen	EPA 350.1	0.01 mg/l N	1/14/93 (01-20, M/B) 1/20/93 (21-33)
Total Nitrogen	Calc.	0.05 mg/l N	2/3/93

  
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February 5, 1993  
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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SOA, St. Johns County  
**QC Description:** Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate Recoveries

Parameter	Sample No. Spiked	Accuracy	Precision	QC Control Limits	
		Mean & R	RPD	Accuracy	Precision
Specific Conductance Chloride	IS01474(1/26)	102	0	90-118	0-1
	05078-02	89	1	92-109	0-3
	05078-16	100	2	92-109	0-3
	05078-30	99	1	92-109	0-3
Sulfate	05091-11	103	1	78-127	0-7
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	05078-03	97	6	74-132	0-22
	05078-15	99	6	74-132	0-22
	05078-23	101	18	74-132	0-22
Total Dissolved Solids	05078-03	99	3	81-116	0-11
	05078-19	101	3	81-116	0-11
	05078-28	94	3	81-116	0-11
Total Suspended Solids	05070-01	91	1	87-104	0-12
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen	05078-02	100	2	81-132	0-14
	05078-11	99	1	81-132	0-14
	05078-24	97	0	81-132	0-14
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	05065-10	83	1	79-119	0-18
Total Phosphorus	05078-10	94	0	81-122	0-14
	05078-19	98	8	81-122	0-14
	05078-31	87	2	81-122	0-14
Total Organic Carbon	05078-10	97	2	82-117	0-7
	05078-20	90	1	82-117	0-7
	05078-30	94	1	82-117	0-7
Fecal Coliforms	05078-01	--	33	--	0-82
	Pos.Control(1/7)	--	29	--	0-82
Fecal Streptococci	05078-01	--	43	--	0-60
BOD	05078-01	--	5	--	0-21
	IS01820(1/8)	90	15	70-113	0-21
Oil and Grease	RS/RSD(2/2)	100	3	79-114	0-21
Ammonia Nitrogen	05078-06	103	1	83-123	0-3
	05078-16	100	1	83-123	0-3
	05078-25	117	2	83-123	0-3

  
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LABORATORY REPORT

**Project Description:** Ayres Project No. 4155.00 - SDA, St. Johns County  
**QC Description:** Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate Recoveries

**Note:** Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicates are routinely analyzed concurrently with samples, in all methods, to assess the accuracy and precision of the techniques being carried out. Two of three aliquots of at least one sample in the set being processed are spiked with known equal concentrations of actual method analytes. These duplicate spiked aliquots are subjected to the analytical method in the same manner as the samples themselves.

Recovery of the spikes is determined by comparison of analyte concentrations in the two spiked aliquots to the analyte concentration in the unspiked sample aliquot. Accuracy is reported as percent of the analyte recovered versus the original concentration spiked (Percent Recovery), averaged for the duplicate spikes. Precision is reported as Relative Percent Difference between the duplicate spike measurements.

Quality Control results published for each method are representative of the sample set in which these project samples were included. The actual sample spiked is indicated. Each matrix type (water and/or soil) in a set is spiked at least once. A minimum of 10% of all samples are routinely spiked.



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Francis I. Daniels  
Laboratory Director